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AND

CLINICAL INVESTIGATION ACTIVITY

MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

(AWU)

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INTRODUCTION: This report prese	nts the recalibration and expansion
of the outpatient portion of the thre Recalibration was necessary for four	reasons: (1) the most recently
available Medical Expense and Perform	ance Reporting System (MEPRS) data
could be used; (2) factors could be d	
<pre>included; (3) present and projected c could be incorporated to better align</pre>	
and (4) an ambulatory workload measur	
more compatible with the diagnosis re	
work unit currently under development tri-service MEPRS data were used for	
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ITEM 19 (Continued):

RESULTS: The methodology used resulted in an ambulatory workload credit system, renamed the Ambulatory Work Unit (AWU), which was better aligned with the method by which clinics were actually funded. demonstrated high stability over time. For those individual subaccount weights which did demonstrate instability an appropriate procedure was used to adjust for this instability. Subaccount AWU weights indicated that the AWU demonstrated substantial variance in interval scale This same variance was demonstrated by the range of relative resource intensity of facility ambulatory output. The AWU provided substantially greater credit to ambulatory care than either the two digit HCU or the three digit HCU. The increased emphasis on ambulatory care was a result of four factors: (1) modifications in the weight derivation methodology; (2) use of total ambulatory visits rather than only outpatient visits; (3) reallocation of inpatient visit non-clinician costs to ambulatory clinics; and (4) a conservative decision tree. Diagnosis related group based inpatient case complexity was used as an outside criterion for the examination of the validity of the AWU by examining the predictive relationships between DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity in matched medical specialties. The relationship between DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity was positive, strong, and statistically significant for all three service branches separately and when combined into an overall Military Health Service System (MHSS) equation. Regression analysis indicated that two separate predictive relationships were present for medical and surgical specialties. Expanding the model to account for specialty markedly increased the strength of the positive relationship.

RECOMMENDATIONS: The AWU is a resource intensity sensitive weighted ambulatory index compatible with inpatient DRG weighting and can be implemented concomitantly with DRG inpatient weights. Further, the AWU would require relatively little funding. The following recommendations are made:

- a. Implement the AWU 1 October 1988, as the weighted classification of ambulatory workload within MHSS.
- b. Mandate use of the AWU wherever workload exhibits are submitted, to include but not limited to MEPRS reports and financial displays.
- c. Require that the AWU be the ambulatory workload measurement used in conjunction with the DRG based inpatient work unit in the resource allocation systems developed by the service branches in response to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987.
- Initiate a study to identify and enumerate appropriate ambulatory surgery procedures for eventual inclusion in the workload system.
- e. Establish uniform criteria for the reporting of data in clinic subaccounts. Implement procedures to require the approval of subaccounts for reporting workload prior to allowing workload to be reported.
- f. Request that the three service branches petition for specific exceptions for unusually expensive programs and develop adjustment factors to provide explicit added credit for these unique mission responsibilities
- g. A minimum of one year of data should be accumulated prior to deriving a computed AWU weight for any new subaccount.
 - h. Evaluate the AWU for recalibration prior to Fiscal Year 1990.
- i. Following initial evaluation of weight stability, evaluation of scale stability should be conducted every other year.

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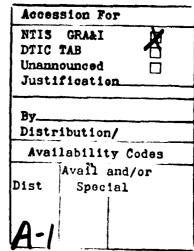
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GLOSSARY

ASD(HA) - Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs)

CC - Complication or Comorbidity

CCI - Case Complexity Index

CWU - Composite Work Unit

DoD - Department of Defense

DRG - Diagnosis Related Group

EAS - Expense Assignment System

FY - Fiscal Year

HCFA - Health Care Financing Administration

HCU - Health Care Unit

ICD-9 - International Classification of Disease, 9th Revision

ICD-9-CM - International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision with Clinical Modification

ICPM - International Classification of Procedures in Medicine

ICU - Intensive Care Unit

IPDS - Army Individual Patient Data System.

MEPRS - Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System

MTF - Medical Treatment Facility

MHSS - Military Health Service System

NEC - Not Elsewhere Classified

PRIMUS - Primary Medical Care for the Uniformed Services

RII - Resource Intensity Index

SAS - Statistical Assignment Statistic

TPMWG - Tri-Service Performance Measurement Working Group

UCA - Uniform Chart of Accounts

SUMMARY

This report presents the recalibration and expansion of the outpatient portion of the three digit Health Care Unit (HCU).

Recalibration was necessary for four reasons: (1) the most recently available Medical Expense and Performance Reporting

System (MEPRS) data could be used; (2) factors could be derived for subaccounts previously not included; (3) present and projected changes in MEPRS stepdown methodology could be incorporated to better align factors with actual funding methods; and (4) an ambulatory workload measure would result which would be even more compatible with the diagnosis related group (DRG) based inpatient work unit currently under development. Fiscal Year 1984, 1985, and 1986 tri-service MEPRS data were used in the analysis.

The methodology used in this report resulted in an ambulatory workload credit system better aligned with the method by which clinics are funded through the appropriation process. Recalibration and expansion also resulted in an ambulatory workload index that significantly differs from ambulatory workload measures to date, including the outpatient component of the current HCU. To clearly differentiate this measure from previous indices it has been renamed the Military Health Service System (MHSS) Ambulatory Work Unit (AWU). A complete listing of AWU weights is included in Table i, immediately following this report summary.

As a scale, the AWU demonstrated high stability over time. For those individual subaccount weights which did demonstrate instability over time an appropriate procedure was used to adjust for this instability. Subaccount ambulatory location parameter costs and the AWU weights that were derived from these costs indicated that the AWU demonstrated substantial variance in interval scale measurement. This same variance was demonstrated by the range of relative resource intensity of facility ambulatory output. This range in facility output resource intensity exhibited by each branch of service demonstrated that the AWU discriminated in facility relative resource intensity of ambulatory output. This discrimination of output was considered a necessary prerequisite for implementation.

The AWU provided substantially greater credit to ambulatory care than either the two digit HCU or the outpatient three digit HCU. The increased ambulatory emphasis of the AWU relative to inpatient care was a result of four factors; (1) modifications in the weight derivation methodology, (2) use of total ambulatory visits in the calculation of AWUs rather than only outpatient visits, (3) reallocation of inpatient visit non-clinician costs to ambulatory clinics prior to calculation of AWU factors, and (4) a conservative decision tree in the calculation of AWU factors.

Diagnosis related group (DRG) case complexity was used as an outside criterion for the examination of the validity of the AWU.

Case complexity based on DRGs was used as the criterion for two (1) DRG case complexity was a much more developed workload measurement system; and (2) Congress mandated that DRGs be used to measure inpatient productivity in MHSS hospitals. validity of the AWU as a measurement instrument was evaluated by examining the predictive relationships between DRG based inpatient case complexity and AWU based ambulatory resource intensity in matched medical specialties. Analysis demonstrated that the relationship between DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity was positive, strong, and statistically significant for all three service branches separately and when combined into an overall MHSS correlation. This relationship was verified by regression analysis. Regression analysis also indicated that two quantitatively separate, predictive relationships were present between DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity; one relationship for medical specialties and a second for surgical specialties. Expanding the model to account for specialty served to substantially increase the strength of the positive relationship between DkG case complexity and AWU resource intensity.

The AWU represents a resource intensity sensitive weighted ambulatory index compatible with inpatient care DRG weighting and can be implemented concomitantly with DRG inpatient weights.

Further the AWD would require relatively little funding to

implement due to its compatibility with existing data collection methods and reporting requirements.

In view of the findings of this report the following recommendations are made:

- a. Implement the AWU as the weighted classification of ambulatory workload within MHSS. Make implementation of the AWU effective 1 October 1988.
- b. Mandate use of the AWU wherever workload exhibits are submitted, to include but not limited to MEPRS performance reports and financial displays.
- c. Require that the AWU be the ambulatory workload measurement used in conjunction with the DRG based inpatient work unit in the resource allocation systems developed by the service branches in response to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987.
- d. Initiate a study to identify and enumerate appropriate ambulatory surgery procedures for eventual inclusion to the workload system consisting of AWU ambulatory measurement and DRG based inpatient measurement.
- e. Establish uniform criteria for the reporting of data in clinic subaccounts. Implement procedures to require the approval of subaccounts for reporting workload prior to allowing workload to be reported. Disallow workload reported in unapproved subaccounts.

- f. Request that the three service branches petition for specific exceptions for unusually expensive programs and develop unique adjustment factors to provide explicit added credit for these unique mission responsibilities.
- g. A minimum of one fiscal year of data should be accumulated prior to deriving a computed AWU weight for any new subaccount. Two years of data would be preferred.
- h. Two fiscal years of data are required to recalibrate the AWU. To coincide with budgetary data submission timetables, an evaluation of weight stability should be conducted first quarter FY 1989, to determine if the AWU requires recalibration prior to FY 1990.
- i. Following initial evaluation of weight stability in first quarter FY 1989, evaluation of scale stability should be conducted every other year. It is anticipated that this frequency of scale evaluation could be modified as historical data are accumulated.

TABLE i

MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM

AWU WEIGHTS

MEDICAL CLINIC SUBACCOUNTS

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CODE	SUBACCOUNT	AWU
	WORK CENTER	WEIGHT
BAA	INTERNAL MEDICINE	.0395
BAB	ALLERGY	.0083
BAC	CARDIOLOGY	.0364
BAE	DIABETIC	.0267
BAF	ENDOCRINOLOGY (METAB)	.0399
BAG	GASTROENTEROLOGY	.0338
BAH	HEMATOLOGY	.0455
BAI	HYPERTENSION	.0232
BAJ	NEPHROLOGY	.0629
BAK	NEUROLOGY	.0364
BAL	NUTRITION	.0127
BAM	ONCOLOGY	.0466
BAN	PULMONARY DISEASE	.0410
BAO	RHEUMATOLOGY	.0343
BAP	DERMATOLOGY	.0216
BAQ	INFECTIOUS DISEASE	.0395
BAZ	MEDICAL CLINICS NEC	.0395

SURGICAL CLINIC SUBACCOUNTS

SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AWU WEIGHT
GENERAL SURGERY	.0345
CARDIOVASCULAR AND	.0377
THORACIC SURGERY	
NEUROSURGERY	.0583
OPHTHALMOLOGY	.0276
ORGAN TRANSPLANT	.0723
OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY	.0305
PLASTIC SURGERY	.0406
PROCTOLOGY	.0234
UROLOGY	.0397
PEDIATRIC SURGERY	.0496
SURGICAL CLINICS NEC	.0345
	WORK CENTER GENERAL SURGERY CARDIOVASCULAR AND THORACIC SURGERY NEUROSURGERY OPHTHALMOLOGY ORGAN TRANSPLANT OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY PLASTIC SURGERY PROCTOLOGY UROLOGY PEDIATRIC SURGERY

TABLE i (CONT'D) MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM AWU WEIGHTS

OBSTETRICAL/GYNECOLOGICAL CLINIC SUBACCOUNTS

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AWU WEIGHT
BCA BCB BCC	FAMILY PLANNING GYNECOLOGY OBSTETRICS	.0249 .0236 .0260
	PEDIATRIC CLINIC SUBACCOUNTS	
CODE	SUBACCOUNT	AWU
	WORK CENTER	WEIGHT
BDA	PEDIATRIC	.0200
BDB	ADOLESCENT	.0254
BDC	WELL BABY	.0156
BDZ	PEDIATRIC CARE NEC	.0200
	ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC SUBACCOUNTS	
CODE	SUBACCOUNT	AWU
	WORK CENTER	WEIGHT
BEA	ORTHOPEDIC	.0362
BEB	CAST	.0200
BEC	HAND SURGERY	.0232
BED	NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING	.0133
BEE	ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE	.0326
BEF	PODIATRY	.0211
PSYCHIA	TRIC/MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC SUBAC	COUNTS
CODE	SUBACCOUNT	AWU
	WORK CENTER	WEIGHT
BFA	PSYCHIATRY	.0346
BFB	PSYCHOLOGY	.0295
BFC	CHILD GUIDANCE	.0279
BFD	MENTAL HEALTH	.0332
BFE	SOCIAL WORK	.0213

TABLE i (CONT'D) MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM AWU WEIGHTS

PRIMARY MEDICAL CLINIC SUBACCOUNTS

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AWU WEIGHT
BHA BHB BHC BHD BHE	PRIMARY CARE MEDICAL EXAMINATION OPTOMETRY AUDIOLOGY SPEECH PATHOLOGY	.0263 .0326 .0163 .0150
BHG	PRIMUS	.0263

TWO DIGIT AMBULATORY CLINIC ACCOUNTS

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AWU WEIGHT
BG	FAMILY PRACTICE	.0268
BI	EMERGENCY MEDICAL	.0335
BJ	FLIGHT MEDICINE	.0286
BK	UNDERSEAS MEDICINE	.0304

DENTAL CARE ACCOUNTS

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AWU WEIGHT
CA	DENTAL SERVICES	.0063
CB	TYPE 2 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY	.0017
cc	TYPE 3 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY	.0023

SPECIAL PROGRAMS CLINIC ACCOUNTS*

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AWU WEIGHT
FAB	TYPE 1 DENTAL	.0021
FAE	PROSTHETIC LABORATORY ALCOHOL AND DRUG	.0332
	ABUSE/REHABILITATION PROGRAM	
FBA	COMMUNITY HEALTH	.0389
FBG	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	.0255

*Notes: Planned MEPRS changes will result in shifts in certain ambulatory subaccounts: FBA - Community Health to BHF - Community

Health; FAE - Alcohol and Drug/Rehabilitation Program to BFF - Substance Abuse; and FBG - Occupational Health to BHG - Occupational Health. In these cases the identified weight would also transfer. In FY 1988, ambulatory clinics are scheduled to include BHH - PRIMUS clinics and this subaccount has been assigned the weight for BHA - Primary Care until a compatible unique weight can be developed.

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The United States Army Health Care Studies and Clinical Investigation Activity provided personnel and equipment resources necessary for the completion of this study. The Office of The Surgeon General, United States Air Force, provided personnel resources necessary for study completion. The Fort Detrick Data Processing Center provided exemplary software and hardware support to the Tri-Service Performance Measurement Working Group thoughout the study period.

This study required the participation of personnel from the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs), Office of The Surgeon General of each of the three service branches, as well as numerous field operating agencies. Without the interest and cooperation of these various offices this study could not have been completed.

MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

a. <u>Background</u>. On 28 June 1985, in response to recommendations made by the Blue Ribbon Panel on Sizing Department of Defense Medical Treatment Facilities, the Secretary of Defense approved the Health Care Unit (HCU) as the standard for workload measurement in the Military Health Service System (MHSS). On 24 July 1985, the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) [ASD(HA)] implemented the HCU as an interim measure until a more refined measure could be developed. As a result, the HCU has been made a performance measure in the budget submissions of the Office of Secretary of Defense and Office of the Pre ident. To this end the Medical/Dental Workload Exhibit, OP-13, in the revised Department of Defense (DoD) Budget Guidance Manual also directs use of the HCU.

Health Care Unit production by a facility represents a weighted sum of workload derived from dispositions, bed days, and ambulatory outpatient visits. These weights represent relative resource intensity using total distributed cost as the measure of intensity. Weighting was accomplished by utilizing total facility production costs to partition this workload into weighted product categories.

Work first began on the HCU as a possible replacement to the Composite Work Unit (CWU) in 1980 (Hodson, et al., cited in Vector, 1983). The CWU had previously been used as the primary measure of hospital output. In 1983, the HCU was further refined using Fiscal Year (FY) 1980, 1981, and 1982 Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCA) data [UCA has since been renamed the Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System (MEPRS)]. The HCU implemented at the time of this study was based on MEPRS two digit summary account cost data. Use of a summary account level classification resulted in six inpatient, 11 outpatient, and two dental workload cost categories. Although HCU weights were developed for dental accounts, dental HCUs were not being used for productivity measurement. Following determination of summary account production costs, these costs were divided by an overall average cost per disposition. Division by an average disposition cost normalized these costs such that the average inpatient disposition was weighted 1.0 HCUs. Similarly, an outpatient visit weighted by an outpatient HCU weight could be interpreted as a proportion of an average disposition. Thus, inpatient and out atient workload could be added into an overall output measure.

The Tri-Service Performance Measurement Working Group

(TPMWG) was established by ASD(HA) in October 1985 to develop

productivity measures which would promote more efficient and

cost-effective quality medical care. One recommendation made by

the TPMWG was an immediate modification of the HCU from the MEPRS two digit summary account to the three digit subaccount work center level. On 1 November 1986, the Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System Three Digit Health Care Unit Part 1 - Study Report, and Part 2 - Study Report Appendices, was published (Optenberg and Coventry, 1986). Using FY 1984 triservice MEPRS data this report expanded the two digit HCU to the three digit level and evaluated the three digit HCU as a potential replacement to the two digit HCU. In evaluating the three digit HCU as a potential replacement to the two digit HCU, the report authors reached several conclusions in regard to the three digit HCU. These conclusions included the following:

(1) Inpatient as well as outpatient care three digit HCU weights demonstrated substantial variation from their respective two digit weights that would make the three digit HCU more sensitive to shifts in patient case complexity than the two digit HCU.

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- (2) The three digit inpatient HCU would provide much greater credit to intensive care (ICU) workload and less credit to non-ICU medical, surgical, and pediatric care as well as psychiatric care.
- (3) The three digit HCU would provide substantially greater credit to outpatient care relative to inpatient care than the two digit HCU.

- (4) The three digit HCU would place substantially greater emphasis on the patient disposition relative to length of stay than two digit HCU.
- (5) The three digit HCU would provide substantially greater financial credit when patient hospital stay was shortened and shifted to the outpatient setting.

Although the results of the HCU analysis supported the replacement of the two digit HCU with the three digit HCU, the study authors recommended that the three digit HCU not replace the two digit HCU as currently designed due to recent congressional legislation. The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987 (National Defense, 1986) directed the Secretary of Defense to establish, by regulation, the use of diagnosis related groups (DRGs) as the primary criteria for allocation of inpatient resources to MHSS facilities beginning on 1 October 1987 for inpatient services. In addition, the Act directed that a similar classification be implemented for outpatient services beginning 1 October 1988. In response to this legislation the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Egalth Affairs) submitted an implementation plan to Congress which requested that Congress support a phased implementation beginning FY 1989 (Report to Congress, 1987).

Although the study authors recommended that the three digit HCU not replace the two digit HCU as currently designed, the final report made several alternative recommendations in view of

the above legislation. Specific recommendations made in reference to ambulatory workload measurement included the following:

- (1) The outpatient portion of the three digit HCU should be utilized to provide the weighted classification of ambulatory care compatible with a DRG based weighted index for inpatient care. To achieve this compatibility the report further recommended that the outpatient portion of the HCU be recalibrated and expanded using the latest available MEPRS data to incorporate present and projected changes in MEPRS cost stepdown methodology and subaccount classification.
- (2) Current ambulatory diagnosis/procedure based research should be accelerated to enable the development and evaluation of a diagnosis/procedure based weighted index for ambulatory care as a potential replacement to the outpatient three digit HCU workload measurement system.
- (3) A workload system consisting of DRG based inpatient weights and HCU outpatient weights should be used when developing a facility and appropriation specific resource allocation model for MHSS.

This report presents the recalibration and expansion of the outpatient portion of the three digit HCU. Recalibration was considered necessary for four reasons. First, recalibration allowed for the utilization of the most recently available MEPRS

Second, recalibration would enable expansion to data. subaccounts previously not included, including both medical and dental subaccounts. Third, the ambulatory portion of the current HCU was derived using outpatient visits only. In MEPRS, total ambulatory visits to any final account consist of both outpatient and inpatient visits. Inpatient visits are counted when hospitalized patients are seen in ambulatory care clinics or when certain health professionals, other than the primary physician, make a visit to a hospitalized patient or a ward. Under MEPRS stepdown procedures at the time of the study, expenses associated with those inpatient visits, except clinician salaries, were prorated back to the appropriate inpatient account during poststepdown purification of final operating expense accounts (Medical Expense, 1986). Proration of expenses was based on the percentage of workload (visits) provided to each work center. System changes were anticipated which would modify the MEPRS stepdown procedure and eliminate this proration of inpatient ambulatory visit expense from ambulatory to inpatient accounts. The methodology used in this final report to recalibrate the and latory portion of the three digit HCU reallocated the expenses associated with inpatient visits back to the appropriate ambulatory account. In addition, the disposition cost was adjusted for this inpatient visit expense transferred from inpatient to ambulatory accounts. In contrast to the ambulatory portion of the three digit HCU, recalibration was based on total

ambulatory visits rather than only outpatient visits. Finally, and most important, recalibration would result in an ambulatory workload measure more compatible with the DRG based inpatient work unit currently under development.

Recalibration and expansion resulted in an ambulatory workload index that significantly differed from ambulatory workload measures to date, including the outpatient component of the current HCU. To clearly differentiate this measure from previous indices, it has been renamed the MHSS Ambulatory Work Unit (AWU).

b. Organization of Report. This study on the AWU is divided into several chapters. The report summary provides a short presentation of study background, results, conclusions, and recommendations. A listing of the AWU weights is also included in the report summary. Chapter one provides an introduction and rationale for the study. Chapter two presents the methodology used to derive the AWU. Chapter three provides study results to include a presentation of the impact of using the AWU to measure ambulatory workload output within the MHSS. Chapter three also provides a detailed analysis of both the stability and validity The validity of the AWU was assessed by examining of the AWU. the relationship between AWU based ambulatory resource intensity and DRG based inpatient case complexity in matched medical specialties. Chapter four presents the study conclusions and recommendations. To facilitate reading, all figures and tables are located immediately following the chapter in which they are

STATES OF STATES

first referenced or in an appendix. There are five appendices included in this report. Appendix A summarizes the statistical algorithms used in this report. A detailed presentation of all AWU weights is provided in Appendix B. Appendix C presents MHSS medical treatment facility (MTF) AWU production for FY 1985 by service branch. Plots of medical specialty AWU resource intensity by DRG case complexity are presented in Appendix D. These plots support the analysis of the validity of the AWU. In Appendix E the derivation of all ambulatory cost factors is presented, including actual AWU calculation by clinic subaccount. Finally, in Appendix F is the computer code used to derive the AWU cost parameters and factors when using the basic decision tree logic.

STATES OF STATES

CHAPTER 2. METHODOLOGY

- a. <u>Data Base Procedures</u>. To derive ambulatory workload cost parameters and AWU factors the most recently updated, triservice, worldwide, FY 1984, FY 1985 and FY 1986, MEPRS FCOM data files as provided by the three services were used. In addition, it was necessary to also utilize FY 1985 and FY 1986 MEFRS Expense Assignment System (EAS) data. Once received, no facility data were altered and no facility subaccount data were eliminated prior to data screens. Extensive data reformatting was required to allow the subaccount data to be examined statistically. Statistical analysis was conducted using SAS, Version 5 System Software (SAS Institute, Inc., 1985a, 1985b). The following programming steps were accomplished prior to subaccount cost parameter analysis:
 - (1) The MEPRS PCOM data files contained multiple types of records for each MTF reporting data. These record types included six header records (PCOM Record Type 11 16), and data records for the MEPRS subaccounts reported by that facility (PCOM Record Type 20). Selected data were read from the header records (e.g., MTF name), added to the data records and the data records were written to a new data base. Data records that were not fourth quarter cumulative records were eliminated from the data base. Since cost pools were assigned to final operating accounts during final

stepdown, subaccount cost pools were eliminated from the lata base.

- (2) On the Record Type 20 data records the following data fields were compacted and alphanumerically signed:

 (a) support expense, (b) direct expense, (c) ancillary expense, and (d) purified expense. These data fields were uncompacted and arithmetically signed to enable statistical computation. Total expense was computed for use in cost factor estimation.
- (3) A number of facilities utilized the fourth digit in subaccount codes (e.g., BABA, BABB, etc.) Costs and workload associated with fourth digit specified subaccounts were aggregated to the third digit subaccount level for all subaccounts within all facilities.
- b. Ambulatory Cost Factor Calculation. With the exceptions outlined below, the following methodology was used to calculate cost factors for each ambulatory three digit subaccount, including dental care. This methodology was also used with those ambulatory summary accounts which had no subaccount. First, total cost was adjusted to reflect the reallocation of inpatient expenses associated with inpatient visits back to ambulatory subaccounts. Reallocation was conducted using the methodology that is described in Chapter 2 c. Following reallocation, facility subaccounts were subjected to initial record screens.

subaccount total visits or expenses equaled 0. Following record screens, facility ambulatory subaccounts were subjected to initial distribution screens. Cost per total visit was calculated, transformed to the natural logarithm, and standardized to a mean equal 0, and standard deviation equal 1 (Appendix A). Facility ambulatory subaccounts failed the distribution screen if the standardized score of the log transformed cost per total visit was greater than +2.0 or less than -2.0 standard deviations from the mean of the logged data. The probability of cost per total visit being greater than + or -2.0 standard deviations in clinics which had a large N size (N = 120 or greater) was 4.5%. In clinics with medium N sizes (N = 60) the probability was 5.0% and in clinics which had small N sizes (N =

Total visit cost factors were calculated based on facility subaccounts which passed the above screens. One of four possible location parameters—arithmetic mean, geometric mean, square transformed mean, or median cost per total visit—was selected as the cost factor. Parameter selection was based on appropriate decision criteria. Discussions of actual statistical tests are included in Appendix A. These criteria are depicted in Figure 1 (p. 19) and are as follows:

The property of the property o

(1) For each ambulatory subaccount, the cost per total visit distribution coefficient of skewness was calculated.
If the coefficient of skewness was positive or negative and had a probability value greater than .01 (nonsignificant skewness), the arithmetic mean was used as the cost factor.

- (2) If the coefficient of skewness was positive and had a probability value less than .01 (significant positive skewness), the ambulatory subaccount data were log transformed and skewness was then computed for the log transformed distribution. If the coefficient of skewness now had a probability value greater than .01, the geometric mean was calculated and used as the cost factor. If the skewness probability value remained below .01, the median was calculated and used as the cost factor.
- (3) If the coefficient of skewness was negative and had a probability value less than .01 (significant negative skewness) the subaccount data were square transformed and the arithmetic mean of the transformed distribution was calculated and used as the cost factor.

For several ambulatory subaccounts it was necessary to deviate from the above methodology:

- (1) Subaccount BAQ Infectious Disease, did not have cost or workload data in FY 1985 MEPRS data and FY 1986 data was incomplete (see Table B-1, p. B-2). This subaccount was assigned cost factors for BAA Internal Medicine.
- (2) Subaccount BAZ Medical Clinics Not Elsewhere
 Classified (NEC), FY 1985 MEPRS workload and cost data were
 very unstable with regard to variance exhibited in cost

per total visit. This subaccount was assigned the cost factor for BAA - Internal Medicine.

- (3) Subaccount BBZ Surgical Clinics NEC, FY 1985

 MEPRS workload and cost data were absent. This subaccount

 was assigned the cost factor for BBA General Surgery.
- (4) Subaccount BDZ Pediatric Clinics NEC, FY 1985

 MEPRS workload and cost data were also very unstable. This subaccount was assigned the cost factor for BDA Pediatric.
- (5) Subaccount DHE Social Work Services, cost and workload data were used to calculate the cost factor for BFE Social Work.
- (6) Subaccount FAE Alcohol and Drug Abuse/
 Rehabilitation Program, incremental ambulatory costs could
 not be isolated because there was no separation of the
 inpatient and ambulatory workload cost in special program
 subaccounts at the time of the study. This subaccount was
 assigned the cost, location parameter, and AWU weight for
 BFD Mental Health.
- (7) Subaccount FBA Community Health. When subaccount cost factor calculation was attempted it was determined that although almost all MHSS MTFs reported costs in subaccount FBA Community Health, only ten MTFs reported workload in this subaccount in the MEPRS PCOM files.

 Subsequently, by an analysis of Statistical Assignment Statistics (SAS) contained in MEPRS EAS files, it was

determined that although facilities did not report FBA Community Health visits in MEPRS PCOM files, facilities
included this workload in EAS files. FBA - Community Health
visits were extracted from FY 1985 Army EAS files and merged
with FY 1985 Army PCOM FBA - Community Health subaccount
cost data and the subaccount cost factor was derived. The
cost was based on Army facilities only because Army EAS
files were most readily available during the study period.

Subaccount FBG - Occupational Health. When subaccount cost factor calculation was attempted it was determined that no facilities recorded separately identifiable FBG - Occupational Health visits until FY 1986. When examining FY 1986 MEPRS data a similar situation existed to FBA - Community Health; although many MHSS MTFs reported costs in subaccount FBG - Occupational Health in the MEPRS PCOM files, very few MTFs reported workload in this subaccount. By analysis of SASs contained in MEPRS EAS files, it was determined that although facilities did not report FBG - Occupational Health visits in MEPRS PCOM files, facilities included this workload in EAS files. FBG - Occupational Health visits were extracted from FY 1986 Army EAS files and merged with FY 1986 Army PCOM FBG -Occupational Health subaccount cost data and the subaccount cost factor was derived. Fiscal Year 1986 costs were discounted to FY 1985 using the procedure outlined in

Chapter 3 b. The cost was based on Army facilities only because Army EAS files were most readily available.

c. Ambulatory Work Unit Calculation. In FY 1985, total inpatient (functional category A) MEPRS costs were \$1,836,728,335 and total ambulatory (functional category B) costs were \$1,982,511,342 (N = 213 MTFs). Of total ambulatory costs, \$1,890,948,265 were determined to be non-clinician costs. For each ambulatory subaccount the ambulatory inpatient and outpatient visits were determined and total ambulatory visits were computed. Secondly, the subaccount total non-clinician expense was calculated. Following computation of non-clinician expenses, inpatient visit non-clinician expenses were reallocated back to each ambulatory subaccount using the following algorithm:

$$RE_i = E_i / (1 - IV_i / TV_i)$$

where: RE_i = Revised total non-clinician expense in MEPRS subaccount work center_i.

E_i = Total non-clinician expense in MEPRS subaccount work center_i.

TV_i = Total visits in MEPRS subaccount
 work center;.

i = (e.g., BAA, BAB, BAC, etc.)

In FY 1985, using the above algorithm it was determined that \$76,875,320 in ambulatory inpatient visit non-clinician expense had been prorated back to inpatient subaccounts. Reallocating

this total back to ambulatory subaccounts resulted in an adjusted total inpatient cost of \$1,759,853,015. In FY 1985 there were 956,220 dispositions. Thus, the FY 1985 unadjusted average disposition cost was \$1,920.8219 and the adjusted average disposition cost was \$1,840.4269. This adjusted disposition cost was used to derive AWU relative cost weights from the ambulatory cost factors by dividing each cost factor by the adjusted average disposition cost.

d. Ambulatory Work Unit Stability. To examine the stability of AWU weights over time, AWU weights were also derived for FY 1984. The purpose of this derivation was, (1) to determine what extent the AWU as an overall scale significantly changed over time, and (2) to identify if any specific AWU weights demonstrated sufficient variance to require adjustment.

The methodology used to derive FY 1984 AWU weights was identical to the methodology used to derive FY 1985 AWU weights. In FY 1984, it was determined that \$66,826,289 in ambulatory inpatient visit non-clinician expense had been prorated back to inpatient subaccounts. Reallocating this total back to ambulatory subaccounts resulted in an adjusted total inpatient cost of \$1,533,546,837 (N = 214 MTFs). In FY 1984 there were 966,851 dispositions which resulted in an adjusted average disposition cost of \$1,586.1253. This adjusted disposition cost was used to derive AWU weights from the FY 1984 ambulatory cost factors. Following FY 1984 weight derivation an analysis of both

overall scale and individual weight stability was completed. The results of this analysis are presented in Chapter 3.

e. Validity of the AWU as a Measure of Ambulatory Workload Resource Intensity. To evaluate AWU based resource intensity as a measure of ambulatory workload case complexity or severity, the criterion-related validity of the AWU was examined using DRG based case complexity (Kerlinger, 1986). Specifically, the extent that the AWU demonstrated similar scalar relationships with DRG based case complexity was examined in detail. The results of this analysis are presented in Chapter 3.

Prior to analysis, it was necessary to recode several inpatient record abstract data elements to permit accurate DRG assignment and analysis. In FY 1985, MHSS inpatient diagnosis data were coded using International Classification of Disease, 9th Revision (ICD-9) and procedure data were coded using International Classification of Procedures in Medicine (ICPM). The classification scheme for grouping diagnoses and procedures into DRGs was the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision with Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM). Prior to DRG computation, ICD-9 and ICPM data were converted to ICD-9-CM (see Baker, et al., 1987, for a detailed discussion of the methodology and reliability of data conversion). The Version 4.0 Grouper (Federal Register, 1986) was used for DRG computation which assigned data to 472 mutually exclusive DRGs. Diagnosis Related Group 438 had not been used since the Version 2.0 Grouper was

released in September 1985. Because of code limitations in MHSS

FY 1985 ICD-9/ICPM data, records could not be assigned for

several DRGs to include: (1) 27-Traumatic Stupor + Coma, Coma >1

Hr., (2) 50-Sialoadenectomy, (3) 210-Hip + Femur Procedures,

Except Major Joint Age >69 and/or Complication or Comorbidity (CC),

(4) 211-Hip + Femur Procedures Except Major Joint Age 18-69

and/or CC, (5) 212-Hip + Femur Procedures Except Major Joint

Age 0-17, and (6) 230-Local Excision + Removal of Internal

Fixture Devices of Hip + Femur. Inpatient disposition weights

used to derive case complexity were the 1987 Health Care

Financing Administration (HCFA) relative weights (Federal

Register, 1986).

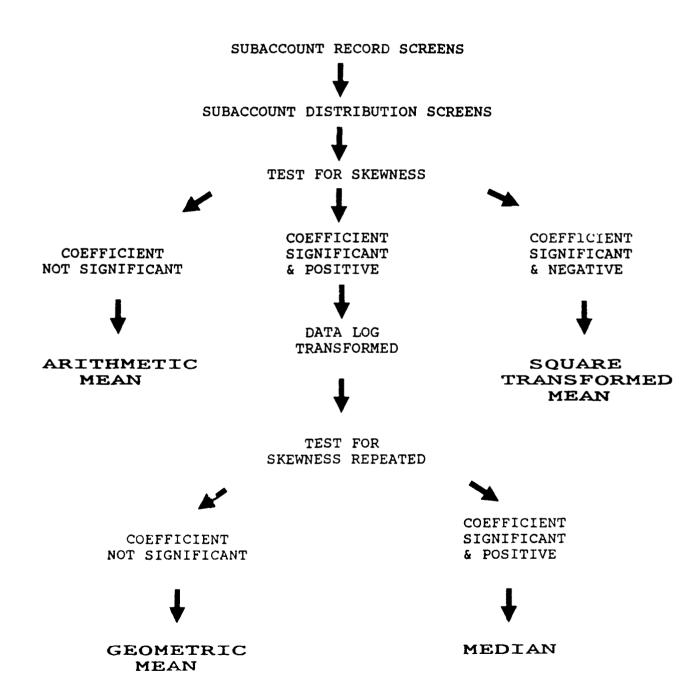
It was necessary to recode several additional data elements prior to DRG computation to include the following:

- (1) Navy disposition codes with 11, 12, and 30 were recoded to dispositon code 01.
 - (2) Air Force newborn age codes were recoded to 00.
- (3) Navy and Air Force diagnosis codes were "zero" filled at the 5th position making them incompatible with ICD-9-CM diagnosis tables used by the Grouper and 5th digit zeros were deleted prior to DRG processing.
- (4) Navy and Air Force procedure codes were "zero" filled at the 4th position making them incompatible with ICD-9-CM procedure tables used by the Grouper and 4th digit zeros were deleted prior to DRG processing.

FIGURE 1

DECISION TREE

FOR AMBULATORY LOCATION PARAMETER SELECTION



CHAPTER 3. RESULTS

Stability of AWU from FY 1984 to FY 1985. Analysis was conducted using computed ambulatory weights only. Accounts where weight assignment was based on other criteria (BAQ, BAZ, BBJ, BBZ, BDZ, and FAE) and subaccounts without two years of data (FBA and FBG) were eliminated prior to analysis. In addition, dental weights were also eliminated. A plot of FY 1985 AWU weights by FY 1984 AWU weights is included in Figure 2 (p. 36). correlation between FY 1984 AWU weights and FY 1985 weights was positive and extremely high (r = .947, N = 50) indicating very high overall scale stability. Secondly, a paired t-test was performed to test the hypothesis that there was no overall change from FY 1984 AWU weights to FY 1985 AWU weights. The paired t-test of the mean percent weight change was nonsignificant (t = -0.45, DF = 49, Prob. = 0.6574) which indicated that there was no overall significant change from FY 1984 AWU weights to FY 1985 AWU weights.

A detailed analysis of change exhibited by individual weights was then performed. The percent change exhibited by each weight from FY 1984 to FY 1985 was standardized to a mean = 0 and standard deviation = 1 (Appendix A). When distribution analysis of the standardized change scores was conducted, the majority of weights clustered within -1.0 to +1.0 standard deviations which indicated that this level was an appropriate stability cut-off

level. Ten weights demonstrated standardized change scores greater than +1.0 standard deviations or less than -1.0 standard deviations. These weights are presented in Table 1 (p. 38). With the exception of BFD - Mental Health weights, weights which showed higher variance from FY 1984 to FY 1985 were subaccounts with very small N sizes. Those weights which demonstrated standardized change scores greater than +1.0 standard deviations or less than -1.0 standard deviations were then adjusted for variance.

b. Ambulatory Work Unit Variance Adjustment. In FY 1984 there were 44,636,055 ambulatory visits. Following reallocation of inpatient visit non-clinician costs to ambulatory care, FY 1984 total ambulatory costs were \$1,766,027,414, or \$39.57 per visit. In FY 1985 cost per visit was \$46.52, an increase of 17.56% from FY 1984. In FY 1986 there were 42,285,109 ambulatory visits. Following reallocation of inpatient visit non-clinician costs to ambulatory care, FY 1986 total ambulatory costs were \$2,264,935,099, or \$53.56 per visit, an increase of 15.14% from FY 1985. For discounting FY 1986 costs to FY 1985 a discount factor of .8685 (1 / 1.1514) was used. For the ambulatory accounts adjusted for variance, FY 1984 and FY 1985 workload and costs were combined after inflating FY 1984 ambulatory costs by 17.56%. Following inflation, AWU factors were computed from the combined data in the identical manner as the other clinic subaccounts.

- c. Ambulatory Work Unit Final Weights. The actual derivation of cost factors and AWU weights for each subaccount is included in Appendix E. The AWU weights computed using the ambulatory methodology described in Chapters 2 b., 2 c., and 3 b. are summarized in Tables B-1 through B-11 (pp. B-2 to B-12) of Appendix B. Included are the following data:
 - (1) For each three digit subaccount the ambulatory cost factors are included. The location parameter used as each cost factor is also presented. Once again, AWU factors were derived by dividing the ambulatory cost factors by a worldwide, all facility, FY 1985, adjusted average disposition cost of \$1,840.4269. The AWU factors that resulted from these costs were computed and are included. In the current two digit HCU, outpatient HCU factors were computed to the third digit. It was felt this level was a significant loss of precision in view of the number of visits accumulated in the high volume ambulatory subaccounts. Consequently, AWUs were computed to the fourth digit in this report.
 - (2) The number of facilities (N) from which visit costs and AWU factors were derived are identified. Initial N size was the number of facilities having any type of data in the subaccount. Final N size was the number of facilities used to actually calculate cost factors and AWU weights. The

difference was the number of facilities eliminated due to record and distribution screens.

(RII) was derived. Subaccount RII was derived by first computing the mean AWU weight for all subaccounts, excluding dental care. The mean AWU weight was computed as .0312966 (N = 58). Each subaccount AWU weight was divided by this mean AWU weight, including dental care subaccounts. These computations standardized the AWU weights to 1.0.

Subaccount ambulatory location parameter costs and the AWU weights derived from these costs demonstrated substantial variation between subaccounts. Within the summary account BA - Medical Care, three digit subaccount AWU weights ranged from a low of .0083 in Allergy to a high of .0629 in Nephrology, a range of over 758%. Within BB - Surgical Care, three digit subaccount AWU weights ranged from .0234 in Proctology to .0723 in Organ Transplant, a range of over 308%. Clinics have been ranked by AWU RII in Table 2 (p. 39) with quartile ranking identified (dental subaccounts were excluded when calculating quartiles). For example, the highest resource intensity of all clinics is Organ Transplant with a RII of over 131% greater than the average RII of 1.0. One Nephrology visit is 3.14 times as resource intensive as one pediatric visit and would receive 3.14 times the workload credit using the appropriate AWU factors.

d. Military Health Service System Two and Three Digit
Outpatient HCU Production Compared to AWU Production. Tables 3
and 4 (pp. 40 and 41) contain workload credit shifts by MEFRS
summary account in FY 1985. Table 3 presents workload credit
shifts when using the AWU rather than the outpatient two digit
HCU. Included for each summary account are the total ambulatory
visits generated within that account. Secondly, the total two
digit HCUs and total AWUs generated within that account are also
identified. Finally, the percentage change in total credit when
using the AWU rather than the two digit HCU is also included.

The AWU provided substantially greater credit to ambulatory care than the two digit HCU. Particularly large increases were seen in medical (+57.6%), surgical (+27.4%), psychiatric (+52.7%), and family practice (+27.7%). Overall, without any additional "artificial" ambulatory treatment incentive weighting, the AWU provided 23.5% greater credit for ambulatory services than the two digit HCU.

Table 4 presents similar data as Table 3, but compares AWU production with the outpatient three digit HCU. Again, the AWU provides substantially greater credit to ambulatory workload than the outpatient three digit HCU (+11.3% overall) with large increases seen in medical (+23.3%), surgical (+13.9%), psychiatric (+33.7%), and orthopedic (+16.9%) clinics.

The increased ambulatory emphasis of the AWU when compared to the three digit outpatient HCU was the result of four factors:

- (1) Modifications were implemented in weight derivation to include adjustments for clinics which demonstrated weight variance over time (e.g., Organ Transplant) and weight assignment policy for certain clinics (e.g., BAZ, BBZ, FBG, etc.). In addition, there was the change in output that may occur when using more recent data.
- (2) Total ambulatory visits rather than just outpatient visits were used in the computation of AWU output.
- (3) The mean disposition cost used to convert the cost factor into a weight was adjusted downward to reflect reallocation of inpatient visit costs to ambulatory clinics.
- (4) The decision tree used to calculate cost factors was conservative with regard to transformation of the arithmetic mean cost factor. A skewness probability value of .01 or less was the criteria for computing the geometric mean rather than a skewness probability value of .05.

The relative importance of each of these four factors was determined. Excluding dental care, the AWU resulted in 126,294 more AWUs than the three digit outpatient HCU, or an 11.81% overall increase in total output. By implementing the changes in weight derivation and assignment discussed in the first chapter, and using FY 1985 data, the AWU increased total output by 19,984 AWUs, or a 1.87% increase in total output. This incremental increase represented 15.83% of the overall increase of 11.81%.

By including inpatient visits, an additional 41,631 AWUs were generated, or a 3.39% increase. This incremental increase represented 32.94% of the overall increase. By adjusting the disposition cost downward to reflect reallocation of inpatient visit costs to ambulatory clinics an additional 50,246 AWUs were added, or a 4.70% increase. This incremental increase represented 39.80% of the overall increase. Finally, making the decision tree conservative by use of the geometric mean added an additional 14,433 AWUs, or a 1.35% increase. This incremental increase represented 11.43% of the overall increase of 11.81%.

- e. Military Health Service System MTF AWU Production. In Appendix C, Tables C-1 to C-6 (pp. C-2 to C-20) are presented which display total AWU output by facility. Tables are presented by branch of service. Separate tables are included for dental AWU production. Facilities are ranked by facility RII. Facility RII was computed using a method similar to Chapter 3 c. This method was followed for both medical and dental facilities.
 - (1) For each facility total AWUs were divided by total ambulatory visits to determine AWUs per ambulatory visit produced by that facility.
 - (2) Facility AWUs per ambulatory visit were summed across all MHSS facilities and divided by the total number of facilities to calculate the overall MHSS AWUs per ambulatory visit mean.

(3) Each facility AWUs per ambulatory visit mean was divided by the overall MHSS AWUs per ambulatory visit mean. The result was a facility RII standardized to 1.0.

Each branch of service demonstrated a substantial range from lowest to highest facility AWU RII. In Army facilities, the facility AWU RII ranged from .9278 to 1.1006 (.1728 range). In Navy facilities, facility AWU RII ranged from .8825 to 1.1168 (.2343 range). A similar range in facility AWU RII was also demonstrated by Air Force facilities, where facility AWU RII ranged from .8499 to 1.0718 (.2219 range). Similar ranges were also seen when facility dental AWU RII was examined.

Resource Intensity. The extent that AWU RII demonstrated similar scalar relationships with a DRG based case complexity index (CCI) was examined in detail. This analysis was conducted at the subaccount work center level and was restricted to those medical specialty subaccounts which had a direct inpatient to outpatient match. The following model was examined:

$$Y = B_0 + B_1 X + E$$

where: Y = Matched subaccount work center AWU RII.

X = Matched subaccount work center
 mean DRG CCI.

 $B_0 = Intercept.$

 $B_1 = Slope.$

E = Error.

Subaccount mean DRG CCI was calculated in the following manner:

- (1) Diagnosis Related Groups were calculated for FY 1985 biometrics data and were assigned relative weights using the methodology described in Chapter 2.
- (2) Skewness was then computed for both the overall MHSS relative weight distribution as well as for individual subaccount distributions. In all instances distributions demonstrated statistically significant positive skewness. Consequently, the geometric mean was used for both the overall mean and the subaccount means.
- (3) The DRG HCFA weights were log transformed and summed across all patient records and divided by the total number of patient records. The geometric mean was then computed to produce an overall MHSS DRG HCFA relative weight geometric mean.
- (4) The DRG HCFA relative weight geometric means were calculated for each inpatient subaccount and each subaccount DRG HCFA weight geometric mean was then divided by the overall MHSS DRG HCFA relative weight geometric mean to produce a subaccount geometric mean DRG CCI standardized to 1.0.

Following computation of subaccount geometric mean DRG CCI, these inpatient subaccounts were matched to their corresponding outpatient subaccounts. Only those outpatient subaccounts with a corresponding inpatient subaccount were used to examine the

relationships between subaccount AWU RII and mean DRG CCI. 5 presents the subaccounts that were used in the analysis of AWU validity (p. 42). For each subaccount, the MEPRS subaccount code is listed for both inpatient and ambulatory care. For each service branch, the HCFA geometric mean weight is presented for each matched inpatient medical speciality subaccount. Secondly, subaccount mean DRG CCI which resulted from standardization is also presented. Data from the three service branches were combined and HCFA geometric mean weights and DRG CCI are included for the entire MHSS. In addition, the AWU weight and AWU RII for each subaccount are also included. Computation of the AWU RII is discussed in Chapter 3 c. Specific analysis regarding service branch differences in medical specialty DRG geometric means was considered beyond the scope of this report. It should be noted, however, that Army biometric coding conventions in place at the time of the study differed from the other two service branches regarding biometric disposition assignment code. The Army used a unique two digit clinic service code not directly counatible with the MEPRS clinic service codes used by the Navy and Air force. Consequently, prior to analysis, the Army codes were "mapped" to equivalent MEPRS codes using the map presented in Figure 3 (p. 37). Some Air Force biometric data included multiple MEPRS clinic service codes with bed days for each clinic service code. When this situation was encountered, the clinic service with the most days was selected as the MEPRS code. It is

possible that some of the differences in specialty mean case complexity seen between service branches could have been influenced by this required mapping.

Data limitations required that several decisions be made prior to analysis. First, when computing subaccount DRG relative weight means and CCI, it was determined that USAF facilities did not report any biometric dispositions in subaccount FAE -Alcohol/Drug Abuse Rehabilitation. Consequently, data was not available in this subaccount and relationship between USAF subaccount AWU RII and mean DRG CCI was examined without this subaccount. Secondly, although the subaccounts AAZ - Medical Care Not Elsewhere Classified (NEC) and ABZ - Surgical Care NEC did contain biometric dispositions convertible to DRGs, they were eliminated prior to any analysis. First, not all service branches had biometric dispositions in these subaccounts. addition, the ambulatory subaccounts, BAZ - Medical Clinics NEC and BBZ - Surgical Clinics NEC, which matched these subaccounts, were assigned the AWU weights for BAA - Internal Medicine and BBA - General Surgery respectively, due to unstable or missing ambulatory data. Finally, the AWU was calculated based on both hospitals and clinics. Restricting the analysis to matched medical specialty subaccounts confined this part of the analysis to hospitals. During initial analysis of the data one notable exception became apparent. The AWU weight for subaccount BEF -Podiatry Clinic was based in large part on non-hospital based

clinics. In addition, in a number of those inpatient facilities having an ambulatory podiatry clinic accumulating workload, there was no inpatient podiatry service; rather, when patients were hospitalized the workload and costs were accumulated under subaccount AEA - Orthopedics. Consequently, inpatient biometrics workload listed under AEB - Podiatry was combined with AEA - Orthopedics and the DRG weight and CCI means were based on this combination. Subaccount AEA - Orthopedics was then matched to BEA - Orthopedic clinic.

In Table 6 are descriptive statistics for both subaccount AWU RII and mean DRG CCI (p. 43). The distribution of the subaccount DRG CCI means deviated from normality sufficient to violate the normality assumptions necessary to use parametric statistics of association. Upon graphical analysis of the data it became apparent that Cardiovascular Surgery was an obvious outlier (see Figures D-1, D-3, D-5, and D-7). Cardiovascular Surgery AWU RII was less than what would have been anticipated from the corresponding inpatient DRG CCI. This relationship procisted whether FY 1985 data were used to calculate the AWU factor or when FY 1985 data were combined with FY 1984 data. Elimination of Cardiovascular Surgery resulted in non-significant DRG CCI skewness and kurtosis.

The correlation between subaccount AWU RII and mean DRG CCI was conducted and is included in Table 7 (p. 44). When Cardiovascular Surgery was included, Spearman's non-parametric

correlation was used and when this subaccount was excluded Pearson's correlation was used. In either case, the correlation between subaccount AWU RII and mean DRG CCI was positive, moderately high (R = .612 to .741), and statistically significant (Prob. < .001) for all three service branches separately and when combined into an overall MHSS correlation. Excluding Cardiovascular Surgery served to substantially increase the correlation between subaccount AWU RII and mean DRG CCI.

Regression analysis was conducted after excluding Cardiovascular Surgery to evaluate the extent that subaccount mean DRG CCI would predict AWU RII (Table 8, p. 45). As expected, the regression equations explained a moderately high amount of variance in AWU CCI (R² = .347 to .528) and were statistically significant (Prob. < .002). This relationship was seen when analyzing the three service branches separately and when combined into an overall MHSS equation. Plots have been included for each branch of service and MHSS that graphically present the regression relationships discussed above (see Figures D-2, D-4, D-6, pp. D-3, D-5, D-7). Each plot contains the regression line and equation for that branch of service.

Regression residual analysis was then conducted to determine the adequacy of the regression model to explain data relationships. All subaccounts were coded as to whether the subaccount was a surgical or medical specialty. Contingency table analysis was conducted between the sign of the subaccount

residual and whether that subaccount was a medical or surgical specialty. Either the chi-square or Fisher exact test of significance was used to test for regression model bias. significant test indicated that the regression equation was biased with regard to whether the subaccount was a medical or surgical specialty. Contingency table analysis is presented in Table 9 (p. 46). Results indicated that the regression model demonstrated significant bias (Prob. < .10) as to whether the subaccount was a medical or surgical specialty. This bias was seen in Navy and Air Force service branches as well as when combined into overall MHSS. In these service branches and overall MHSS, the regression model over-estimated medical subaccounts and under-estimated surgical subaccounts. results strongly suggested that two quantitatively separate, predictive relationships were present; one relationship for medical specialties and a second for surgical specialties. test this assumption the following alternative model was tested:

$$Y = B_0 + B_1X + B_2Z + B_3XZ$$

where: Y = Matched subaccount work center AWU RII.

X = Matched subaccount work center
 mean DRG CCI.

 B_0 , B_2 = Intercept terms.

 B_1 , B_3 = Slope terms.

Z = 1 if subaccount is a surgical service.
 0 if subaccount is a medical service.

E = Error.

Results are presented in Table 10 (p. 47). By expanding the model, the variance explained in subaccount AWU RII by mean DRG CCI increased substantially, from 51.3% to 64.2%. The final model was enumerated using stepwise regression. All coefficients in the model were statistically significant and entered the model with the exception of B_3 . Since the B_2 coefficient was statistically significant two models resulted for the two values of Z:

If Z = 0: Subaccount is a medical specialty.

If Z = 1: Subaccount is a surgical specialty.

Surg. Service = -.3322 + (1.3215 * Surg. Service AWU RII Subaccount Mean DRG CCI)

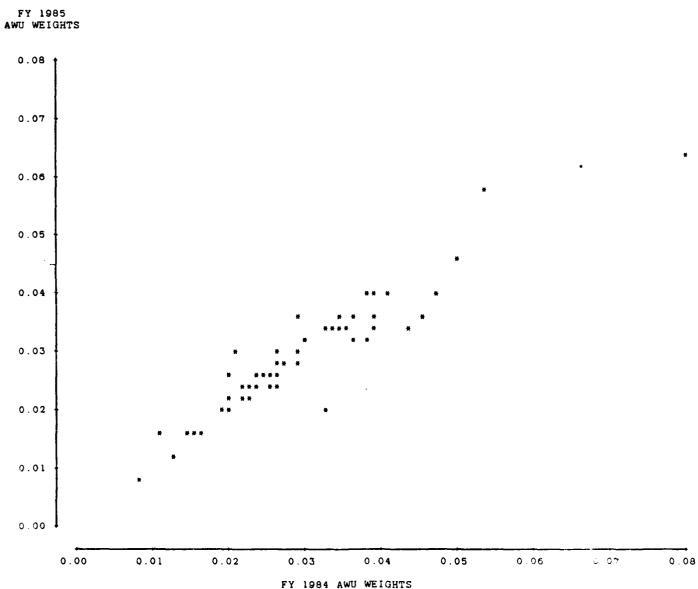
Figure D-8 (p. D-9) presents these relationships graphically.

This plot contains the regression line and equation for medical service subaccounts and surgical subaccounts separately.

The model results indicated that specialty subaccount mean DRG CCI demonstrated a strong predictive, positive relationship for AWU RII. Further, this relationship was quantitatively different, depending on whether the subaccount was a surgical or medical specialty. The model predicted that for the mean level of inpatient subaccount case complexity (1.276), the resource intensity of the ambulatory equivalent of that inpatient subaccount was 26.64% higher when the ambulatory subaccount was a surgical specialty rather than a medical specialty. For example,

for a subaccount with a mean CCI of 1.3540, the model predicted that AWU RII would be 1.225 if the subaccount was a surgical subaccount and AWU RII would be 1.0692 if the subaccount was a medical service.

FIGURE 2 FISCAL YEAR 1985 AWU WEIGHTS BY FISCAL YEAR 1984 AWU WEIGHTS



Andre Production Contractor and Contract Contractor Production Production Production Contractor Production Contractor Con

FIGURE 3

MAPPING PROCEDURE FOR

ARMY INDIVIDUAL PATIENT DATA SYSTEM (IPDS)

CLINIC SERVICE CODE TO MEPRS CLINIC SERVICE CODE

19DS CODE	IPDS NAME	MEPRS CODE	MEPRS NAME
AA AN AU EA	INTERNAL MEDICINE : ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY : INFECTIOUS DISEASE :> FAMILY PRACTICE/ MEDICAL :	AAA	INTERNAL MEDICINE
AB AE AF AG AI AJ AK AL	CARDIOLOGY	AAD AAE AAF AAG AAI AAJ AAK AAL	CARDIOLOGY DERMATOLOGY ENDOCRINOLOGY GASTROENTEROLOGY HEMATOLOGY NEPHROLOGY NEUROLOGY ONCOLOGY PULMONARY RHEUMATOLOGY
BA BJ BK EB	GENERAL SURGERY : HAND SURGERY :> HEAD AND NECK SURGERY :> FAMILY PRACTICE/ : SURGICAL :	ABA	GENERAL SURGERY
BB BN	CV/THORACIC SURGERY : PERIPHERAL VASCULAR :> SURGERY :	ABB	CV/THORACIC SURGERY
ec ha be hb bf bg bh bi	NEUROSURGERY	ABE ABF ABG ABH ABI ABJ	NEUROSURGERY OPHTHALMOLOGY ORAL SURGERY OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY PEDIATRIC SURGERY PLASTIC SURGERY PROCTOLOGY UROLOGY
BL BZ	ORGAN TRANSPLANT : INSTITUTE OF SURGICAL :> RESEARCH (BURN CENTER) - :	ABZ	SURGICAL CLINICS NEC
GA ED	GYNECOLOGY : FAMILY PRACTICE/ :> GYNECOLOGY :	ACA	GYNECOLOGY
CB EC	OBSTETRICS : FAMILY PRACTICE/ :> OBSTETRICS :	ACB	OBSTETRICS
DA EF	PEDIATRICS : FAMILY PRACTICE/ :> PEDIATRICS : ADOLESCENT PEDIATRICS - :	ADA	PEDIATRICS
DE	NURSERY(NEWBORN)>	ADB	NURSERY
řa Eg	ORTHOPEDICS : FAMILY PRACTICE/ :> ORTHOPEDICS :	AEA	ORTHOPEDICS
	PODIATRY	AEB	PODIATRY
DA ER	PSYCHIATRY : FAMILY PRACTICE/ : : PSYCHIATRIC :	AF	PSYCHIATRY
ž.	OTHER (ALCOHOL) REHABILITATION)	FAE	ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE REHABILITATION

TABLE 1

CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE

CLINIC AWU WEIGHTS DEMONSTRATING HIGHEST VARIANCE

FROM FY 1984 TO FY 1985

ACCOUNT CODE NA	ACCOUNT CODE NAME	N (FY 1985	FY 1984 5) AWU WEIGHTS	FY 1985 AWU WEIGHTS	PERCENT CHANGE	STANDARDIZED CHANGE SCORE
BK	UNDERSEAS MEDICINE	4	.0328	.0208	-57.69%	-3.8735
BED	NEUROMUSCULOSKELETA	د	.0109	.0161	+32.30%	+2.2669
BAE	DIABETIC		.0208	.0304	+31.58%	+2.2179
BAN	PULMONARY DISEASE	27	.0454	.0350	-29.71%	-1.9644
BAF	ENDOCRINOLOGY	22	.0440	.0341	-29.03%	-1.9179
BEC	HAND SURGERY	12	.0198	.0255	+22.35%	+1.5883
BBE	ORGAN TRANSPLANT	7	.0796	.0643	-23.80%	-1.5605
BFD	MENTAL HEALTH	109	.0287	.0351	+18.23%	+1.3073
BBB	CV/THOR SURGERY	20	.0384	.0320	-20.00%	-1.3016
BAM	ONCOLOGY	23	.0470	.0401	-17.21%	-1.1110

TABLE 2
CLINIC RANKING BY AWU RII

CLINIC SPECIALTY	AWU RII	
ORGAN TRANSPLANT NEPHROLOGY NEUROSURGERY PEDIATRIC SURGERY ONCOLOGY HEMATOLOGY PULMONARY DISEASE PLASTIC SURGERY ENDOCRINOLOGY	2.3102 2.0098 1.8628 1.5848 1.4890 1.4538 1.3101 1.2973	QUARTILE 1
UROLOGY INTERNAL MEDICINE INFECTIOUS DISEASE MEDICAL CLINICS NEC COMMUNITY HEALTH	1.2685 1.2621 1.2621 1.2621 1.2430	
CARDIOVASCULAR/THORACIC SURGERY CARDIOLOGY NEUROLOGY ORTHOPEDIC PSYCHIATRY GENERAL SURGERY SURGICAL CLINICS NEC	1.2046 1.1631 1.1631 1.1567 1.1056 1.1024 1.1024	
RHEUMATOLOGY GASTROENTEROLOGY EMERGENCY MEDICAL MENTAL HEALTH ALCOHOL/DRUG ABUSE REHABILITATION ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE MEDICAL EXAMINATION	1.0960 1.0799 1.0704 1.0608 1.0608 1.0417	QUARTILE 2
OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY	0.9746	MEDIAN = 1.0
UNDERSEAS MEDICINE PSYCHOLOGY FLIGHT MEDICINE CHILD GUIDANCE OPHTHALMOLOGY FAMILY PRACTICE DIABETIC PRIMARY CARE OBSTETRICS OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH ADOLESCENT FAMILY PLANNING GYNECOLOGY PROCTOLOGY HYPERTENSION HAND SURGERY SPEECH PATHOLOGY	0.9714 0.9426 0.9138 0.8915 0.8819 0.8563 0.8531 0.8404 0.8308 0.8148 0.8116 0.7956 0.7541 0.7477 0.7413 0.7413	QUARTILE 3
DERMATOLOGY SOCIAL WORK PODIATRY PEDIATRIC PEDIATRIC CARE NEC CAST OPTOMETRY WELL BABY AUDIOLOGY NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING NUTRITION ALLERGY DENTAL SERVICES TYPE 3 DENTAL PROS LAB TYPE 1 DENTAL PROS LAB TYPE 2 LENTAL PROS LAB	0.6902 0.6806 0.6742 0.6391 0.6391 0.5208 0.4985 0.4793 0.4250 0.4058 0.2652 0.1981 0.0735 0.0671 0.0543	QUARTILE 4

TABLE 3

WORKLOAD CREDIT SHIFTS

TWO DIGIT HCU TO AWU

ALL FACILITIES - FISCAL YEAR 1985

2 DIGIT HCU->AWU CREDIT SHIFT	+57.6% +27.4% +18.0%	+16.9%	+13.1%	+27.7%	+24.1% -3.5; +115.3%	+26.0%	+15.0%	-18.12 0.02	+323.3%	+23.6%
DENTAL AWUS						310,112	15,772	2.042		271 337,583 ====================================
AWUS	158,320	81,985	67,080 40,431	377,930	141,275 35,103 234			14.114	1,285	1.195.271 337.
2 DIGIT DENTAL HCUS						246,121	13,715	2,065		674 273,141 ===================================
2 DIGIT OUTPAT. HCUS	100,477	74.442	59,329	79,223	113,800 36,385 109			17,228	304	966,674 273,1 ====================================
DENTAL PROCED.						49,224,150 5,680,568	6,857,490	972,215		62,734,423
TOTAL	5,256,442	3,556,193	2,228,860	3,775,724	4,217,160	-		662,624	38,696	44,271,462
INPAT. VISITS	689,294 150,097	11,339	109,960	3,206	2,337	7 P		0	27,022	1,338,120
OUTPAT. VISITS	4,567,148	3,544,854	2,118,900	3,772,518	1,212,823	967.		662,624	11,674	42,943,342
CLINIC CODE AND ACCOUNT NAME ¹	MEDICAL SURGICAL	OBSTETRICAL/ GYNECOLOGICAL	PEDIATRIC ORTHOPEDIC PSYCHIATRIC/	MENTAL HEALTH FAMILY PRACTICE PRIMARY CARE	EMERGENCY MEDICAL FLIGHT MEDICINE	UNDERSEAS MEDICINE DENTAL SERVICES* TYPE 2 DENTAL	PROSTHETIC LAB	PROSTHETIC LAB SOCIAL WORK** TYPE 1 DENTAL	PROSTHETIC LAB ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE REHAB. PROGRAM	TOTALS
CLIN	B A	ည္က	BE BF	90	81 81	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	၁၁	DHE	A B	

Athough AWU weights have been developed for FBA - Community Health and FBG - Occupational Health. FBA and FBG AWUS have not been included. In FY 1985 not all facilities accumulated this workload in PCOM files. Thus a distorted assessment of productivity would result.

^{*}NH Beaufort accumulated 2,911 outpatient visits and 92 inpatient visits in CA - Dental Services. Visits ignored in HCU or AWU computation.

^{**}In FY 1985 Social Work Services workload was accumulated as ancillary visits without inpatient vs. outpatient visit specification.

TABLE 4

WORKLOAD CREDIT SHIFTS

THREE DIGIT HOU TO AWU

ALL FACILITIES - FISCAL YEAR 1985

DENTAL CREDIT AWUS SHIFT		*	87,986 +9.3%		81,985 +5.0%		40,431 +33.7%			•			234 -3.5%	310,112 +8.6%	9,657 +6.3%		15,772 +0.0%			2,042 +31.3%	1,285 +295.92		1,195,271 337,583	1,532,854 +11.3%
S DIGIT DENTAL HCUS	7								-	n	~			285,500	6,089		15,772			1,556				
3 DIGIT OUTPAT. HCUS	128,379	77,536	80,08		78,099	57,572	30,238		93,528	340,618	132,345	32,989	226						13,252		325		,085,645	1,377,562
DENTAL PROCED.														40,224,150	8,680,568		6,857,490			972,215			62,734,423 1,065,645	L
TOTAL	5,256,442	2,626,976	3,556,193		4,145,918	2,228,860	1,257,235		3,775,724	15,270,544	4,217,160	1,227,380	7,710						662,624		38,696		44,271,462	
INPAT. VISITS	689,294	150,097	11,339		21,385	109,960	238,928		3,206	59,543	2,337	14,557	452						0		27,022		1,338,120	
OUTPAT. VISITS	4,567,148	2,476,879	3,544,854		4,124,533	2,118,900	1,018,307		3,772,518	15,211,001	4,214,823	1,212,823	7,258						662,624		11,674		42,943,342	
CLINIC CODE AND ACCOUNT NAME ¹	MEDICAL	SURGICAL	OBSTETRICAL/	GYNECOLOGICAL	PEDIATRIC	ORTHOPEDIC	PSYCHIATRIC/	MENTAL HEALTH	FAMILY PRACTICE	PRIMARY CARE	EMERGENCY MEDICAL	FLIGHT MEDICINE	UNDERSEAS MEDICINE	DENTAL SERVICES*	TYPE 2 DENTAL	PROSTHETIC LAB	TYPE 3 DENTAL	PROSTHETIC LAB	SOCIAL WORK**	TYPE 1 DENTAL	ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE REHAB.	PROGRAM	TOTALS	
CLIN	ВА	89	BC		BD	BE	9.6		ВG	ВН	B I	ВЈ	BX	CA	CB		ည		DHE	FAB	FAE			

Athough AWU weights have been developed for FBA - Community Health and FBG - Occupational Health, FBA and FBG AWUS have not been included. In FY 1985 not all facilities accumulated this workload in PCOM files. Thus a distorted assessment of productivity would result.

^{*}NH Beaufort accumulated 2,911 outpatient visits and $\Theta2$ inpatient visits in CA - Dental Services. Visits ignored in HCU or AWU computation.

^{**}In FY 1985 Social Work Services workload was accumulated as ancillary visits without impatient vs. outpatient visit specification.

TABLE 5

DRG CASE COMPLEXITY AND AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY

BY MATCHED MEPRS SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTERS

FISCAL YEAR 1985

		SO	NS A	•	NSN	N	+ 4	ă î	USAF	+	SW .	MHSS	+	MHSS	
IN/OUTPT MEPRS CODE	SUBACCOUNT	HCFA DRG WEIGH	WEIGHT	+ + + +	HCFA DRG	WEIGHT CCI		HCFA DRG G.M.	WEIGHT CCI		HCFA DRG G.M.	WEIGHT CCI	+ + + -	AWU WEIGHT	AWU RII
	TALLET TANGERNA	9907	1 2034	++	0 7520	1 2994	++	0.7498	1.2942	+ +	0.7300	1.2598	•	.0395	1.2621
AAA BAA	CARDIOLOGY	00000	1.5203	. +	0.8434	1.4557	+	0.8955	1.5455	+	0.8782	1.5157	+	.0364	1.1631
AAD/046	DEPMATOLOGY	0.6566	1.1332	+		1,1132	+	0.6389	1.1026	+	0.6504	1.1226	+	.0216	0.6902
AAE/BAE	FNDOCRINOLOGY	0.7448	1.2854	+	•	1.2811	+	0.7443	1.2845	+	0.7445	1.2849	+	.0389	1.2749
AAF/PAG	GASTROFNTEROLOGY	0.6927	1.1955	+	0.6954	1.2002	+	0.7631	1.3171	+	0.7018	1.2113	+	.0338	1.0799
AAG / DAR	HEMATOLOGY	0.9509	1.6412	+	0.9186	1.5854	+	0.9365	1.6164	+	0.9390	1.6208	+	.0455	1.4538
AAT/BA.T	NEPHROLOGY	0.9371	1.6174	+	0.8438	1.4563	+	1.1541	1.9919	+	1.0466	1.8063	+	.0629	2.0098
AA.1.PAK	NETIEOLOGY	0.7633	1.3173	+	0.7403	1.2776	+	0.7189	1.2407	+	0.7454	1,2865	+	.0364	1.1631
MAG / NAA	ONCOLOGY.	0.8579	1.4806	+	1.0339	1.7845	+	0.9080	1.5688	+	0.8865	1.5300	+	.0466	1.4890
AAL /BAN	PIII.MONARY DISEASE	0.7878	1.3596	+	0.9668	1.6685	+	0.9582	1.6538	+	0.8297	1.4319	+	.0410	1.3101
A MANA	PHELIMATOLOGY	0.7804	1.3470	+	0.7612	1.3137	+	0.7871	1.3584	+	•	1.3490	+	.0343	1.0960
A G G / A G A	CHNERAL SUBGERY	0.7421	1.2808	+	0.7877	1.3250	+	0.7821	1.3153	+	0.7546	1.3024	+	.0345	1.1024
000/000	CULTROP CHECKY	1 7290	2.9841	+	1.3164	2.2720	+	1.5733	2.7155	+	1.5905	2.7450	+	.0377	1.2046
ממטיממת	NEITHOSTINGERY	0.9092	1.5692	+	0.8066		+	0.8407	1.4511	+	0.8635	1.4904	+	.0583	1.8628
ABE/BBD	OPHTHALMOLOGY	0.5140	0.8871	+	•	0.9079	+	0.5344	0.9224	+	-	0.9017	+	.0276	•
ABG/BBF	OTORHINOLARYNG.	0.4857	0.8382	+	0.5014	0.8653	+	•	0.8250	+		0.8431	+	.0305	0.9746
ABH/BBG	PLASTIC SURGERY	0.8458	1.4598	+	0.7146	1.2334	+	0.8133	1.4036	+	0.7458	1.2872	+	.0406	1.2973
ABI/BBJ	PEDIATRIC SURGERY	0.6570	1.1340	+	0.7287	1.2577	+	•	1.2270	+	0.6864	1.1847	+	.0496	1.5848
ARK/BRT	HROLOGY	0.6757	1.1661	+	0.6929	1.1959	+	0.7046	1.2160	+	0.6886	1.1885	+	.0397	•
ACA / BCB	GYNECOLOGY	0.6341	1.0944	+	0.6223	1.0740	+	0.6649	1.1476	+	0.6418	1.1077	+	.0236	•
COE/804		0.4395	0.7586	+	0.4502	0.7770	+	0.4454	0.7687	+	0.4442	0.7667	+	.0260	
A C B C A C A C A C B C B	PEDIATRIC	0.6320	1.0908	+	0.6450	1.1133	+	0.6306	1.0884	+	0.6342	1.0947	+	0200	0.6391
A F A / B F A	CRTHOPEDIO	0.7610	1.3135	+	0.7428	1.2821	+	0.7642	1.3190	+		1.3055	+	.0362	1.1567
AF/BFA	PSYCHIATRY	0.7969	1.3754	+	Φ,	1.3931	+	0.8019	1.3840	+	. 80	1.3820	+	.0346	1.1056
FAE/FAE	ALC/DA REHAB	0.7615	1.3143	+	0.7923	1.3674	+	N/A	N/A	+	0.7836	1.3524	+	. 0332	1.0608

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TABLE 6

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

SUBACCOUNT AWU RII AND MEAN DRG CCI¹

	N	MEAN	s.D.	SKEWNESS	KURTOSIS ²
MHSS AWU RII	25	1.075	.295	.67	-1.44
MHSS DRG CCI	25	1.334	.375	2.16*	-4.06*
ARMY DRG CCI	25	1.335	.411	2.66*	-5.09*
NAVY DRG CCI	25	1.316	.305	1.12*	-2.76*
AIR FORCE	24	1.365	.393	1.75*	-3.91*
DRG CCI					

BBB - CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY EXCLUDED

	N	MEAN	s.D.	SKEWNESS	KURTOSIS
MHSS AWU RII	24	1.075	.301	.66	-1.12
MHSS DRG CCI	24	1.276	.239	16	-1.28
ARMY DRG CCI	24	1.267	.233	47	68
NAVY DRG CCI	24	1.276	.235	08	-1.03
AIR FORCE	23	1.306	.274	20	90
DRG CCT					

¹Not Elsewhere Classified subaccounts eliminated prior to computation.

A TOCOCCOCK - WILCOCK - POSSESSES - POSSESSES - WILCOCK -

Geary's test of normality with Z-Score transformation used to evaluate kurtosis due to small sample sizes (see Appendix A).

^{*}Prob. < .01.

TABLE 7

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN

SUBACCOUNT AWU RII AND MEAN DRG CCI

BY BRANCH OF SERVICE1

	N	SPEARMAN	PROB. $(R = 0)$
ARMY	25	.690	<.001
NAVY	25	.644	<.001
AIR FORCE	24	.683	<.001
MHSS	25	.646	<.001

CONTROL DESCRIPTION OF SECURISMS ASSESSED TO THE SECURITY OF SECUR

BBB - CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY EXCLUDED

	N	PEARSON	PROB. $(R = 0)$
ARMY	24	.692	<.001
NAVY	24	.612	<.001
AIR FORCE	23	.741	<.001
MHSS	24	.731	<.001

Not Elsewhere Classified subaccounts eliminated prior to computation.

TABLE 8

REGRESSION ANALYSIS PREDICTION OF

SUBACCOUNT AWU RII

BY SUBACCOUNT MEAN DRG CCI

PREDICTOR	N	INTERCEPT	SLOPE	ADJ R ²	F-TEST	PROB.
ARMY MEAN	24	0714	.9942	.455	20.17	.0002
NAVY MEAN DRG CCI	24	.0820	.8668	.347	13.21	.0015
AIR FORCE MEAN DRG CCI	23	0055	.9180	.528	25.63	.0001
MHSS MEAN	24	1142	1.0205	.513	25.19	.0001

TABLE 9

CONTINGENCY TABLE ANALYSIS - RESIDUAL SIGN BY SUMMARY ACCOUNT CLASSIFICATION OF SUBACCOUNT

	MOG.	TOT	14	10	24		SYSTEM	MOA	TOT	14	10	•
NAVY	L SIGN	Pos.	3 21.43	70.00	10	.035*	SERVICE	L SIGN	Pos.	28.57	70.00	.+
U.S. NAVY	RESIDUAL SIGN	NEG.	11 78.57	30.00	14	PROB. =	MILITARY HEALTH	RESIDUAL SIGN	NEG.	10 71.43	30.00	+
			FREQ.	FREQ. ROW %	COL TOT		MILIT			FREQ. ROW %	FREQ.	+
			MEDICINE	SURGERY						MEDICINE	SURGERY	
	300	TOT	. 14	10	24			rio d	TOT	14	10	1
ARMY	r sign	Pos.	35.71	9 9	11	.408*	R FORCE	L SIGN	Pos.	35.71	60.00	+
U.S. ARM	RESIDUAL SIGN	NEG.	64.29	40.00	13	PROB. =	U.S. AIR	RESIDUAL SIGN	NEG.	64.29	3 40.00	+
			FREQ. ROW %	FREQ. ROW %	 col lol					FREQ. ROW %	FREQ. ROW %	1
			MEDICINE	SURGERY						MEDICINE	SURGERY	

*Cell expected frequencies were less than 5, Fisher's exact two-tailed test was used.

 $x^2 = 2.743$, PROB. = .098

24

11

COL TOT

24

12

12

COL TOT

PROB. = .095*

TABLE 10

REGRESSION ANALYSIS PREDICTION OF

SUBACCOUNT AWU RII

BY SUBACCOUNT MEAN DRG CCI

MHSS - EXPANDED MODEL

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

SOURCE	DF	SUM OF SQUARES	MEAN SQUARE	ADJ R ²	F-TEST	PROB.
MODEL	2	1.7174	.8587	.642	21.583	.0001
ERROR	21	.8355	.0398			
TOTAL	23	2.5529				

PARAMETER ESTIMATES

COEFFICIENT	P ARAMETE R ESTIMATE	STANDARD ERROR	T-TEST HO: PARAMETER=0	PROB.
B ₀ B ₁ B ₂	6170 1.3215 .2848	.2820 .2014 .0954	-2.188 6.561 2.986	.0401 .0001 .0071
B ₃ *	4331	.4013	-1.079	.2933

^{*}Coefficients were derived using stepwise regression with maximum variance improvement as entry criteria. The B₃ coefficient is the value that would have resulted had it been added to the model.

CHAPTER 4. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

a. <u>Conclusions</u>. Subaccount ambulatory location parameter costs and the AWU weights that were derived from these costs indicated that the AWU demonstrated substantial variance in interval scale measurement. This same variance was demonstrated by the range of relative resource intensity of facility ambulatory output. This range in facility AWU RII exhibited by each branch of service demonstrated that the AWU discriminated in facility relative resource intensity of ambulatory output. This discrimination of output was considered a necessary prerequisite for implementation. As a scale the AWU demonstrated very high stability over time. Individual subaccounts which demonstrated instability were adjusted for variance.

The AWU provided substantially greater credit to ambulatory care than either the two digit HCU or the outpatient three digit HCU. The increased ambulatory emphasis of the AWU relative to inpatient care was a result of four factors: (1) modifications in weight derivation; (2) use of total ambulatory visits in the calculation of AWUs; (3) reallocation of inpatient visit costs to ambulatory clinics; and (4) a conservative decision tree. The increased credit to ambulatory care suggested that the AWU would provide greater credit incentive to use ambulatory services. The inclusion of inpatient visits will benefit those hospitals producing this type of workload representing a clear credit

transfer effect within MHSS, whereas, factors 1,3, and 4 will provide greater credit to potentially all MHSS facilities.

The methodology used in this report produced an ambulatory workload credit system aligned with the method by which clinics were actually funded. This alignment with funding was because non-clinician inpatient visit costs were reallocated back to the appropriate ambulatory department and the AWU calculation was based on this reallocation.

Case complexity based on DRGs was used as an outside criterion for the AWU because of two reasons: (1) DRG case complexity was a much more developed workload measurement system, and (2) Congress has mandated that DRGs be used to measure inpatient productivity in MHSS hospitals. The AWU as a measurement instrument was evaluated using this criterion by examining the predictive relationships between DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity. Correlation analysis demonstrated that the relationship between specialty DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity was positive, moderately high, and statistically significant for all three service branches separately and when combined into an overall MHSS correlation. This relationship was verified by regression analysis which demonstrated statistically significant, moderately strong, positive relationships between specialty DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity. This relationship was seen when analyzing the three service branches separately and

when combined into an overall MHSS equation. Regression analysis indicated that two quantitatively separate, predictive relationships were present between DRG case complexity and AWU resource intensity, one relationship for medical specialties and a second for surgical specialties. Expanding the model to account for specialty served to increase the strength of the positive relationship substantially. The model indicated that for any given level of inpatient DRG case complexity the resource intensity of the ambulatory equivalent of that inpatient subaccount was substantially higher when the ambulatory subaccount was a surgical specialty rather than a medical specialty.

The AWU represents a resource intensity sensitive weighted index compatible with inpatient care DRG weighting and is designed to be implemented concomitantly with DRG inpatient weights.

Further, the AWU would require relatively little funding to implement as it is compatible with existing data collection methods and reporting requirements.

- b. <u>Recommendations</u>. In view of the findings of this report the following recommendations are made.
 - (1) Implement the AWU as the weighted classification of ambulatory workload within MHSS until such time as the AWU is replaced by a patient specific ambulatory workload measurement system (e.g., ambulatory visit groups). Make implementation of the AWU effective 1 October 1988.

- (2) Mandate use of the AWU wherever workload exhibits are submitted, to include but not limited to MEPRS performance reports and financial displays.
- (3) Require that the AWU be the ambulatory workload measurement used in conjunction with the DRG based inpatient work unit in the resource allocation systems developed by the service branches in response to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987.
- (4) Initiate a study to identify and enumerate appropriate ambulatory surgery procedures for eventual inclusion in the workload system consisting of AWU based ambulatory measurement and DRG based inpatient measurement.
- there is the possibility of manipulation in data reporting. It is recommended that strict uniform criteria be established for the reporting of data in clinic subaccounts. It is also recommended that procedures be implemented to require the approval of subaccounts for reporting workload at the facility level prior to allowing workload to be reported in the subaccount and that workload reported in unapproved subaccounts not be credited until the subaccount is approved.

(6) Not elsewhere classified subaccounts were weighted such that there would be no explicit incentive to use these subaccounts for reporting workload. There are

MTFs which use these subaccounts for ambulatory visits generated as part of unique, large scale, and high visibility programs (e.g., Joint Military Medical Consortium Burn Center and AIDS programs). A number of MTFs use these subaccounts for workload which is not part of any such program. It is recommended that the service branches be requested to petition for specific factor additives for such usually expensive programs and unique adjustment factors be developed to provide explicit added credit for these unique mission responsibilities.

- (7) A minimum of one fiscal year of data should be accumulated prior to deriving a computed AWU weight for any new subaccount. Two years of data would be preferred.
- (8) Two fiscal years of data are required to recalibrate the AWU. To coincide with budgetary data submission timetables, an evaluation of weight stability should be conducted first quarter FY 1989, to determine if the AWU requires recalibration prior to FY 1990.
- (9) Following initial evaluation of weight stability in first quarter FY 1989, evaluation of scale stability should be conducted every other year. It is anticipated that this frequency of scale evaluation could be modified as historical data is accumulated.

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  Army/Air Force, Rm. 670, 5109 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA
  22041-3258 (1)
Medical Library, BAMC, Reid Hall, Bldg. 1001, Ft. Sam Houston, TX
  78234-6200 (1)
Stimson Library, AHS, Bldg. 2840, Ft. Sam Houston, TX
  78234-6100 (1)
Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (Medical Resources
  Management), Rm. 3E336, The Pentagon, Wash., D.C.
  20310-2300 (5)
HQDA (DASG-RMP), 5109 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041-3258 (2)
HQDA (DASG-RMB), 5109 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041-3258 (2)
HQDA (DASG-PSA), 5109 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041-3258 (2)
HQDA (DASG-HCD-D), 5109 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA
  22041-3258 (2)
HQ HSC (HSRM-P), Ft. Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000 (2)
HQ HSC (HSRM-MU), Ft. Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000 (2)
HQ HSC (HSRM-PAD), Ft. Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000 (2)
Commander, Naval Medical Command, ATTN: MEDCOM-01, 23rd and
  E St., Wash., D.C. 20372-5120 (3)
Commander, Naval Medical Command, ATTN:
                                         MEDCOM-13: LCDR Olsen,
  23rd and E St., Wash., D.C. 20372-5120 (3)
Office of Chief of Naval Operations, Resources Division, OP-931,
  Wash., D.C. 20350-2000 (3)
HQ USAF/SGA, ATTN: LTC McKee, Bldq. 5681, Bolling AFB, Wash.,
  D.C. 20332-6188 (3)
HQ USAF/SGHA, ATTN: COL Schindel, Bldg. 5681, Bolling AFB, Wash.,
  D.C. 20332-6188 (3)
HQ USAF/SGHC, ATTN: LTC Kearns, Bldg. 5681, Bolling AFB, Wash.,
       20332-6188 (3)
HQ AFOMS/SG, Brooks AFB, TX 78235-5000 (1)
HQ AFOMS/SGSB, Brooks AFB, TX 78235-5000 (1)
HQ AFOMS/SGSI, Brooks AFB, TX 78235-5000 (1)
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APPENDIX A

SUMMARY OF
STATISTICAL ALGORITHMS

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SUMMARY OF STATISTICAL ALGORITHMS

a. Geary Test: Null hypothesis is normality, alternative hypothesis is non-normality due to kurtosis. Geary's Statistic:

$$a = \frac{\sum |x - x|}{\sqrt{N \sum (x - x)^2}}$$

is first computed then transformed to standard normal deviate form using the following formula:

A detailed discussion of Geary's statistic can be found in D'Agostino (1970).

- b. Location Parameters: Four location parameters were considered in selected accounts. These parameters include the following:
 - (1) Arithmetic mean: Calculated by summing all observations and dividing this sum by the number of observations.
 - (2) Geometric mean: Calculated by computing the antilogarithm of the mean of the logarithms of the observations.

- (3) Median: That value, in an ordered array, that has an equal number of observations above and below it.

 Median is also known as the 50th percentile.
- (4) Square transformed mean: The arithmetic mean of observations whose values have been squared. The effect is to normalize data when it is negatively skewed.

 (Klienbaum and Kupper, 1978).
- d. Logarithm Transformation: Observation values are transformed to the natural logarithm. The effect is to normalize data when it is positively skewed.
- e. Observation Standardization: In order to use the table of normal distribution, observations were rescaled to a mean equal 0 and a standard deviation equal 1 using the following equation:

$$z_{ij} = (x_{ij} - u_j) / s_j$$

> x_{ij} = The value of observation_i in subaccount work center_i.

 u_{j} = The mean of subaccount work center_j.

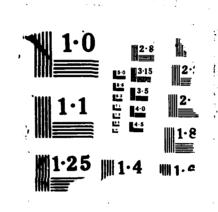
s_j = The standard deviation of subaccount work center;.

j = (e.g., BAA, BBA, BBC, etc.)

For all ambulatory subaccounts observations were screened at + or - 2.0 standard deviations. The probability of a value outside 2.0 standard deviations ranges from .0456 for

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subaccounts with N sizes greater than 120. The probability increases to 6.2% when the subaccount N size drops to 20.

f. Skewness: In a distribution if low values are bunched close to the mean and high values extend far above the mean this measure will be positive. When the low values of a distribution are extended, skewness will be negative. Tests of significance in this study utilized one-tail distribution .01 percentage points as provided by Snedecor and Cochran (1980). Coefficient of skewness is computed as follows:

$$M_3 / (M_2 \sqrt{M_2})$$

where: $M_2 = \sum (x - x)^2 / N$
 $M_3 = \sum (x - x)^3 / N$

APPENDIX B

DETAILED PRESENTATION OF
AMBULATORY WORK UNIT WEIGHTS

TABLE B-1

AWU WEIGHTS - MEDICAL CLINIC ACCOUNTS

	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	WEIGHT	N	L NAL	AWU KII
BAA	INTERNAL MEDICINE	\$72.66	GM	.0395	(165)	158	1.2621
	ALLEKGY CARDIOLOGY	\$15.19 \$66.98	A G	.0083	(145) (40)	135 36	0.2652 1.1631
	DIABETIC	6	AM	.0267	(16)	13	0.8531
BAF*	ENDOCRINOLOGY (METAB	_	W.S	.0399	(24)	22	1.2749
	GASTROENTEROLOGY	\$62.17	AM	.0338	(32)	32	1.0799
	HEMATOLOGY	\$83.69	W.S	.0455	(20)	19	1.4538
BAI	HYPERTENSION	\$42.66	СМ	.0232	(27)	25	0.7413
	NEPHROLOGY	\$115.74	AM	.0629	(20)	19	2.0098
	NEUROLOGY	\$67.06	W.D	.0364	(26)	51	1.1631
	NOTTITION	\$23.29	W.D	.0127	(149)	141	0.4058
٠ ۲	ONCOLOGY	\$85.77	AM	.0466	(24)	23	1.4890
*2	PULMONARY DISEASE	\$75.44	AM	.0410	(53)	28	1.3101
BAO	RHEUMATOLOGY	\$63.22	W.S	.0343	(20)	19	1.0960
BAP	DERMATOLOGY	\$39.70	W.D	.0216	(102)	95	0.6902
BAQ	INFECTIOUS DISEASE	\$72.66**	В	.0395	(o)	0	1.2621
	MEDICAL CLINICS NEC	\$72.66***	В	.0395	N/A	N/A	1.2621

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}\mathrm{AM}$ - arithmetic mean, GM - geometric mean.

^{*}FY 1984 and FY 1985 data used for ambulatory visit cost calculation.

^{**}No data reported in FY 1985. Fiscal Year 1986 data was examined and a number of facilities In addition, several of those facilities reporting workload and cost did not have a complete year of data. Subaccount assigned visit cost, location parameter and AWU weight for BAA - Internal Medicine. had active accounts but no workload.

Subaccount assigned cost factor, location parameter and AWU weight for BAA - Internal Medicine. ***Data reported in FY 1985 was very unstable.

TABLE B-2

AWU WEIGHTS - SURGICAL CLINIC ACCOUNTS

AWU RII	1.1024	1.8628 0.8819 2.3102 0.9746 1.2973 0.7477 1.2685 1.5848
FINAL N	154 20	16 92 22 14 84 N/A
INITIAL N	(162) (21)	(17) (99) (2) (97) (16) (90) (3) N/A
AWU WEIGHT	.0345	.0583 .0276 .0723 .0305 .0234 .0397 .0395
LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	GW YW	GW G
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$63.57 \$69.43	\$107.22 \$50.86 \$133.14 \$56.19 \$74.76 \$43.08 \$72.98 \$91.21 \$63.57**
SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	GENERAL SURGERY CARDIOVASCULAR AND THORACIC SURGERY	NEUROSURGERY OPHTHALMOLOGY ORGAN TRANSPLANT OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY PLASTIC SURGERY PROCTOLOGY UROLOGY PEDIATRIC SURGERY SURGICAL CLINICS NEC
CODE	BBA BBB*	BBC BBD BBE* BBF BBG BBH BBI BBJ BBZ

 $^{^1\}mathrm{AM}$ - arithmetic mean, GM - geometric mean.

^{*}FY 1984 and FY 1985 data used for ambulatory visit cost calculation.

^{**}No data reported in FY 1985. Subaccount assigned cost factor, location parameter and AWU weight for BBA - General Surgery.

TABLE B-3

AWU WEIGHTS - OBSTETRICAL/GYNECOLOGICAL CLINIC ACCOUNTS

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	AWU WEIGHT	INITIAL N	FINAL N	AWU RII
BCA BCB BCC	FAMILY PLANNING GYNECOLOGY OBSTETRICS	\$45.79 \$43.40 \$47.91	W W W	.0249	(63) (187) (168)	54 175 158	0.7956 0.7541 0.8308
1GM -	1cm - geometric mean.				•		

TABLE B-4

AWU WEIGHTS - PEDIATRIC CLINIC ACCOUNTS

AWU RII	0.6391 0.8116 0.4985 0.6391
FINAL N	187 31 137 N/A
INITIAL N	(194) (34) (149) N/A
AWU WEIGHT	.0200 .0254 .0156
LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	GM GM GM
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$36.86 \$46.66 \$28.66 \$36.86*
SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	PEDIATRIC ADOLESCENT WELL BABY PEDIATRIC CARE NEC
CODE	BDA BDB BDC BDZ

 $^{^{}m l}{}_{
m AM}$ - arithmetic mean, GM - geometric mean.

^{*}Data reported in FY 1985 was very unstable. Subaccount assigned cost factor, location parameter and AWU weight for BDA - Pediatric.

TABLE B-5

AWU WEIGHTS - ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC ACCOUNTS

AWU RII	1.1567 0.6391 0.7413 0.4250 1.0417 0.6742
FINAL N	118 79 9 14 54 73
INITIAL FINAL N N	(125) (88) (9) (16) (57) (78)
AWU WEIGHT	.0362 .0200 .0232 .0133
LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	GM GM MED GM GM
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$66.54 \$36.87 \$42.69 \$24.40 \$59.93 \$38.91
SUBACCOUNT A WORK CENTER V	ORTHOPEDIC CAST HAND SURGERY NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE PODIATRY
CODE	BEA BEC* BEC* BED* BEE

 $^{^{}m l}_{
m AM}$ - arithmetic mean, GM - geometric mean, MED - median.

^{*}FY 1984 and FY 1985 data used for ambulatory cost visit calculation.

					all all and all all	VA -7.4 AV	A THE AVALABLE AT A SALE
				RII	85 5 6 8		
				AWU R	1.1056 0.9426 0.8915 1.0608		
		rs		FINAL N	70 65 15 116		•
		CLINIC ACCOUNTS		INITIAL N	(74) (70) (17) (126)		calculation.
•			_	AWU WEIGHT	.0346 .0295 .0279		cost
	TABLE B-6	PSYCHIATRIC/MENTAL HEALTH	DIGIT LEVEL	LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W		mbulatory visit
	Ĥ	- PSYCHIATRI	THREE	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$63.60 \$54.31 \$51.34 \$61.11		used for ambu
		AWU WEIGHTS		SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	PSYCHIATRY PSYCHOLOGY CHILD GUIDANCE MENTAL HEALTH	geometric mean.	and FY 1985 data
				CODE	BFA BFB BFC BFD*	¹ GM - 0	*FY 1984
	<u>አ</u> ለውለውለፓ	\ \ \&\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	<u>ንለ</u> ውሂንለ	ይለ ይላውት	<i>ϯͺ</i> ϽϻϿϻϿϥ ϐϺ ϿϷ	ONONG	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$

TABLE B-7

AWU WEIGHTS - PRIMARY MEDICAL CLINIC ACCOUNTS

THREE DIGIT LEVEL

AWU RII	0.8404 1.0417 0.5208 0.4793 0.7413
A	
FINAL N	165 125 191 67 30 N/A
INITIAL F T N	(179) (138) (204) (72) (33) N/A
AWU WEIGHT	.0263 .0326 .0163 .0150 .0232
LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	AM GM GM AM
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$48.41 \$60.03 \$30.03 \$27.66 \$42.64 \$48.41
SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	PRIMARY CARE MEDICAL EXAMINATION OPTOMETRY AUDIOLOGY SPEECH PATHOLOGY PRIMUS
CODE	BHA BHB BHC BHD BHE BHE

 $^{^{\}mathrm{l}}$ AM - arithmetic mean, GM - geometric mean.

^{*}Scheduled to be added in FY 1988. Subaccount assigned cost factor, location parameter and AWU weight for BHA - Primary Care.

TABLE B-8

AWU WEIGHTS - AMBULATORY CLINIC ACCOUNTS

TWO DIGIT LEVEL

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	AWU WEIGHT	INITIAL FINAL N N	FINAL N	AWU RII
BG	FAMILY PRACTICE	\$49.24	AM	.0268	(105)	66	0.8563
BI	EMERGENCY MEDICAL	\$61.60	MED	.0335	(197)	184	1.0704
3	FLIGHT MEDICINE	\$52.72	GM	.0286	(175)	167	0.9139
BK*	UNDERSEAS MEDICINE	\$55.97	MED	.0304	(2)	2	0.9714
1,,,	law continuetic mean	NO - comptrie mean MDD - median	# 1 CGV	i o			

LAM - arithmetic mean, GM - geometric mean, MED - median.

*FY 1984 and FY 1985 data used in ambulatory visit cost calculation.

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TABLE B-9

AWU WEIGHT - ANCILLARY SERVICE CLINIC ACCOUNT

THREE DIGIT LEVEL

CODE	SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	AWU WEIGHT	INITIAL N	FINAL N	AWU RII
DHE	SOCIAL WORK SERVICES	\$39.29*	В	.0213	(148) 140	140	0.6806

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{GM}$ - geometric mean.

*MEPRS subaccount DHE - Social Work Services used to calculate subaccount cost factor, location parameter and AWU weight for BFE - Social Work.

TABLE B-10

AWU WEIGHTS - DENTAL CARE ACCOUNTS

TWO DIGIT LEVEL

AWU RII	.2013 .0543 .0735
FINAL N	196 48 133
INITIAL N	(207) 196 (54) 48 (142) 133
AWU WEIGHT	.0063
LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	ew Gw
DENTAL WTED PROCEDURE COST	\$11.53 \$3.04 CORY \$4.26
SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	DENTAL SERVICES TYPE 2 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY TYPE 3 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY
CODE	CA CB CC

TABLE B-11

AWU WEIGHTS - SPECIAL PROGRAMS CLINIC ACCOUNTS

THREE DIGIT LEVEL

AWU RII	.0671	1.2430	1.0608
FINAL N	7	4 4 4	N/A
INITIAL FINAL N N	ω	4 4 8 8	N/A
AWU WEIGHT	.0021	.0389	.0332
LOCATION PARAMETER ¹	AM	MED GM	В
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$3.91*	\$71.61** \$47.01***	\$61.11***
SUBACCOUNT WORK CENTER	TYPE I DENTAL PROSTHETIC LAB	COMMUNITY HEALTH OCCUPATIONAL	ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE/REHABILITATION PROGRAM
CODE	FAB	FBA FBG	FAE

 $^{^{}m l}$ AM - arithmatic mean, GM - geometric mean, MED - Median.

^{*}Dental weighted procedure cost,

Computed weight **Subaccount is scheduled to become BHF - Community Health. would also transfer.

Subaccount is scheduled to become BHG - Occupational Health. Computed weight would also transfer. ***FY 1986 data used for ambulatory visit cost calculation.

Assigned weight would also transfer. Subaccount Subaccount assigned cost factor, location parameter, and AWU weight for BFD - Mental Health. is scheduled to become BFF - Substance Abuse. Assigned weight would ****Incremental outpatient costs could not be separated.

APPENDIX C

MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM

MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITY

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT PRODUCTION

FISCAL YEAR 1985

TABLE C-1

AWU PRODUCTION

U.S. ARMY

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	COULLA	24000	7000	
	7) 	7	0
USA HOSP LANDSTUHL	532916	15630	.0293	1.0863
BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	860147	25120	.0292	1.0817
FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	556327	16226	.0292	1.0803
LETTERMAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	454660	13047	.0287	1.0629
MEDDAC REDSTONE ARSENAL	125746	3599	.0286	1.0600
MEDDAC FT IRWIN	54463	1523	.0280	1.0357
MEDDAC WEST POINT	143025	3999	.0280	.03
TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	723972	20058	7	0
USA MEDDAC WUERZBURG	297640	8225	.0276	.02
MEDDAC FT MCCLELLAN	160242	4425	.0276	•
MEDDAC FT BENNING	574066	0	.0275	•
USA MEDDAC NUERNBERG	475216	S	.0273	1.0095
MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	2094	232	7	1.0072
MEDDAC FT POLK	265537	7219	.0272	1.0069
WILLIAM BEAUMONT ARMY MED CENTER	727689	7	.0272	1.0066
MEDDAC FT BRAGG	2335	19561	.0270	1.0016
MEDDAC BAD CANNSTATT		8646	.0270	1.0010
MEDDAC FT BENJ HARRISON	91320	2464	.0270	0.9994
MEDDAC FT EUSTIS	69	5576	.0270	0.9992
EISENHOWER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	617747	16648	.0269	0.9982
MEDDAC VICENZA	79645	2140	.0269	0.9954
130TH STATION HOSPITAL	311032	8347	.0268	0.9940
18TH MEDCOM HOSPITAL	420682	11279	.0268	0.9931

TABLE C-1 (CONT'D)
AWU PRODUCTION
U.S. ARMY
FISCAL YEAR 1985

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FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
MEDDAC FT SILL	410839	10988	.0267	9066.0
MEDDAC FT ORD	455371	12175	.0267	0.9903
MEDDAC FT BELVOIR	423679	Н	.0267	0.9898
MEDDAC FT MEADE	394709	10543	.0267	0.9893
MEDDAC FT RUCKER	194717	5194	.0267	0.9879
MEDDAC FT HOOD	639536	17015	.0266	•
MEDDAC FT LEE	181832	4833	.0266	ο.
MEDDAC FT CARSON	339054	9001	.0265	ο.
MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN	91107	2411	.0265	0.9803
MEDDAC FT DEVENS	200612	5303	.0264	Q.
MEDDAC FT LEAVENWORTH	205179	5408	.0264	0.9762
	251551	6619	.0263	9
MEDDAC FT DIX	349128	9167	.0263	ο.
MEDDAC AUGSBURG	195349	5115	.0262	o,
FRANKFURT ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	701178	18327	.0261	σ,
MEDDAC FT WAINWRIGHT	116789	3041	.0260	0.9644
MEDDAC FT MONMOUTH	158949	4127	.0260	9
MEDDAC FT CAMPBELL	469198	~	.0259	ο.
MEDDAC FT JACKSON	434136	11236	.0259	ο.
MEDDAC FT STEWART	323130	8341	.0258	ο.
MEDDAC FT KNOX	464039	11798	.0254	٠
MEDDAC JAPAN	37859	962	.0254	0.9410
MEDDAC FT LEONARD WOOD	412280	10464	.0254	0.9401
MEDDAC FT HUACHUCA	151848	3841	.0253	9
MEDDAC FT RILEY	358892	8990	25	0.9278
		!!!!!!!		
U.S. ARMY TOTAL	18314959	497069		

TABLE C-2

AWU PRODUCTION

U.S. NAVY

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
NAVAL HOSPITAL BETHESDA NAVAL HOSPITAL PORTSMOUTH NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA NAVAL HOSPITAL ROOSEVELT ROADS NAVAL HOSPITAL SAN DIEGO NAVAL HOSPITAL SAN DIEGO NAVAL HOSPITAL CAMP LEJEUNE NAVAL HOSPITAL CORPUS CHRISTI NAVAL HOSPITAL BREMERTON NAVAL HOSPITAL GUAM NAVAL HOSPITAL MILLINGTON NAVAL HOSPITAL OKINAWA NAVAL HOSPITAL OKINAWA NAVAL HOSPITAL OKINAWA NAVAL HOSPITAL OAKLAND NAVAL HOSPITAL OAK HARBOR MEDICAL DEPARTMENT (YUMA) NAVAL HOSPITAL PENSACOLA	595401 258326 84465 34497 200749 200749 123844 178457 178472 573711 55182 108003 460504		.0302 .0284 .0285 .02881 .0278 .0277 .0276 .0275 .0275 .0275	1.1168 1.0557 1.0557 1.0551 1.0551 1.0511 1.0327 1.0229 1.0196 1.0196 1.0196 1.0196 1.0196 1.0196
NAVAL HOSPITAL PATUXENT RIVER	435	2004	26	86

TABLE C-2 (CONT'D)
AWU PRODUCTION
U.S. NAVY
FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
NAVAL HOSPITAL CHERRY POINT	9	4317	.0269	0.9965
NAVAL HOSPITAL LONG BEACH	357041	55	.0268	0.9910
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC PEARL HARBOR	278750	7455	.0267	0.9906
NAVAL HOSPITAL CHARLESTON	449835	02	.0267	0.9897
NAVAL HOSPITAL BREMERTON	16681	445	.0267	0.9882
NAVAL HOSPITAL NAPLES	03	2		0.9853
NAVAL HOSPITAL CAMP PENDLETON	457908	12145	.0265	0.9824
NAVAL HOSPITAL ORLANDO	312021	25	.0264	
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC QUANTICO	141960	74	.0264	0.9771
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC PORTSMOUTH	50175	1320	.0263	0.9741
NAVAL HOSPITAL LEMOORE	131809	44	.0261	0.9681
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	64	17030	.0256	0.9489
NAVAL HOSPITAL GROTON	237571	6064	.0255	0.9454
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC KEY WEST	45991	1169	.0254	~
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC SEATTLE	39371	994	10	0.9350
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC PORT HUENEME	86920	9	.0249	0.9223
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC NEW ORLEANS	60193		.0249	0
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC ANNAPOLIS	88479	2193	.0248	0.9179
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC SAN DIEGO	419272	10330	.0246	
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC NORFOLK	694246	16606		0.8859
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC WASH DC	83719	1995	.0238	0.8825
	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1		
U.S. NAVY TOTAL	11380935	308180		

TABLE C-3

AWU PRODUCTION

U.S. AIR FORCE

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	Total Ambulatory Visits	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
אנטונונה מסטוו מנטוו	6	•	(
	20935	7	6870.	1.0/18
USAF HOSP, OSAN	130394	3751	.0288	1.0654
GRANT MED CENTER, TRAVIS AFB	365255		.0284	1.0534
USAF HOSP, IRAKLION CRETE	15958		.0283	1.0477
WILFORD HALL MED CENTER, LACKLAND AFB	913602	25779	ω	1.0451
USAF HOSP, INCIRLIK	45812		.0281	1.0400
USAF HOSP, PATRICK AFB	~	3677	7	1.0327
MALCOLM GROW MED CENTER, ANDREWS AFB	N	12044	.0278	1.0314
USAF ACADEMY HOSP	Q	6379	.0278	
USAF HOSP, ENGLAND AFB	87892	2436	.0277	9
USAF HOSP, LAKENHEATH	57	4359	.0277	1.0259
ENTER,	329026	Н	.0277	1.0258
	90158	2487	.0276	1.0219
USAF HOSP, WIESBADEN	190892	5264	.0276	ч
USAF HOSP, ATHENS	41927	1152	.0275	1.0177
USAF HOSP, CLARK	80	7703	.0275	1.0174
KEESLER MED CENTER, KEESLER AFB	86	10612	.0275	1.0168
	0206	54	.0274	1.0161
USAF HOSP, ELMENDORF AFB	203925	5585	.0274	
Ξ	110756	0	.0274	1.0138
USAF HOSP, BERGSTROM AFB	129351	3540	.0274	1.0136
HOSP,	84853	_	~	
, EDWARDS	93230	2540	.0272	1.0093
USAF HOSP, LANGLEY AFB	244917	6671	.0272	1.0089

TABLE C-3 (CONT'D)

AWU PRODUCTION TABLE C-3 (CONT'D)
AWU PRODUCTION
U.S. AIR FORCE
FISCAL YEAR 1985

	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY
FACILITY*				INDEX
USAF REG HOSP, EGLIN AFB	338704		.0272	1.0085
G DET 119,	756		.0272	1.0076
USAF HOSP, NELLIS AFB	189904	5164	.0272	1.0073
SHAW REG HOSP, SHAW AFB	3525	ဖ	.0272	00.
USAF HOSP, YOKOTA	O	2350	.0272	1.0059
HOSP,	0	3932	.0271	1.0037
HOSP,	0101	2736	2	1.0031
	74826	2019	.0270	666.
H REG H	202384	5456	.0270	0.9985
USAF REG HOSP, SHEPPARD AFB	213399	5752	.0270	0.9983
SCOTT MED CENTER, SCOTT AFB	294215	7927	.0269	.997
USAF HOSP, FAIRCHILD AFB	118893	3203	.0269	.997
HOSP,	88708	2389	.0269	7
HOSP,	126608	3410	.0269	.997
TUSLOG DET 37, ANKARA	10944	295	.0269	_
	n	N	.0269	0.9957
HOSP,	215354	5785	.0269	マ
CLINIC	21331	572	.0268	$^{\circ}$
	192		.0268	\sim
USAF CLINIC, ANDERSON GUAM	73021	1955	.0268	0.9917
	114965	0	.0267	0
	24712	629	.0267	0.9884
	673	3642	.0266	0.9865
USAF CLINIC, ZARAGOZA	21748	579	.0266	0.9864
USAF REG HOSP, CARSWELL AFB	266644	7098	.0266	
HOSP, LORI		1801	.0266	85
HOSP,	78	N	.0266	0.9853

FACILITY*	TOTAL Ambulatory Visits	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
USAF HOSP, CASTLE AFB	134587	58	.0266	0.9852
CLINIC	86	1027	.0266	.985
USAF HOSP, F E WARREN AFB	92961	47	.0266	0.9850
O	390	69	.0266	.984
LUKE AFB	202673	38	9	.983
	88102	2339	.0265	0.9833
CLINI	42	0	Ø	.983
	156847	9	26	.982
USAF CLINIC, GREENHAM COMMON	96		.0265	.98
CLL REG	138	65	26	0.9804
	9	9	26	.97
CLINIC	18165	∞	2	.97
HOSP,	673	34	.0264	0.9777
HOSP,	74348	96	.0264	.97
HOSP,	64	01	.0263	.97
	832	32	.0263	.97
	98442	59	.0263	.97
HOSP, MA	102472	69	.0263	7
	468	17	26	.974
CLINIC		61	9	.97
HOSP,	425	60	.0263	~
HOSP,	69	98	.0262	.971
HOSP,	60	25	9	H
HOSP,	3605	56	.0262	.971
HOSP,	22	93	.0262	
HOSP,		2287	.0262	0.9698
USAF HOSP, MISAWA	61	68		0.9683

TABLE C-3 (CONT'D)
AWU PRODUCTION
U.S. AIR FORCE
FISCAL YEAR 1985

STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
LOWRY USAF/HDC	46394		.0261	0.9682
USAF HOSP, LITTLE ROCK AFB		4326	.0261	67
USAF HOSP, COLUMBUS AFB	70573	4	.0261	0.9657
USAF HOSP, ROBINS AFB	398	7	.0260	3
USAF HOSP, GRIFFISS AFB		S	.0260	.963
USAF HOSP, WURTSMITH AFB	75008	94	.0260	0.9623
USAF HOSP, HAHN	80495	9	.0260	.961
CLINIC	∞	26	.0259	.961
	97956	52	.0258	56
USAF CLINIC, RAMSTEIN	21	14	S	.955
PETERSON USAF/HDC	4	68	.0258	.954
USAF HOSP, MCCONNELL AFB		99	S	.954
	S	97	.0257	~
USAF HOSP, OFFUTT AFB	97	63	S	.950
MCGUIRE USAF/HDC	42969	1101	.0256	.948
HANSCOM USAF/HDC	ເດ	9	.0256	.948
USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES	28289	2	2	46
USAF HOSP, LAUGHLIN AFB	m	1630	.0255	44
CHARLESTON USAF/HDC	Φ	69	2	4
USAF CLINIC, CHICKSANDS	25201	642	S	0.9443
BROOKS USAF/HDC	Φ	9	\mathbf{S}	4
USAF HOSP, KIRTLAND AFB	4	95	S	44
EIELSON USAF/HDC	52812	1342	.0254	0.9411
USAF CLINIC, RHEIN-MAIN	210	7	വ	40
POPE USAF/HDC	196	Ч	Ŋ	
HOSP, TI	~	4	.0252	
USAF CLINIC, AVIANO	284		2	

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FACILITY*	FIELD	TOTAL AWUS		FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
	138165	3481	.0252	0.9331
	44891	1129	.0252	0.9319
	94601	2376	.0251	0.9304
	124071	3114	.0251	0.9296
	51262	1286	.0251	0.9295
	25528	641	.0251	0.9294
	76351	1915	.0251	0.9289
	32357	811	.0251	0.9281
	66140	1651	.0250	0.9245
	29232	729	.0250	0.9242
	47036	1155	.0246	0.9099
	126652	2967	.0234	0.8677
	34667	807	.0233	0.8620
		2538	.0229	0.8499
		1 0		
	145/5568	390029		
	44271462	1195278		

TABLE C-4

DENTAL AWU PRODUCTION

U.S. ARMY

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN FISENHOWER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	129911	818	.0063	1.1708
MEDDAC FT WAINWRIGHT	0017	28	. 0057	Ò
MEDDAC FT BRAGG	30	œ	.0056	
MEDDAC REDSTONE ARSENAL	2611	0		.041
MEDDAC PANAMA	3825	33	.0056	.040
MEDDAC FT MCCLELLAN	0655	⊣	9500.	.039
MEDDAC FT EUSTIS	8606	59	9300.	.038
FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	0472	7	S	.025
MEDDAC FT DIX	3292	28	S	.024
MEDDAC FT LEE	0405	12	5	.023
MEDDAC FT SILL	8220	74	.0055	.020
MEDDAC FT CAMPBELL	2345	51	2	.019
MEDDAC FT HUACHUCA	08	1558	10	1.0195
18TH MEDCOM HOSPITAL	1248	35	05	.018
FRANKFURT ARMY MEDICAL CENTER		93	05	.017
MEDDAC FT DEVENS	6587	45	S	.016
MEDDAC BAD CANNSTATT	8208	14	.0054	.003
MEDDAC FT STEWART	5101	96		.001
MEDDAC FT IRWIN	79	526	.0054	.997
MEDDAC FT HOOD	1443944	4	.0054	966.
MEDDAC VICENZA	246		Ω	92
MEDDAC FT CARSON	797534	25	.0053	0
MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	897478	7		0.9887

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
MEDDAC FT RUCKER	705	4	05	.988
130TH STATION HOSPITAL Meddac west dotne	599660 196699	3 184 1044	.0053	0.9867 0.9865
MEDDAC FT BENNING	408	46	05	986.
USA HOSP LANDSTUHL	6529	5	.0053	6
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	6444	0	05	.979
MEDDAC FT LEONARD WOOD	530152	79	.0053	.978
MEDDAC FT JACKSON	4198	32	05	.976
MEDDAC FT KNOX	35	39	05	.975
MEDDAC FT ORD	588627	07	.0052	0.9709
MEDDAC JAPAN	108	7	05	.970
MEDDAC FT MEADE	3120	∞	.0052	.967
TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	1096	69	.0052	.964
MEDDAC FT MONMOUTH	2989	674	.0052	.963
USA MEDDAC NUERNBERG	5024	88	.0052	96.
USA MEDDAC WUERZBURG	24	3016	.0052	.962
MEDDAC FT POLK	8055	46		0.9529
MEDDAC FT LEAVENWORTH	250903	28	.0051	.951
	9591	1513	.0051	0.9504
MEDDAC FT RILEY	2362	∞	.0051	7
LETTERMAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	92	1279	.0050	.928
MEDDAC AUGSBURG		1993	.0049	0.9193
WILLIAM BEAUMONT ARMY MED CENTER	913455	4416	0	.89
BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	521875	2461	.0047	0.8763
	!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!	1 1 1 1		
U.S. ARMY TOTAL	25066834	133690		

TABLE C-5

DENTAL AWU PRODUCTION

U.S. NAVY

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
	(١	t
NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA		130	. 0063	1.1708
NAVAL HOSPITAL ROOSEVELT ROADS	19601	123	.0063	1.1708
NAVAL HOSPITAL CAMP LEJEUNE	085	9	.0063	1.1708
NAVAL HOSPITAL BREMERTON	4	92	.0063	0
NAVAL HOSPITAL OKINAWA	68	118	.0063	1.1708
NAVAL HOSPITAL GUAM	163		.0063	1.1708
NAVAL HOSPITAL BEAUFORT	316	7	.0063	0
NAVAL HOSPITAL MILLINGTON	3	0	.0063	1.1708
NAVAL HOSPITAL NEWPORT	062		.0063	70
NAVAL HOSPITAL JACKSONVILLE	44		.0063	70
NAVAL HOSPITAL SUBIC BAY	874	118	90	70
NAVAL HOSPITAL PENSACOLA	361		.0063	0
NAVAL HOSPITAL CHERRY POINT	∞		.0063	70
NAVAL HOSPITAL CHARLESTON	350	148	,0063	
NAVAL HOSPITAL ORLANDO	1	149	.0063	0
NAVAL HOSPITAL GROTON		48	.0063	0
NAVAL HOSPITAL BETHESDA		389	.0063	1.1648
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC SAN DIEGO	2098659	12756	.0061	59
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC ORLANDO	8174	9699	. 0058	1.0782
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC			.0057	1.0564
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC PENSACOLA	4155	4745	.0056	1.0478
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC GUAM	289515	1626	.0056	1.0438
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC PARRIS ISLAND		4005	.0056	1.0371
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC LONG BEACH	394828	2190	.0055	1.0309

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TABLE C-5 (CONT'D)
DENTAL AWU PRODUCTION
U.S. NAVY
FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC SHRIC RAV	292300	1617	2500	ומכטו
DENTAL CLINIC	5821	62	. 0055	. 022
DENTAL CLINIC NAPLES	26	i m	.0054	0
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC CHARLESTON	41	1856	.0054	.010
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC GLAKES	305	8863	.0054	.010
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC JAXS	0467	3284	.0054	.009
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC YOKOSUKA	339843	1827	.0054	.999
NAVAL HOSPITAL SAN DIEGO	7462	936	.0054	966.
NAVAL HOSPITAL LONG BEACH	561	190	.0053	0.9931
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	91128	486	.0053	.991
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC BREMERTON	551578	2939	.0053	0.9901
NAVAL HOSPITAL CAMP PENDLETON	0	372	.0053	.983
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC NEWPORT	622198	3266	.0052	0.9756
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC OKINAWA	25	1703	.0052	.970
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC BETHESDA	1115585	5750	.0052	.957
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC CAMP PENDLTON	89	4008	.0051	.944
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC SAN FRANCISCO	85	3955	.0050	.936
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC NORFOLK	1762826	~	.0050	.930
NAVAL HOSPITAL PORTSMOUTH	147702	733	.0050	0.9225
NAVAL HOSPITAL OAKLAND	120051		.0049	0.9083
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC PHILADELPHIA	249087	Ŋ	.0046	0.8576
NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC ROOSEVELT ROADS	192067	833	.0043	0.8060
		!!!!!!		
U.S. NAVY	17717159	96440		

TABLE C-6

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DENTAL AWU PRODUCTION

U.S. AIR FORCE

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
TISAR CLINIC PAIDEODD	Ċ			(
CHINIC, FAINFORD	7	14/	. 0063	1.1/08
CLINIC,	55	282	.0062	1.1511
	83366	504	0900.	1.1233
	11	602	0900.	
CLINIC,	89	231	.0059	1.1033
CLINIC,	51517	306	.0059	.102
CLINIC,	32	493	.0059	.100
CLINIC	84	287	. 0059	1.1006
HOSP,		565	.0059	1.0964
HOSP, BITBURG	9	834	.0059	1.0944
HOSP,	124387	731	.0059	•
HOSP,	~	446	.0059	1.0883
HOSP,	വ	524	.0059	1.0879
HOSP,	171205	1001	.0058	1.0866
	204414	1194	.0058	1.0856
FILLOW USAF/HDC	99	389	.0058	1.0851
	77959	455	.0058	1.0849
CLINIC	71	625	.0058	1.0843
HOSP,	26	943	.0058	1.0770
HOSP,	62	790	.0058	1.0743
	28	883	.0058	1.0731
USAF/HDC	128350	741	.0058	1.0727
CLINIC	003	808	.0058	1.0727
USAF HOSP, ALTUS AFB	55990	323	.0058	1.0719

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
USAF CLINIC, AVIANO	58238	335	.0058	1.0698
_	930		.0058	.069
	ø	S	.0057	1.0677
HOSP,	95	457	.0057	1.0675
HOSP,	9	7		1.0656
USAF HOSP, HAHN	152823	874	.0057	.062
	885	806	.0057	1.0624
CLINIC	442	425	.0057	1.0611
VANDED	48	813	.0057	.060
HOSP,	3	397	.0057	1.0604
HOSP,	029	800	.0057	.05
HOSP,	88	774	.0057	1.0590
USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES	53	258	.0057	1.0580
BROOKS USAF/HDC	44	224	.0057	1.0568
Æ,	473	2	.0057	0
HOSP,	107254	610	.0057	0
	149129	848	.0057	•
USAF HOSP, LAUGHLIN AFB	65082	9	.0057	.053
S	46694	265	.0057	.052
E E	04	∞	.0057	$^{\circ}$
	42957	243	.0057	.052
USAF HOSP, BERGSTROM AFB	163063	2	.0057	.050
USAF/	44	ø	.0056	.049
HOSP,	7	52	9500.	1.0472
HOSP,	016	1136	9500.	
HOSP,	80	9	9500.	.045
USAF HOSP, INCIRLIK	80	7	9500.	1.0453

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*>=====================================	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY
recturit.				TUDEA
USAF HOSP, IRAKLION CRETE	0	237	.0056	1.0451
	16	4	.0056	1.0446
USAF HOSP, WURTSMITH AFB	934	0	9500.	1.0440
USAF HOSP, LANGLEY AFB	80	1574	9500.	1.0433
_	769	~	.0056	.042
_	12	7	.0056	0.
_	368	7	.0056	.040
CLINIC	400	526	വ	.039
HOSP,	158	735	05	.037
	7314	964	05	.034
CLINIC	3905	774	S	.034
USAF HOSP, WHITEMAN AFB	922	552	05	.034
CHARLESTON USAF/HDC	2417	069	05	.032
USAF CLINIC, RAMSTEIN	7072	2057	.0055	.031
USAF/HDC	2289	682	.0055	.030
S	5334	850	.0055	.030
MED CENTER, WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB	271324	50	.0055	1.0295
HOSP,	2760	1260	.0055	.029
USAF HOSP, TINKER AFB	1761	1.04	.0055	.028
USAF HOSP, LAKENHEATH	2948	1270	.0055	.028
NORTON USAF/HDC	6909	889	.0055	.027
REG HO	6812	929	.0055	.026
USAF HOSP, LUKE AFB	9424	7	.0055	.026
USAF HOSP, DAVIS-MONTHON AFB	019	16	.0055	.026
USAF HOSP, MATHER AFB	6793	2	വ	.02
USAF HOSP, KIRTLAND AFB	157891	871	.0055	1.0248
HICKAM USAF/HC	2011		2	.02

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
RANDOLPH USAF/HDC	9154	S	.0055	
LOWRY USAF/HDC	$^{\circ}$	28	.0055	1.0209
	125	Н	.0055	1.0189
	106517	ω	.0055	œ
USAF HOSP, MISAWA	373	753	.0055	1.0186
USAF HOSP, LORING AFB	σ	805	.0055	1.0183
王	672	916	.0055	1.0180
	3	642	.0055	1.0158
HOSP,	∞	802	.0055	1.0144
USAF HOSP, COLUMBUS AFB	σ	486	.0055	•
USAF CLINIC, SPANGDAHLEM	9	663	.0055	1.0130
USAF REG HOSP, EGLIN AFB	470	43	.0054	•
USAF CLINIC, KADENA	358101	1951	.0054	1.0125
MALCOLM GROW MED CENTER, ANDREWS AFB	905	9	.0054	1.0110
MACDILL REG HOSP, MACDILL AFB	020	60	.0054	•
USAF HOSP, WIESBADEN	0	2	.0054	1.0066
USAF HOSP, PATRICK AFB	523	822	.0054	•
USAF HOSP, ELMENDORF AFB	188	1718	.0054	1.0011
MCCHORD USAF/HDC	_	888	.0054	0.9990
E BERGQUIST HOSP, OFFUTT AFB	79	2039	.0054	0.9989
USAF HOSP, HILL AFB	ന	വ	.0054	0.9987
KEESLER MED CENTER, KEESLER AFB	Н	2143	.0054	•
USAF HOSP, ATHENS	61	408	.0054	0.9946
SCOTT MED CENTER, SCOTT AFB	86		.0053	0.9924
USAF HOSP, PEASE AFB	0	722	05	66.
TUSLOG DET 37, ANKARA	695	4	.0053	œ
USAF REG HOSP, SHEPPARD AFB	300899	1599	.0053	87

FACILITY*	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	TOTAL AWUS	AWUS PER AMBULATORY VISIT	FACILITY RESOURCE INTENSITY INDEX
	172831	7	.0053	83
USAF HOSP, GEORGE AFB	165424	7	.0053	7
USAF HOSP, TYNDALL AFB	144451	758	.0052	0.9752
USAF ACADEMY HOSP	231072	1203	.0052	0.9672
USAF HOSP, YOKOTA	294743	1523	.0052	0.9604
USAF HOSP, LITTLE ROCK AFB	174210	006	.0052	0.9602
EIELSON USAF/HDC	167114	863	.0052	0.9599
GRANT MED CENTER, TRAVIS AFB	349169	1773	.0051	0.9436
PETERSON USAF/HDC	148094	732	.0049	0.9181
WILFORD HALL MED CENTER, LACKLAND AFB	894311	4308	.0048	0.8951
VANCE USAF/HDC	40077	191	.0048	0.8834
MARCH REG HOSP, MARCH AFB	313081	1294	.0041	0.7681
USAF HOSP, BARKSDALE AFB	836706	2762	.0033	0.6135
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1		
U.S. AIR FORCE TOTAL	19950430	107451		
MHSS GRAND TOTAL	62734423	337581		

^{*}Some facility names have been altered to achieve uniformity.

APPENDIX D

PLOTS OF SUBACCOUNT

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT RESOURCE INTENSITY

BY DIAGNOSIS RELATED GROUP CASE COMPLEXITY

FISCAL YEAR 1985

FIGURE D-1 AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY U.S. ARMY

FISCAL YEAR 1985

AWU CASE COMPLEXITY INDEX 2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 BBB - C/V Surgery Clinic--> * 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 3.1 3.3 3.5 2.9 1.1 1.3 1.7 1.9 2.1 2.3 2.5 2.7 DRG CASE COMPLEXITY INDEX

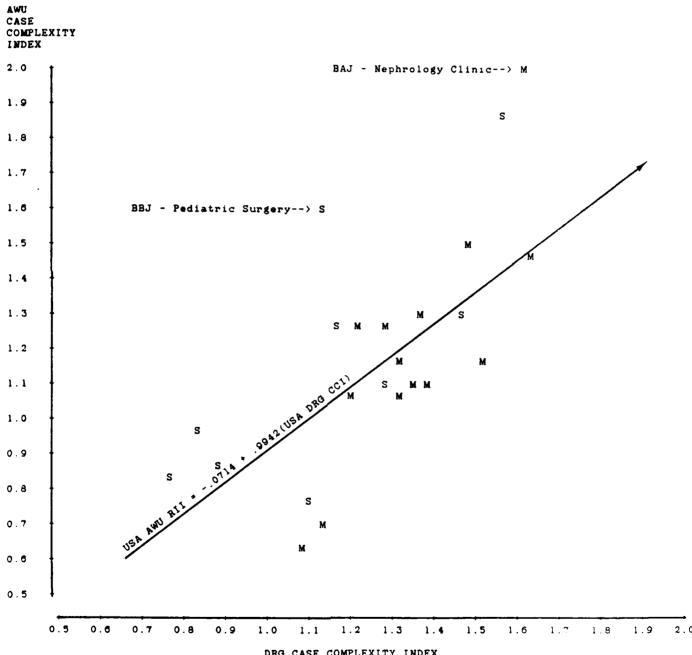
ASSESSED FIFTHER CONCORD FIFTH FOR STATESTS DESCRIBED CONCRETE DESCRIPTION FROM STATESTS OF THE STATEST OF THE

AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY*1

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY - REGRESSION EQUATION

U.S. ARMY

FISCAL YEAR 1985



DRG CASE COMPLEXITY INDEX

*M * Medical care summary account. S * Surgical care summary account.

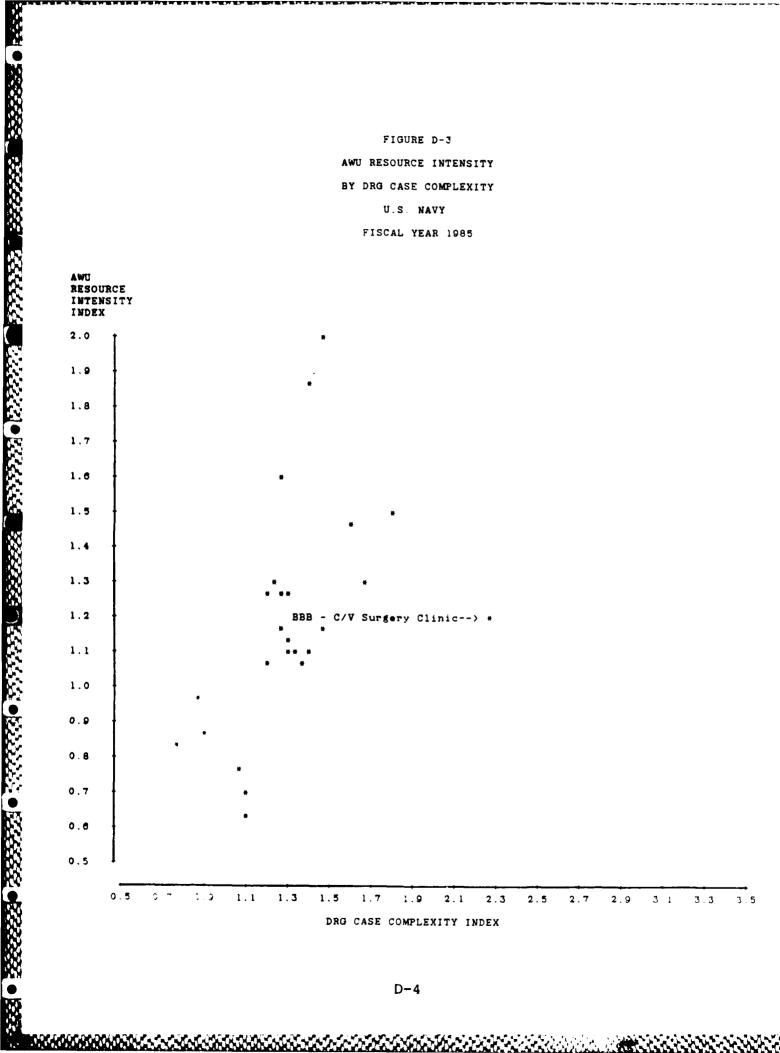
 $^{^{1}\}mathtt{BBB}$ - Cardiovascular Surgery Clinic eliminated.

AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY

U.S. NAVY

FISCAL YEAR 1985



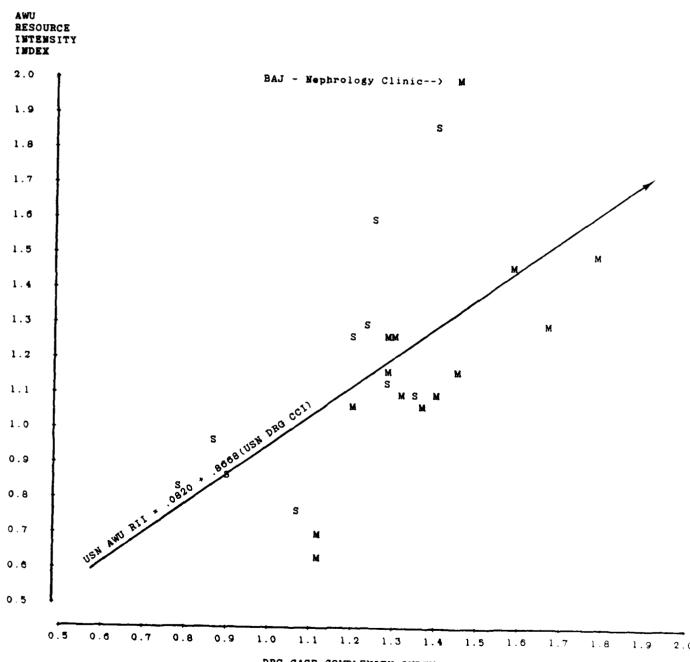
D-4

AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY* 1

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY - REGRESSION EQUATION

U.S. NAVY

FISCAL YEAR 1985



DRG CASE COMPLEXITY INDEX

*M = Medical care summary account. S = Surgical care summary account.

BBB - Cardiovascular Surgery Clinic eliminated.

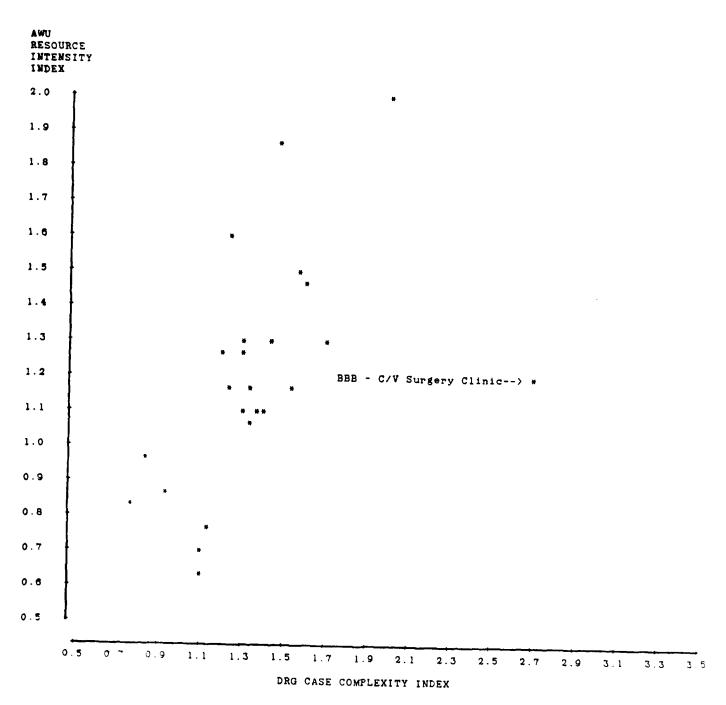
FIGURE D-5

AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY

U.S. AIR FORCE

FISCAL YEAR 1985

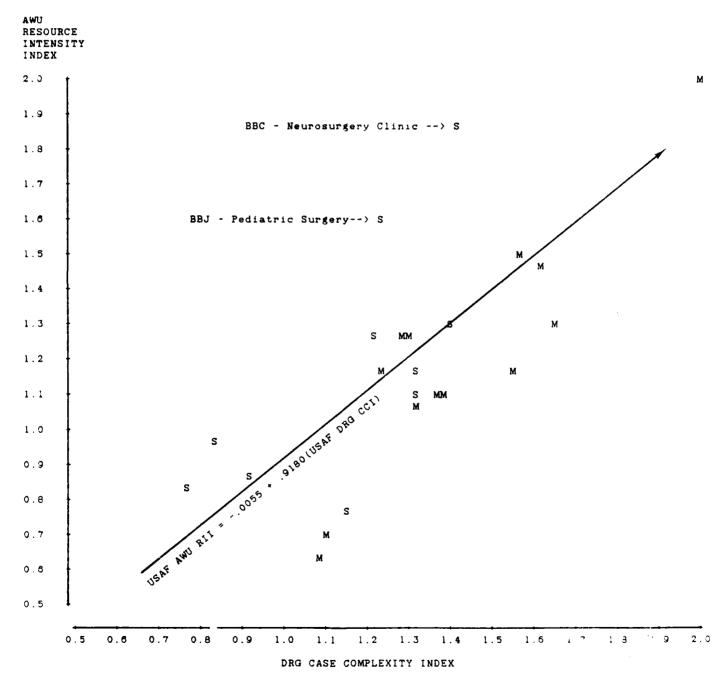


AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY*1

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY - REGRESSION EQUATION

U.S. AIR FORCE

FISCAL YEAR 1985



*M = Medical care summary account. S = Surgical care summary account.

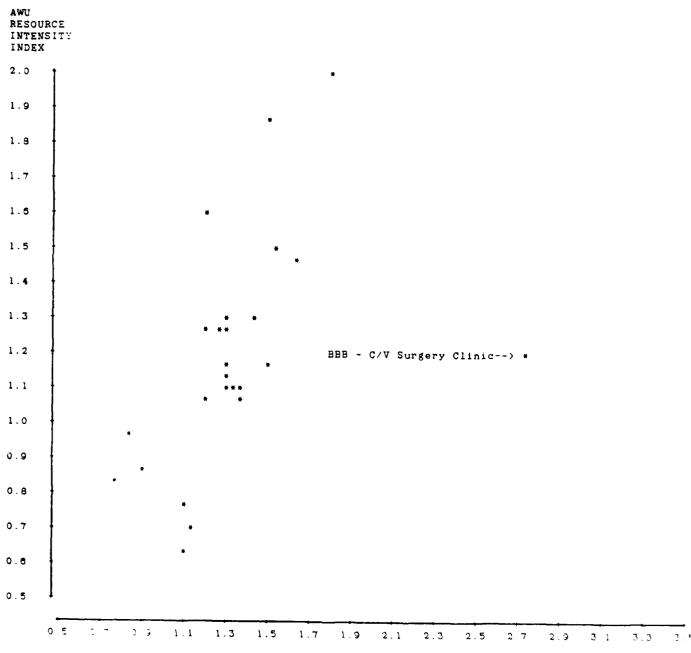
 $^{^{1}\}mathtt{BBB}$ - Cardiovascular Surgery Clinic eliminated.

AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY

MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM

FISCAL YEAR 1985



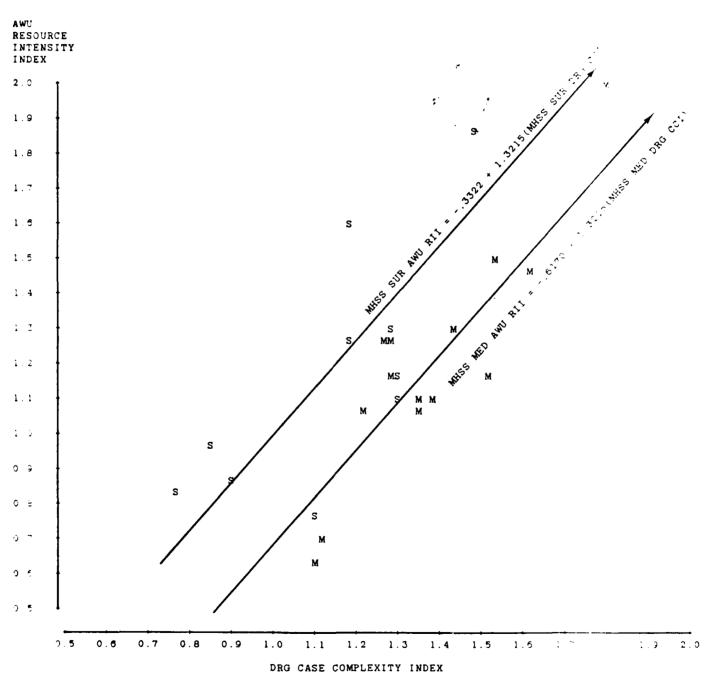
DRG CASE COMPLEXITY INDEX

AWU RESOURCE INTENSITY*1

BY DRG CASE COMPLEXITY - REGRESSION EQUATIONS

MILITARY HEALTH SERVICE SYSTEM

FISCAL YEAR 1985



*M = Medical care summary account. S = Surgical care summary account.

BBB - Cardiovascular Surgery Clinic eliminated.

APPENDIX E

AMBULATORY COST FACTOR AND WORK UNIT CALCULATIONS

AMBULATORY COST FACTOR AND WORK UNIT CALCULATIONS

- For each ambulatory care subaccount the following data is included:
- (1) Table 1 presents initial record screen failures.

 Criteria for failure is discussed in Chapter 2.
- (2) Facility subaccounts eliminated due to ambulatory visit cost distribution screens are presented in Table 2.
- (3) Parameter estimates, skewness coefficients, and skewness probability values are presented in Table 3. Parameter estimates are listed until skewness coefficient is no longer significant.
- (4) Table 4 presents the parameter estimate selected as cost factor for calculation of the AWU.
- (5) Facility names are listed as they appeared in MEPRS
 PCOM files with little no modification and differ slightly from
 Appendix C.

TABLE BAA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER LETTERMAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$596,837 \$893,057	21348	\$27.96	-2.31
NAVAL HOSPITAL CORPUS CHRISTI	\$605,029	19780	\$30.59	-2.08
NAVAL HOSPITAL BETHESDA MD	\$3,353,986	20350	\$164.82	2.15
NAVAL HOSPITAL LEMOORE	\$66,455	2406	\$27.62	-2.34
USAF CLINIC, KADENA JAPAN	\$22,528	1264	\$17.82	-3.44
USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB	\$92,361	5225	\$17.68	-3.46

TABLE RAA

• FARRING TOTAL OF BRINGS STAND STANDS FOR THE PROPERTY OF STANDS STANDS OF STANDS OF

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC

LOCATION PARAMETER	z	N PARAMETER MINIMUM MAXIMUM SKEWNESS SKEWNESS ESTIMATE COST COST P VALUE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM COST	SKEWNESS	SKEWNESS P VALUE
ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 158 \$76.82	158	\$76.82	\$32.54	\$32.54 \$153.00	0.76421	LT .01
'RIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.)	158	\$72.66	\$32.54	\$153.00	04034	GT .01

TABLE BAA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 158 \$72.66 .0395

TABLE BAB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAB - ALLERGY CLINIC

ADJUSTED TOTAL	\$119 0
TOTAL AMBULATORY	\$410 0
COSTS VISITS	\$116 0
FACILITY NAME	USAF ACADEMY HOSP USAF HOSP, PATRICK AFB USAF HOSP, MOODY AFB

TABLE BAB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAB - ALLERGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT WAINWRIGHT	\$7,274	53	\$137.25	2.77
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$1,729,424	21712	370.61	2.06
	\$30, 586	362	\$84.49	2.14
USAF CLINIC, AVIANO 1TAL	\$6,120	30	\$92.88	32.5
USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES	\$19,812	110	\$180.11	3.12
USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN	\$3,274	33	\$99.21	2.34
USAF HOSP, OSAN KOREA	\$400	192	\$2.08	-2.67

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAB - ALLERGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01
1 MAXIMUM SKEWNESS SKEWNESS COST P VALUE	1.37175
MAXIMUM COST	\$62.24
MINIMUM COST	\$4.09
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$18.87 \$15.19
z	135 135
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 135 \$18.87 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 135 \$15.19

TABLE BAB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAB - ALLERGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 135 \$15.19 .0083

TABLE BAC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAC - CARDIOLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	0 661
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$273 \$0
FACILITY NAME	USAF ACADEMY HOSP USAF HOSP, LUKE AFB

TABLE BAC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAC - CARDIOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT STEWART	\$22,357	85	\$263.02	2.61
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	\$434,363	1431	\$303.54	

TABLE BAC-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAC - CARDIOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.80842
MAXIMUM COST	\$148.56
MINIMUM COST	\$30.55
Parameter Estimate	\$6.98
z	36
	S.D.)
	(2
ION ETER	COST
LOCATION PARAMETER	MEAN
	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 36 \$66.98

TABLE BAC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAC - CARDIOLOGY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 36 \$66.98 .0364

TABLE BAE-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAE - DIABETIC CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	00
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$335 \$37
	AFB
	WILFORD HALL MED CEN, LACKLAND AFB MEDDAC WEST POINT
	CEN,
	MED
	HALL EST P
FACILITY NAME	WILFORD HALL MED MEDDAC WEST POINT

TABLE BAE-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAE - DIABETIC CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

FACILITY	ADJUSTED	TOTAL	AMBULATORY	AMBULATORY S. D. FROM
NAME	TOTAL	TORY	VISIT COST	VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN
	COSTS	VISITS		
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	\$12,159	1922	\$6.33	-2.52

TABLE BAE-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAE - DIABETIC CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.52356
MAXIMUM COST	\$92.21
MINIMUM	\$17.28
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$49.09
z	13
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 13 \$49.09

TABLE BAE-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAE - DIABETIC CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 13 \$49.09 .0267

TABLE BAF-1

A PORT - LECONOS - POSTES - PO

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAF - ENDOCRINOLOGY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAF-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAF - ENDOCRINOLOGY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NAME TOTAL TOTAL COSTS MED CEN, WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB S10 350
1001017

TABLE BAF-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAF - ENDOCRINOLOGY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS SKEWNESS P VALUE	2.16306 LT .01
MAXIMUM COST	\$36.27 \$242.83
MINIMUM	\$36.27
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$82.22
LOCATION N PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 22 \$

TABLE BAF-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAF - ENDOCRINOLOGY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 22 \$73.39 .03

TABLE BAG-1

KAZA O DIDIDIA BARADAR I KASAZA BARAHAR BIDIDIDI BARADAR BARADAR OSIDIDIA OKAKAK OKAKAKA BARA

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAG - GASTROENTEROLOGY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAG-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAG - GASTROENTEROLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY S. D. FROM VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN	\$132.11 2.00 \$166.80 2.61 \$25.08 -2.34
TOTAL	4416
AMBULATORY	584
VISITS	1005
ADJUSTED	\$583,382
TOTAL	\$97,413
COSTS	\$25,204
FACILITY NAME	EISENHOWER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER NAVAL HOSPITAL OAKLAND NAVAL HOSPITAL CAMP PENDLETON

TABLE BAG-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAG - GASTROENTEROLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT . 01
M SKEWNESS SKEWNESS P VALUE	\$32.39 \$102.96 0.32808
MAXIMU COST	\$102.96
MINIMUM	\$32.39
N PARAMETER MINIMUM I ESTIMATE COST	\$62.17
z	32
	(2 S.D.)
ON FER	COST
LOCATION PARAMETE	MEAN
1	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 32 \$62.17

TABLE BAG-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAG - GASTROENTEROLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

ARITHMETIC MEAN 32 \$62.17 .033

TABLE BAH-1

AMAIN DOCOCOUR TO PARAMENT TO CONTROL TO PARAMENT TO PARAMENT TO CONTROL TO C

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAH - HEMATOLOGY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAH-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAH - HEMATOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	AMBULATORY S. D. FROM VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN
BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$4,890,030	2970	1646.47	2.67

TABLE BAH-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAH - HEMATOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.79952
MAXIMUM	\$394.26
COST	\$394.26
MINIMUM COST	\$12.42
Parameter	\$113.05
Estimate	\$83.69
z	19 19
LOCATION	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 19 \$113.05
PARAMETER	GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 19 \$83.69

TABLE BAH-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAH - HEMATOLOGY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 19 \$83.69 .0455

TABLE BAI-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAI - HYPERTENSION CLINIC

FACILITY ADJUSTED TOTAL NAME TOTAL COSTS VISITS

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER \$430

0

TABLE BAI-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAI - HYPERTENSION CLINIC

3.56 S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN AMBULATORY VISIT COST \$631.24 AMBULATORY VISITS 41 TOTAL ADJUSTED TOTAL \$25,881 COSTS WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FACILITY NAME

TABLE BAI-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAI - HYPERTENSION CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.25263
MAXIMUM COST	\$108.48
MINIMUM	\$12.11
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$48.45 \$42.66
z	25 25
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 25 \$48.45 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 25 \$42.66

TABLE BAI-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAI - HYPERTENSION CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 25 \$42.66 .023

TABLE BAJ-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAJ - NEPHROLOGY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAJ-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAJ - NEPHROLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY S. D. FROM VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN	2.22
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$379.51
TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	825
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$313,097
	GER
	USA HOSP LANDSTUHL,
FACILITY NAME	HOSP
FACI NAME	USA

TABLE BAJ-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAJ - NEPHROLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	, 01
SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
I SKEWNESS	0.19066
MAXIMUN	\$201.57
MINIMUM	\$45.82 \$201.57
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$115.74
z	19
	2 S.D.)
ON	COST (
LOCATION PARAMETER	MEAN
ካሚ	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 19 \$115.74

TABLE BAJ-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAJ - NEPHROLOGY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 19 \$115.74 .0629

TABLE BAK-1

AND SECOND SECON

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAK - NEUROLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	00
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$1,720 \$18
	CANNSTATT TORREJON SPAIN
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC BAD USAF HOSP,

TABLE BAK-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAK - NEUROLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY S. D. FROM AMBULATORY VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN VISITS	395 \$175.73 2.23 34 \$209.62 2.64 1032 \$25.54 -2.33
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$69,413 \$7,127 \$26,357
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC FT DEVENS FRANKFURT ARMY MEDICAL CENTER

TABLE BAK-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAK - NEUROLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.08969
MAXIMUM	\$151.88 \$151.88
MINIMUM	\$32.47
N PARAMETER MINIMUM MAXIMUM SKEWNESS ESTIMATE COST COST	\$71.43 \$67.06
z	51 51
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 51 \$71.43 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 51 \$67.06

TABLE BAK-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAK - NEUROLOGY CLINIC

LOCATION	z	PARAMETER	AMBULATORY
PARAMETER		ESTIMATE	WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 51 \$67.06 .036

TABLE BAL-1

POOD - DOCUMENTER PROPERTY - MODERANT - MODE

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAL - NUTRITION CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED	TOTAL AMBIILATORY
THE	COSTS	VISITS

0	0	3950
\$35,277	\$5,029	\$0
MOODY AFB	OSAN KOREA	CLARK PHIL
USAF HOSP,	USAF HOSP,	USAF HOSP,

TABLE BAL-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAL - NUTRITION CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC REDSTONE ARSENAL	\$1,442	384	\$3.10	11.2-
18TH MEDCOM HOSPITAL	\$143,497	1433	\$100.14	2.19
NAVAL HOSPITAL LEMOORE	\$5,490	2649	\$2.07	-3.60
SCOTT MED CENTER, SCOTT AFB	\$66,624	11759	\$5.67	-2.10
USAF HOSP, KUNSAN KOREA	\$4,294	12	\$357.83	4.10

THE MEASUREMENT AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

TABLE BAL-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAL - NUTRITION CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01
SKEWNESS	1.16116
MAXIMUM COST	\$83.95 \$83.95
MINIMUM	\$6.21 \$6.21
Parameter Estimate	\$27.17
z	141 141
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 141 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 141

TABLE BAL-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAL - NUTRITION CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 141 \$23.29 .013

				E-25	
	-2.32 -2.14	\$23.76 \$25.92	4028 35424	\$95,725 \$918,020	USAF REG HOSP, EGLIN AFB GRANT MED CENTER, TRAVIS AFB
	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	FACILITY NAME
			рата	FY 1984 AND FY 1985	
			CLINIC	BAM - ONCOLOGY CL.	
			AILURES	DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES	1
				TABLE BAM-2	
			QBT	NO FACILITIES FAILED	
			1985 DATA	FY 1984 AND FY 1985	
			INIC	BAM - ONCOLOGY CLINIC	
			FAILURES	INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES	II
				TABLE BAM-1	
,					

TABLE BAM-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAM - ONCOLOGY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

S SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.85837
MINIMUM MAXIMUM COST COST	\$42.06 \$159.17
	\$42.06
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$85.77
z	23
	COST (2 S.D.) 23 \$85.77
ER	OST
OCATIO	
LOC	ME,
	ARITHMETIC MEAN
	. •

TABLE BAM-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAM - ONCOLOGY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 23 \$85.77 .0466

TABLE BAN-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAN - PULMONARY DISEASE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAN-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAN - PULMONARY DISEASE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

FACILITY	ADJUSTED	TOTAL	AMBULATORY	AMBULATORY S. D. FROM
NAME	TOTAL	AMBULATORY	VISIT COST	LOGGED MEAN
	COSTS	VISITS		
NAVAL HOSPITAL OAKLAMD	\$249,729	14169	\$17.63	-2.81

TABLE BAN-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAN - PULMONARY DISEASE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.94056
MAXIMUM COST	\$29.98 \$153.66
COST	\$29.98
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	COST (2 S.D.) 28 \$75.44
z	28
	(2 S.D.)
LOCATION PARAMETER	MEAN COST
ΗÜ	ARITHMETIC MEAN

TABLE BAN-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAN - PULMONARY DISEASE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 28 \$75.44 .0410

TABLE BAO-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAO - RHEUMATOLOGY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BAO-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAO - RHEUMATOLOGY CLINIC

S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN -3.37 AMBULATORY VISIT COST \$8.54 TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS 1875 ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS FACILITY NAME

\$16,020 NAVAL HOSPITAL OAKLAND

TABLE BAO- 3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAO - RHEUMATOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.09523
MAXIMUM COST	\$129.75
MINIMUM	\$36.42
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$67.18 \$63.22
z	19 19
	(2 S.D.) (2 S.D.)
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 19 \$67.18 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 19 \$63.22
	ARITHMETIC GEOMETRIC

TABLE BAO-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAO - RHEUMATOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 19 \$63.22 .03

TABLE BAP-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAP - DERMATOLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	00
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$12,938
	JAPAN ID AFB
	YOKOTA JAPAN KIRTLAND AFB
XII	HOSP, HOSP,
FACILITY NAME	USAF USAF

TABLE BAP-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAP - DERMATOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$1,767,120	20546	\$86.01	2.27
MEDDAC FT MCCLELLAN	\$5,439	409	\$13.30	-3.20
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT (YUMA)	\$6,603	853	\$7.74	-4.78
USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB	\$251,131	3077	\$81.62	2.12
USAF HOSP, LAKENHEATH ENG	\$308,804	3071	\$100.56	2.73



DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAP - DERMATOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.88680
MAXIMUM COST	\$77.13
MINIMUM	\$23.10
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$40.91 \$39.70
z	95 95
	(2 S.D.)
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 95 \$40.91 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 95 \$39.70
	ARITHME1 GEOMETRI

TABLE BAP-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAP - DERMATOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 95 \$39.70 .0

TABLE BAZ-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BAZ - MEDICAL CLINICS NEC

NO FACILITES FAILED

TABLE BAZ-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BAZ - MEDICAL CLINICS NEC

NO FACILITES FAILED

TABLE BAZ-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAZ - MEDICAL CLINICS NEC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.13572
MINIMUM MAXIMUM COST COST	\$132.66
MINIMUM	\$13.89 \$132.66
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	COST (2 S.D.) 6 \$70.40
	(2 S.D.)
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST

TABLE BAZ-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BAZ - MEDICAL CLINICS NEC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

PARAMETER DATA UNSTABLE

TABLE BBA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBA - GENERAL SURGERY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBA - GENERAL SURGERY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
EISENHOWER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER NAVAL MED CLINIC QUANTICO NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA USAF HOSP, HILL AFB USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES USAF HOSP, MOUNTAIN HOME AFB USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB	\$1,222,367 \$291,407 \$663,026 \$153,306 \$79,137 \$265,234 \$115,653 \$129,190	7989 1381 4197 6924 3551 1810 4233	\$153.01 \$211.01 \$157.98 \$22.14 \$22.29 \$146.54 \$27.32 \$27.32	2.10 2.18 2.18 -2.53 -2.51 -2.00 -2.02

TABLE BBA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBA - GENERAL SURGERY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.96956
MAXIMUM	\$144.97
MINIMUM	\$29.38
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$68.06 \$63.57
Z	154 154
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 154 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 154

TABLE BBA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBA - GENERAL SURGERY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 154 \$63.57 .0345

TABLE BBB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBB - CV/THOR SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

FACILITY

ADJUSTED TOTAL
TOTAL AMBULATORY
COSTS VISITS

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBB - CV/THOR SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

2.68 LOGGED MEAN S. D. FROM VISIT COST AMBULATORY \$467.31 1640 AMBULATORY VISITS TOTAL ADJUSTED \$766,392 TOTAL WILFORD HALL MED CEN, LACKLAND AFB FACILITY NAME

TABLE BBB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBB - CV/THOR SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.89726
MINIMUM MAXIMUM COST COST	\$22.51 \$160.87
MINIMUM	\$22.51
Parameter Estimate	\$69.43
z	20
	s.D.)
	(2
TON	COST
LOCATION PARAMETE	MEAN
	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 20 \$69.43

TABLE BBB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBB - CV/THOR SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 20 \$69.43 .0377

TABLE BBC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBC - NEUROSURGERY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBC - NEUROSURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOGGED MEAN S. D. FROM AMBULATORY VISIT COST \$307.30 TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS 283 ADJUSTED \$86,965 TOTAL COSTS NAVAL HOSPITAL OAKLAND FACILITY NAME

2.52

TABLE BBC-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBC - NEUROSURGERY CLINIC

0.52443
\$63.61 \$177.38 0.52443
\$63.61
\$107.22
16
S.D.)
(2
COST
MEAN
ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 16 \$107.22

SKEWNESS P VALUE

GT .01

TABLE BBC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBC - NEUROSURGERY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 16 \$107.22 .0583

TABLE BBD-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBD - OPHTHALMOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME		ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS
USA MEDDAC	WUERZBURG	\$544	00
USAF HOSP,	HOLLOMAN AFB	\$414	

TABLE BBD-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBD - OPHTHALMOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN	\$1,619	391	\$4.14	-5.67
NAVAL HOSPITAL GUANTANAMO BAY	\$3,801	202	\$18.82	-2.21
NAVAL HOSPITAL GUAM	\$320,059	2191	\$146.08	2.47

TABLE BBD-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBD - OPHTHALMOLOGY CLINIC

LOCATION PARAMETER	z	N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM COST	SKEWNESS	SKEWNESS P VALUE	**
ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 94 \$53.68	94	\$53.68	\$24.92	\$24.92 \$116.52	0.84959	LT .01	
LECKETET NEW COST (2 C)	0	\$50 BE	¢21 02		73061		

TABLE BBD-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBD - OPHTHALMOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 94 \$50.86 .02

TABLE BBE-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBE - ORGAN TRANSPLANT CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBE-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBE - ORGAN TRANSPLANT CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBE-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBE - ORGAN TRANSPLANT CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS	N/A
MAXIMUM	\$164.17
MINIMUM	\$102.12
Parameter Estimate	\$133.14
z	8
	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 2
_ &	ST (
ION	ပ္ပ
LOCATION PARAMETER	MEAN
고대	IC
	MET
	RITE
	A

SKEWNESS P VALUE

N/A

TABLE BBE-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBE - ORGAN TRANSPLANT CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 2 \$133.14 .0723

TABLE BBF-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBF - OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	. 0
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$3,502
	USAF HOSP, KIRTLAND AFB
FACILITY NAME	USAF HOSP,

TABLE BBF-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBF - OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY CLINIC

ADJUSTED TOTAL AMBULATORY S. D. FROM TOTAL AMBULATORY VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN COSTS VISITS	\$26,475 1401 \$18.90 \$17,205 37 \$465.00 \$1,878 163 \$11.52 \$12,554 1187 \$10.58
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC FT HUACHUCA MEDDAC FT MONMOUTH JSA MEDDAC WUERZBURG JSAF HOSP, TORREJON SPAIN

TABLE BBF-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBF - OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.01692 10322
MAXIMUM	\$150.42
COST	\$150.42
MINIMUM	\$19.63
COST	\$19.63
Parameter	\$60.67
Estimate	\$56.19
z	92
LOCATION	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 92
PARAMETER	GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 92

TABLE BBF-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBF - OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 92 \$56.19 .0305

TABLE BBG-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBG - PLASTIC SURGERY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBG-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBG - PLASTIC SURGERY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBG-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBG - PLASTIC SURGERY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	
MAXIMUM COST	\$26.94 \$145.17 0.67671
MINIMUM	\$26.94
N PARAMETER MINIMUM MAXIMUM SKEWNESS SKEWNESS ESTIMATE COST COST P VALUE	COST (2 S.D.) 22 \$74.76
z	22
	(2 S.D.)
ON TER	COST
LOCATION PARAMETER	MEAN
H G4	ITHMETIC MEAN

TABLE BBG-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBG - PLASTIC SURGERY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

ARITHMETIC MEAN 22 \$74.76 .0406

TABLE BBH-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBH - PROCOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY ADJUSTED TOTAL NAME TOTAL TOTAL AMBULATORY COSTS VISITS

USAF REG HOSP, SHEPPARD AFB \$133

0

TABLE BBH-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBH - PROCOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME		ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	AMBULATORY S. D. FROM VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN
KEESTED MED CENTED	KEESTED AFB	402, 558	4 0 0	\$191,72	2.28

TABLE BBH-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBH - PROCOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.80324
MAXIMUM COST	\$84.84
MINIMUM	\$17.38
Parameter Estimate	\$43.08
Z	14
	(2 S.D.)
ION ETER	COST
LOCATION PARAMETE	MEAN
H M	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 14 \$43.08

TABLE BBH-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBH - PROCOLOGY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 14 \$43.08 .0234

TABLE BBI-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBI - UROLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	000
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$535 \$2,570 \$496
	CANNSTATT WUERZBURG YOKOTA JAPAN
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC BAD USA MEDDAC USAF HOSP,

TABLE BBI-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBI - UROLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT LEAVENWORTH	\$19,958	938	\$21.28	-3.50
NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA	\$166,304	1072	\$155.13	2.12
USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB	\$326,791	1784	\$183.18	2.59

TABLE BBI-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBI - UROLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.90313
MAXIMUM COST	\$146.70
MINIMUM	\$37.10
Parameter Estimate	\$76.50 \$72.98
z	84 84
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 84 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 84

TABLE BBI-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBI - UROLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 84 \$72.98 ..

TABLE BBJ-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES
BBJ - PEDIATRIC SURGERY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBJ-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BBJ - PEDIATRIC SURGERY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BBJ-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBJ - PEDIATRIC SURGERY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.43683
MAXIMUM	\$35.00 \$153.23
MINIMUM	\$35.00
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	3 \$91.21
	COST (2 S.D.) 3 \$91.21
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST

TABLE BBJ-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BBJ - PEDIATRIC SURGERY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

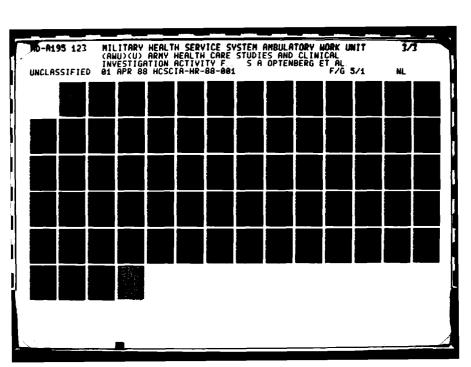
ARITHMETIC MEAN 3 \$91.21 .0496

TABLE BBZ-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BBZ - SURGICAL CLINICS NEC

NO FACILITIES REMAINING



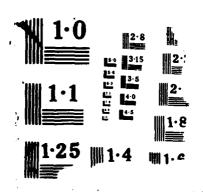


TABLE BCA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BCA - FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	00	0	0	0
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$2,678	\$1,576	\$126	\$36,646
	HOSP, MARCH AFB	MYRTL	, ENGLAND AFB	, BERGSTROM AFB
FACILITY NAME	MARCH REG		USAF HOSP,	USAF HOSP,

TABLE BCA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BCA - FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC

FACILITY ADJUSTED NAME TOTAL COSTS	red 7	COTAL Ambulatory 7ISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER \$443,898 USAF HOSP, PEASE AFB USAF HOSP, LUKE AFB USAF HOSP, LUKE AFB	898 273 767	1195 1209 343	\$371.46 \$11.81 \$191.74	2.28 2.38

TABLE BCA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BCA - FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01
KEWNESS	1.63350
I MAXIMUM S COST	\$145.31
COST C	\$14.16 \$145.31
Parameter Estimate	\$50.81
LOCATION N PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 54 \$50.81

TABLE BCA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BCA - FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC

GEOMETRIC MEAN 54 \$45.79

TABLE BCB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BCB - GYNECOLOGY CLINIC

ACILITY	ADJUSTED	TOTAL
IAME	TOTAL	AMBULATORY
	COSTS	VISITS

USAF HOSP, PATRICK AFB \$9,426 0

TABLE BCB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BCB - GYNECOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CTR	\$942,282	5567	\$169.26	4.18
MEDDAC FT MONMOUTH	\$698,229	5644	\$123.71	3.21
MEDDAC WEST POINT	\$346,764	3788	\$91.54	2.27
NAVAL MED CLINIC QUANTICO	\$6,309	280	\$22.53	-2.08
NAVAL HOSPITAL GUANTANAMO BAY	12	1425	\$86.15	2.08
NAVAL HOSPITAL OAK HARBOR	\$131,832	5952	\$22.15	-2.14
NAVAL HOSPITAL LONG BEACH	665	5504	\$120.98	3.14
NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA	\$1,072,051	11859	\$90.40	2.23
USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB	\$463,947	4888	\$94.92	2.39
USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN	\$85,617	4824	\$17.75	-2.83
USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB	\$95,085	8426	\$11.28	-4.23

TABLE BCB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BCB - GYNECOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.57571 03592
MAXIMUM	\$74.06
COST	\$74.06
MINIMUM	\$23.60
COST	\$23.60
Parameter	\$44.59
Estimate	\$43.40
z	175 175
LOCATION	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.)
PARAMETER	GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.)

TABLE BCB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BCB - GYNECOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
N PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 175 \$43.40

TABLE BCC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BCC - OBSTETRICS CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BCC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BCC - OBSTETRICS CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$771,155	42451	\$18.17	-2.57
NAVAL HOSPITAL GUANTANAMO BAY	\$111,000	1121	\$99.02	2.05
NAVMED CLINIC PEARL HARBOR	\$79,992	4773	\$16.76	-2.79
NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA	\$929,991	7315	\$127.13	2.73
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC NORFOLK	\$984,439	44579	\$22.08	-2.04
USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB	\$331,063	2921	\$113.34	2.42
USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN	\$66,012	3652	\$18.08	-2.59
USAF HOSP, OSAN KOREA	\$9,773	443	\$22.06	-2.04
USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB	\$63,351	5740	\$11.04	-3.93

TABLE BCC-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BCC - OBSTETRICS CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.88922
MAXIMUM	\$95.16 \$95.16
MINIMUM	\$23.78 \$23.78
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	· \$49.94 \$47.91
Z	158 158
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 158 · \$49.94 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 158 \$47.91

TABLE BCC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BCC - OBSTETRICS CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 158 \$47.91 .0260

TABLE BDA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BDA - PEDIATRIC CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BDA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BDA - PEDIATRIC CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
NAVMEDCL SAN DIEGO NAVAL HOSPITAL NAPLES USAF CLINIC, AVIANO ITALY USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN WILFORD HALL MED CEN, LACKLAND AFB	\$148,646 \$120,814 \$544,742 \$763,385 \$73,569 \$3,491,151	10279 1549 3242 10361 5189		-2.89 2.30 4.67 2.13 -2.95
USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB	\$93,526	10802	\$8.66	-4.47

TABLE BDA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BDA - PEDIATRIC CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.76510
MAXIMUM COST	\$67.87
MINIMUM COST	\$19.33 \$19.33
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$38.13
z	187 187
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 187 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 187

TABLE BDA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BDA - PEDIATRIC CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 187 \$36.86 .0

TABLE BDB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BDB - ADOLESCENT CLINIC

TOTAL	AMBULATORY	VISITS
ADJUSTED	TOTAL	COSTS
FACILITY	NAME	

USAF HOSP, LAUGHLIN AFB

0

\$11

TABLE BDB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BDB - ADOLESCENT CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC AUGSBURG	\$24,276	1649	\$14.72	-2.09
NAVAL HOSPITAL CAMP PENDLETON	\$27,459	1833		-2.05

TABLE BDB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BDB - ADOLESCENT CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.57573
MAXIMUM COST	\$88.04
MINIMUM	\$20.93
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$46.66
z	31
	S.D.)
	(2
ION ETER	COST
LOCATION PARAMETE	MEAN
	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 31 \$46.66

TABLE BDB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BDB - ADOLESCENT CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 31 \$46.66 .0254

TABLE BDC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BDC - WELL BABY CLINIC

O TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	000
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$2,023 \$29,354 \$24,884
	ENG
LITY	HOSP, MOODY AFB HOSP, TORREJON SPAIN CLINIC, GREENHAM COMMON
FACILITY NAME	USAF USAF USAF

TABLE BDC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BDC - WELL BABY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT IRWIN	\$30,910	385	\$80.29	2.18
MEDDAC VICENZA	\$27,836	2879	\$9.67	-2.08
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	\$359,922	4532	\$79.42	2.16
NAVAL HOSPITAL PATUXENT RIVER	\$5,080	966	\$5.10	-3.37
NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC NORFOLK	\$33,868	5895	\$5.75	-3.13
USAF HOSP, INCIRLIK TURKEY	\$1,778	190	\$9.36	-2.15
USAF HOSP, PATRICK AFB	\$13,405	1915	\$7.00	-2.73
USAF HOSP, HOLLOMAN AFB	\$56,326	7637	\$7.38	-2.63
USAF HOSP, MYRTLE BEACH AFB	\$4,891	705	\$6.94	-2.75

TABLE BDC-3

Seed o become accommo francia o basasamo parazamo accommo oficación de passasa o parazamo excessão exec Seed o becambrado accommo francia o basasamo parazamo accommo oficações de passasas o passasas o executado execu

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BDC - WELL BABY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.82886 24106
MAXIMUM COST	\$72.13 \$72.13
MINIMUM	\$10.23 \$10.23
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$30.79 \$28.66
Z	137
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 137 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 137

TABLE BDC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BDC - WELL BABY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 137 \$28.66 .0156

TABLE BDZ-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BDZ - PEDIATRIC CARE NEC

FACILITY ADJUSTED TOTAL NAME COSTS VISITS

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER \$16,739

TABLE BDZ-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BDZ - PEDIATRIC CARE NEC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

		VOOR	יא ממשמע אמ אמ	,		•	
			CARE NEC	PEDIATRIC CARE	BDZ -		
		S	EN PASSE	BUTION SCREEN PASSES	DISTRIE		
		!	ZK UNIT	AMBULATORY WORK UNIT	AMBU		
			2-4	TABLE BDZ-4			
 GT .01	0.19260	\$906.00	\$26.31	\$136.64	s.D.) 19	GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S	Ä
SKEWNESS P VALUE	SKEWNESS	MAXIMUM COST	MINIMUM COST	PARAMETER ESTIMATE	Z	LOCATION PARAMETER	
			CARE NEC	PEDIATRIC CARE NEC	BD2 -		
		ស	EEN PASSE	BUTION SCREEN PASSES	DISTRIE		
			STATISTICS	DESCRIPTIVE STA	DESCR		
			7-3	TABLE BDZ-3		•	
	X 838.33	8	89 • B2864			*************************************	₹ • 22222224 • 2

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT PARAMETER ESTIMATE z LOCATION PARAMETER

PARAMETER DATA UNSTABLE

TABLE BEA-1

Some Transaction Commons Transaction Commons Common Common

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BEA - ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC

FACILITY NAME		ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS
MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN	ERHAVEN	\$20,173	000
USAF HOSP, TYNDALL	TYNDALL AFB	\$1,389	
USAF HOSP, MYRTLE	MYRTLE BEACH AFB	\$4,901	

TABLE BEA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BEA - ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC

ADJUSTED TOTAL AMBULATORY S. D. FROM TOTAL AMBULATORY VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN COSTS VISITS	\$2.27 \$612,883 123197 \$4.97 \$518,501 2909 \$178.24 \$269,274 1424 \$189.10
	MEDDAC FT RUCKER USA HOSP LANDSTUHL, GER USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB USAF HOSP, YOKOTA JAPAN

TABLE BEA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEA - ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.88770
MAXIMUM COST	\$134.23 \$134.23
MINIMUM	\$36.35 \$36.35
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$69.46 \$66.54
z	118 118
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 118 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 118

TABLE BEA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEA - ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 118 \$66.54 .0362

TABLE BEB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BEB - CAST CLINIC

ADJUSTED TOTAL TOTAL AMBULATORY COSTS VISITS	\$4,270 0 \$4,517 0 \$1,517 0 \$13 0
FACILITY NAME	NAVAL HOSPITAL PENSACOLA USAF HOSP, INCIRLIK TURKEY USAF HOSP, HILL AFB USAF HOSP, LUKE AFB USAF HOSP, UPPER HEYFORD ENG

TABLE BEB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BEB - CAST CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT RUCKER	\$58,482	394	\$148.43 \$12.67 \$197.52	2.80
USA MEDDAC NUERNBERG	\$151,903	11988		-2.18
GRANT MED CENTER, TRAVIS AFB	\$41,677	211		3.38

TABLE BEB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEB - CAST CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.90854 11523
MAXIMUM COST	\$94.54 \$94.54
MINIMUM COST	\$16.61
Parameter Estimate	\$39.92 \$36.87
z	79
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 79 \$39.92 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 79 \$36.87

TABLE BEB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEB - CAST CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 79 \$36.87 .0200

TABLE BEC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BEC - HAND SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BEC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BEC - HAND SURGERY CLINIC FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BEC-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEC - HAND SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LT .01
3 ច
\$19.33 \$110.88 1.65152
\$19.33
N COST (2 S.D.) 9 \$48.25
ω α
(2 S.D.)
AN COST
MEN
TIC
HME
ARITHMETIC MEAN

TABLE BEC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEC - HAND SURGERY CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 9 \$42.69 .0232

TABLE BED-1

2622 • 252256 • 2586

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BED - NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

FACILITY ADJUSTED TOTAL NAME TOTAL COSTS VISITS

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER \$4,637 0

TABLE BED-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BED - NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

FACILITY NAME

ADJUSTED TOTAL AMBULATORY S. D. FROM TOTAL AMBULATORY VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN COSTS VISITS

-2.77

\$0.51

066

\$509

MEDDAC FT MEADE

TABLE BED-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BED - NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	LT .01
SK P	55
SKEWNESS	3.57322 1.15011
MAXIMUM	\$306.76
COST	\$306.76
MINIMUM	\$5.58 \$5.58
PARAMETER	\$46.46
ESTIMATE	\$27.74
z	14 14
LOCATION	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 14 \$46.46
PARAMETER	GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 14 \$27.74

TABLE BED-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BED - NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL SCREENING CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

MEDIAN 14 \$24.40 .0133

TABLE BEE-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BEE - ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BEE-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BEE - ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT POLK	\$22,906	3157	\$7.26	-2.88
MEDDAC BAD CANNSTATT	\$83,122	6384	\$13.02	-2.04
MEDDAC VICENZA	\$3,945	363	\$10.87	-2.30

TABLE BEE-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEE - ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE CLINIC

SS SKEWNESS P VALUE	0 LT .01 6 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.24740
MAXIMUM COST	\$219.17
MINIMUM	\$19.43 \$
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$70.92 \$59.93
Z	54 54
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 54 \$70.92 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 54 \$59.93

TABLE BEE-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEE - ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCE CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 54 \$59.93 .0326

TABLE BEF-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BEF - PODIATRY CLINIC

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BEF-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BEF - PODIATRY CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	\$340,811	19772	\$17.24	-2.02
NAVAL MED CLINIC QUANTICO	\$24,566	256	\$95.96	2.28
NAVMEDCL SAN DIEGO	\$360,762	24098	\$14.97	-2.37
NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA	3150,063	1115	\$134.59	3.12
MED CEN, WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB	\$57,767	4017	\$14.38	-2.47

TABLE BEF-3

gand Bessessing testessing testessing attested Bookwassing Carassing Deseases Tabeasan Bistessing Carassing Carassing

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEF - PODIATRY CLINIC

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.82764
MAXIMUM	\$77.62
COST	\$77.62
MINIMUM	\$18.86
COST	\$18.86
PARAMETER	\$40.95
ESTIMATE	\$38.91
z	73 73
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 73 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 73

TABLE BEF-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BEF - PODIATRY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 73 \$38.91 .0211

TABLE BFA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BFA - PSYCHIATRY CLINIC

TOTAL	AMBULATORY	VISITS
ADJUSTED	TOTAL	COSTS
FACILITY	NAME	

\$1,933

SHAW REG HOSP, SHAW AFB

TABLE BFA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BFA - PSYCHIATRY CLINIC

Y S. D. FROM I LOGGED MEAN	4 2.47 3 -2.83 0 -2.02
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$220.84 \$14.73 \$22.30
TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	976 37316 9653
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$215,539 \$549,689 \$215,241
FACILITY NAME	18TH MEDCOM HOSPITAL NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES NAVAL HOSPITAL, NEWPORT, RI

TABLE BFA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFA - PSYCHIATRY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.80220
MAXIMUM	\$164.76 \$164.76
MINIMUM	\$23.10 \$23.10
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$70.03 \$63.60
z	70 70
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 70 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 70

TABLE BFA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFA - PSYCHIATRY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 70 \$63.60 .03

TABLE BFB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BFB - PSYCHOLOGY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	
FACILITY NAME	

\$35,453

MEDDAC VICENZA

TABLE BFB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BFB - PSYCHOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY S. D. FROM VISIT COST LOGGED MEAN	\$13.75 -2.06 \$201.28 2.15 \$6.64 -3.20 \$7.43 -3.02
TOTAL AM AMBULATORY VI VISITS	1111 167 466 13504
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$15,277 \$33,613 \$3,093 \$100,320
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC FT BENNING 18TH MEDCOM HOSPITAL MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN NAVAL HOSPITAL, BEAUFORT

TABLE BFB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFB - PSYCHOLOGY CLINIC

70	
NESS	01
SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.41373 0.16876
SKE	1.4
MUM	29
MAXIMUM COST	\$175.29 \$175.29
	₩.₩.
MINIMUM COST	\$15.66 \$15.66
₩ O H	\$1 \$1
TER	35
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	61.E
PA ES	ው ው
Z	66
	3.D.
	(2 s
ON TER	OST ST (
TIO	ÖÖ Z
LOCATION PARAME	MEA
, m	TIC IC N
	HME
	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 65 \$61.55 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 65 \$54.31

TABLE BFB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFB - PSYCHOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
N PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 65 \$54.31 .0295

TABLE BFC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BFC - CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME

TOTAL AMBULATORY ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS

VISITS

\$251 USA HOSP LANDSTUHL, GER

TABLE BFC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BFC - CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME

AMBULATORY VISITS TOTAL ADJUSTED TOTAL

S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN AMBULATORY VISIT COST

\$7.68

-2.96

USAF HOSP, CLARK PHIL

396 \$3,041

TABLE BFC-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFC - CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.44288
MAXIMUM COST	\$109.45
MINIMUM COST	\$25.40 \$25.40
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$55.22 \$51.34
z	15 15
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 15 \$55.22 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 15 \$51.34

TABLE BFC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFC - CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 15 \$51.34 .0279

TABLE BFD-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BFD - MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

AMBULATORY VISITS	0 0
TOTAL COSTS	\$22,345 \$59
	USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES USAF HOSP, GEORGE AFB
NAME	USAF HOSP, I

TABLE BFD-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BFD - MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
USAF CLINIC, RHEIN-MAIN GER TUSLOG DET 119, IZMIR TURKEY TUSLOG DET 37, ANKARA TURKEY USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB USAF HOSP, LAKENHEATH ENG USAF CLINIC, GREENHAM COMMON ENG	\$49,416 \$294,221 \$82,771 \$183,448 \$156,432 \$982,334 \$117,649	203 1937 444 7416 11478 39316	\$243.43 \$151.90 \$186.42 \$24.74 \$13.63 \$24.99	3.24 2.14 2.10 -3.10 2.08
BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$35,443	3121	\$11.36	-3.92

TABLE BFD-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFD - MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
Skewness	0.59376
MAXIMUM	\$29.38 \$119.03 \$29.38 \$119.03
MINIMUM	\$29.38 \$29.38
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$64.07 \$61.11
z	116 116
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 116 \$64.07 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 116 \$61.11

TABLE BFD-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BFD - MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 116 \$61.11 .0332

TABLE DHE-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

DHE - SOCIAL WORK SERVICES

TOTAL ANCILLARY COSTS WORKLOAD	133 0
TOTAL	\$0\$
	AFB
	USAF HOSP, HOLLOMAN AFB MEDDAC VICENZA
TIT	USAF HOSP, HOL
FACILITY NAME	USAF

TABLE DHE-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

DHE - SOCIAL WORK SERVICES

FACILITY NAME USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN USAF HOSP, LUKE AFB	TOTAL COSTS \$14,180 \$23,929	ANCILLARY WORKLOAD 2427	ANCILLARY VISIT COST \$5.84	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN -2.47
HOSP, ALTUS AFB	\$2,725	1241	\$2.20	-3.75
MEDDAC FT HUACHUCA	\$95,969	288	\$333.23	2.81
AC FT POLK	\$11,345	3119	\$3.64	-3.09
USA MEDDAC WUERZBURG	\$2,845	1	2845.00	5.61

TABLE DHE-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

DHE - SOCIAL WORK SERVICES

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.17903
MAXIMUM COST	\$136.71 \$136.71
MINIMUM	\$8.41
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$45.23 \$39.29
z	140 140
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 140 \$45.23 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 140 \$39.29

TABLE DHE-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

DHE - SOCIAL WORK SERVICES

LOCALION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 140 \$39.29 .0213

TABLE BHA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BHA - PRIMARY CARE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	LITY			ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS
USAF	HOSP,	EDWARDS AFB		\$1,301	00
USAF	HOSP,	DAVIS-MONTHON	AFB	\$416,12	000
USAF USAF USAF	HOSP, HOSP,	ENGLAND AFB MOUNTAIN HOME	AFB	\$12,988	000

TABLE BHA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BHA - PRIMARY CARE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC WEST POINT	\$2,058,102	22383	\$91.95	2.03
MEDDAC FI LEAVENWORTH NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	\$5,039,263	8/063 290476	\$17.35	-2.99
NAVAL HOSPITAL, BEAUFORT	\$2,818,235	166456	\$16.93	-3.07
NAVAL HOSPITAL BREMERTON	\$1,754,867	18645	\$94.12	2.10
USAF CLINIC, AVIANO ITALY	\$2,316,639	21526	\$107.62	2.50
TUSLOG DET 37, ANKARA TURKEY	\$1,118,703	8725	\$128.22	3.03
USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES	\$789,536	8667	\$91.10	2.00

TABLE BHA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHA - PRIMARY CARE CLINIC

SKEWNESS	0.35647
MAXIMUM COST	\$87.45
MINIMUM	\$24.64 \$87.45
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$48.41
z	165
	(2 S.D.)
ON TER	COST
LOCATION PARAMETE	MEAN
ካወ	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 165 \$48.41

SKEWNESS P VALUE

GT .01

TABLE BHA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHA - PRIMARY CARE CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 165 \$48.41 .0263

TABLE BHB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BHB - MEDICAL EXAMINATION CLINIC

ADJUSTED TOTAL TOTAL AMBULATORY COSTS VISITS	\$8,767	\$0 205	\$25,878 0	\$199 0	\$0 2523	\$19,806 0
	JSAF HOSP, IRAKLION CRETE	AF/HDC	USAF HOSP, ELLSWORTH AFB	MINOT REG HOSP, MINOT AFB	P, CANNON AFB	P, TORREJON SPAIN
FACILITY NAME	USAF HOSI	LOWRY USAF/HDC	USAF HOSI	MINOT REC	USAF HOSP,	USAF HOSP,

TABLE BHB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BHB - MEDICAL EXAMINATION CLINIC

FACILITY	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	\$255,919	748	\$342.14	2.00
MEDDAC AUGSBURG	\$9,010	872	\$10.33	-2.04
USAF HOSP, ROBINS AFB	\$11,011	2873	\$3.83	-3.19
RANDOLPH USAF/HDC	\$48,509	126	\$384.99	2.14
USAF HOSP, K I SAWYER AFB	\$681	154	\$4.42	-3.02
SHAW REG HOSP, SHAW AFB	\$336,317	438	\$767.85	2.94
USAF CLINIC, GEILENKIRCHEN	\$4,605	11	\$418.64	2.24

TABLE BHB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHB - MEDICAL EXAMINATION CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS SKEWNESS P VALUE	1.64965 0.01788
MINIMUM MAXIMUM COST COST	\$280.80
MINIMUM	\$11.05
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$77.31 \$60.03
z	125 125
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 125 \$77.31 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 125 \$60.03

TABLE BHB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHB - MEDICAL EXAMINATION CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

TABLE BHC-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BHC - OPTOMETRY CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	4754
ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	\$36,381
	USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB USAF CLINIC, GETLENKIRCHEN
ITY	HOSP,
FACILITY NAME	USAF

TABLE BHC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BHC - OPTOMETRY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER MEDDAC FT DIX	\$294,951	23049	\$12.80	-2.20
NAVAL HOSPITAL GREAT LAKES	\$597,966	63274	\$9.45	-3.01
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT (YUMA)	\$36,222	3056	\$11.85	-2.41
NAVAL HOSPITAL ORLANDO	\$554,266	40383	\$13.73	-2.02
NAVAL HOSPITAL PATUXENT RIVER	\$292,739	4718	\$62.05	2.02
NAVAL HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA	\$23,356	5392	\$4.33	-5.10
USAF HOSP, TINKER AFB	\$140,184	10365	\$13.52	-2.05
USAF CLINIC, CANEL ZONE PANAMA	\$166,175	2508	\$66.26	2.19
USAF CLINIC, ZWEIBRUECKEN GER	\$258,003	3622	\$71.23	2.38
USAF HOSP, UPPER HEYFORD ENG	\$116,536	9123	\$12.77	-2.21

TABLE BHC-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHC - OPTOMETRY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.76011
MAXIMUM COST	\$59.02 \$59.02
COST	\$15.79 \$15.79
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$31.40 \$30.03
z	191 191
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 191 \$31.40 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 191 \$30.03

TABLE BHC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHC - OPTOMETRY CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 191 \$30.03

.0163

TABLE BHD-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BHD - AUDIOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS
MEDDAC VICENZA NAVAL HOSPITAL BETHESDA MD USAF HOSP, LAKENHEATH ENG	\$1,870 \$112	000

TABLE BHD-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BHD - AUDIOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN	
MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN NAVAL MEDICAL CLINIC NORFOLK	\$16,584 \$449,029	2572 61915	\$6.45	-2.22	

TABLE BHD-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHD - AUDIOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKI	ដ
SKEWNESS	0.81301
MAXIMUM COST	\$83.49
MINIMUM COST	\$8.87
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$32.70
z	67
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 67 \$32.70 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 67 \$27.66

TABLE BHD-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHD - AUDIOLOGY CLINIC

WORK UNIT
ESTIMATE
PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 67 \$27.66 .0150

TABLE BHE-1

EXXXXX

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BHE - SPEECH PATHOLOGY CLINIC

FACILITY ADJUSTED TOTAL
NAME TOTAL AMBULATORY
COSTS VISITS

MEDDAC VICENZA \$8,846

0

TABLE BHE-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BHE - SPEECH PATHOLOGY CLINIC

\$4.30 \$1.99 AMBULATORY VISIT COST 2651 1536 AMBULATORY VISITS TOTAL \$11,401 \$3,060 ADJUSTED TOTAL MEDDAC FT CAMPBELL MEDDAC BAD CANNSTATT FACILITY NAME

-2.54 -3.45

S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN

TABLE BHE-3

Section of the second of the s

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHE - SPEECH PATHOLOGY CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.24518
MAXIMUM COST	\$123.05 \$123.05
MINIMUM COST	\$11.47
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$48.33 \$42.64
z	30
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 30 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 30

TABLE BHE-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BHE - SPEECH PATHOLOGY CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 30 \$42.64 .0232

TABLE BG-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BG - FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC

TOTAL	AMBULATORY	VISITS
ADJUSTED	TOTAL	COSTS
FACILITY	NAME	

29638

\$0

USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB

TABLE BG-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BG - FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT BRAGG	\$1,683,510	73100	\$23.03	-2.18
MEDDAC VICENZA	\$317,921	3264	\$97.40	2.21
PETERSON USAF/HDC	\$34,489	2299	\$15.00	-3.49
USAF HOSP, MAXWELL AFB	\$3,700,178	28249	\$130.98	3.12
USAF HOSP, MISAWA JAPAN	\$377,246	23615	\$15.97	-3.30

TABLE BG-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BG - FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	0.10735
MAXIMUM COST	\$77.70
MINIMUM	\$24.70
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	N COST (2 S.D.) 99 \$49.24
z	66
	(2 S.D.)
TION METER	COST
COCATION	MEAN
	ARITHMETIC

TABLE BG-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BG - FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 99 \$49.24 .0268

TABLE BI-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BI - EMERGENCY MEDICINE CLINIC

ACILITY	ADJUSTED	TOTAL
IAME	TOTAL	AMBULATORY
	COSTS	VISITS

USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB \$0

TABLE BI-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BI - EMERGENCY MEDICINE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT (YUMA) USAF CLINIC, SAN VITO ITALY	\$137,202	8593	\$15.97	-2.81
	\$425,454	2140	\$198.81	2.01
	\$69,148	130	\$531.91	3.88
	\$93,779	233	\$402.48	3,35
TUSLOG DET 37, ANKARA TURKEY	\$651,499	1294	\$503.48	3.78
	\$400,364	1437	\$278.61	2.65
USAF HOSP, LAJES AZORES	\$782,824	3714	\$210.78	2.12
USAF HOSP, OSAN KOREA	\$959,446	43380	\$22.12	-2.19
SPAIN	\$494,976	1756	\$281.88	2.67
AMA	\$325,073	619	\$525.16	3.86
MCCHORD USAF/HDC	\$295,833	251	1178.62	5.40

TABLE BI-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BI - EMERGENCY MEDICINE CLINIC

S E	
SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 LT .01
SKEWNESS P VALUE	ដដ
SKEWNESS	1.68489
MAXIMUM	\$183.56 \$183.56
MINIMUM	\$30.64
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$67.66 \$64.32
z	184 184
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 184 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 184
	ARIT

TABLE BI-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BI - EMERGENCY MEDICINE CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
Z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

MEDIAN 184 \$61.60 .0335

TABLE BJ-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BJ - FLIGHT MEDICINE CLINIC

TOTAL	AMBULATORY	VISITS
ADJUSTED	TOTAL	STSC2
FACILITY	NAME	

USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB

\$0 7204

TABLE BJ-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BJ - FLIGHT MEDICINE CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	ADJUSTED TOTAL COSTS	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
MEDDAC FT CAMPBELL	\$82,031	4936	\$16.62	-2.13
MEDDAC FT MCCLELLAN	\$22,014	82	\$268.46	2.98
MEDDAC BAD CANNSTATT	\$8,054	1703	\$4.73	-4.44
18TH MEDCOM HOSPITAL	\$61,836	3893	\$15.88	-2.21
USAF CLINIC, AVIANO ITALY	\$478,091	1394	\$342.96	3.43
LOS ANGELES USAF/HDC	\$96,293	379	\$254.07	2.88
USAF CLINIC, ANDERSON GUAM	\$99,285	5592	\$17.75	-2.01
USAF CLINIC, NEW AMSTERDAM NETH	\$153,438	703	\$218.26	2.60

TABLE BJ-3

THE PERSONAL PROPERTY OF STREET PROPERTY BOTTON OF STREET OF STREE

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BJ - FLIGHT MEDICINE CLINIC

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.52868
MAXIMUM	\$18.15 \$149.46
COST	\$18.15 \$149.46
MINIMUM COST	\$18.15
PARAMETER	\$58.03
ESTIMATE	\$52.72
Z	167
LOCATION	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 167
PARAMETER	GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 167

TABLE BJ-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BJ - FLIGHT MEDICINE CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 167 \$52.72 .0286

TABLE BK-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

BK - UNDERSEAS MEDICINE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BK-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

BK - UNDERSEAS MEDICINE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE BK-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BK - UNDERSEAS MEDICINE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

SKEWNESS	LT .01
P VALUE	LT .01
SKEWNESS	2.20086 1.21760
MAXIMUM	\$13.52 \$657.13
COST	\$13.52 \$657.13
MINIMUM	\$13.52 \$13.52
N PARAMETER	\$162.92
ESTIMATE	\$59.17
LOCATION N PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 5 \$162.92 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 5 \$59.17

TABLE BK-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

BK - UNDERSEAS MEDICINE CLINIC

FY 1984 AND FY 1985 DATA

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

MEDIAN 5 \$55.97

.0304

TABLE CA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

CA - DENTAL SERVICES

DENTAL	92427
PROCEDURES	0
TOTAL	\$36,907
	USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB USAF CLINIC, GEILENKIRCHEN \$36,907
FACILITY	USAF HOSP,
NAME	USAF CLINI

TABLE CA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

CA - DENTAL SERVICES

S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN	-2.30 -8.12 -4.79 -3.62 -3.39 -3.29
DENTAL PROCEDURE COST	\$2.79 \$0.09 \$1.29 \$42.56 \$1.55 \$1.55 \$2.89
DENTAL PROCEDURES	135706 16296 4333 1182 23747 37629 1881 10401 357195
TOTAL	\$378,002 \$1,533 \$2,842 \$1,526 \$1,010,702 \$58,503 \$2,943 \$1,031,626
FACILITY NAME	USAF HOSP, KUNSAN KOREA MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER LETTERMAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER MEDDAC FT LEONARD WOOD WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER MEDDAC FT BENNING MEDDAC FT SILL MEDDAC VICENZA NAVAL DENTAL CLINIC GLAKES

TABLE CA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

CA - DENTAL SERVICES

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 LT .01
SKEWNESS	1.13227
MAXIMUM COST	\$27.80
MINIMUM	\$3.63 \$3.63
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$12.03 \$11.53
z	196 196
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 196 \$12.03 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 196 \$11.53

TABLE CA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

CA - DENTAL SERVICES

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
N PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 196 \$11.53 .0063

TABLE CB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

CB - TYPE 2 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

TOTAL DENTAL COSTS PROCEDURES	SICAL CENTER \$0 2075 \$0 74 \$0 74 \$0 74 \$0 74 \$0 74 \$0 74 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0
FACILITY NAME	LETTERMAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER MEDDAC FT RILEY MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN

TABLE CB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

CB - TYPE 2 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN	2.68 -2.07 2.77
DENTAL PROCEDURE COST	\$30.54 \$0.57 \$33.11
DENTAL PROCEDURES	1021 9542 1902
TOTAL	\$31,182 \$5,435 \$62,978
FACILITY NPME	MEDDAC BAD CANNSTATT MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CTR

TABLE CB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

CB - TYPE 2 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.71812 0.11118
MAXIMUM COST	\$12.79 \$12.79
MINIMUM	\$0.68 \$0.68
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$3.82 \$3.04
z	48 48
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 48 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 48

TABLE CB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

CB - TYPE 2 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

LOCATION	z	PARAMETER	AMBULATORY
PARAMETER		ESTIMATE	WORK UNIT

GEOMETRIC MEAN 48 \$3.04 .0017

TABLE CC-1

AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

CC - TYPE 3 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

FACILITY TOTAL DENTAL NAME COSTS PROCEDURES

USAF HOSP, CANNON AFB \$0 8756

TABLE CC-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

CC - TYPE 3 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

FACI LITY NAME	TOTAL	DENTAL PROCEDURES	DENTAL PROCEDURE COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
TUSLOG DET 37, ANKARA TURKEY BROOKS USAF/HDC USAF HOSP WILLIAMS NORTON USAF/HDC USAF HOSP, MYRTLE BEACH AFB USAF HOSP, KUNSAN KOREA USAF CLINIC, ZWEIBRUECKEN GER	\$104,520 \$90,503 \$24,171 \$429,467 \$169,930 \$20,499 \$158,801	6629 6049 17678 30900 9978 23148	\$15.77 \$14.96 \$1.37 \$13.90 \$17.03 \$0.89 \$14.46	2.37 -2.10 -2.14 2.51 -2.89
USAF CLINIC, GREENHAM COMMON ENG	\$958	1201	\$0.80	-3.09

TABLE CC-3

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DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

CC - TYPE 3 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 GT .01
SKEWNESS	1.40049
MAXIMUM COST	\$12.38
MINIMUM	\$1.64
PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$4.74 \$4.26
z	133 133
LOCATION PARAMETER	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 133 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 133

TABLE CC-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

CC - TYPE 3 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 133 \$4.26 .0023

TABLE FAB-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

FAB - TYPE 1 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

FACILITY NAME	TOTAL	DENTAL PROCEDURES
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER EISENHOWER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER NAVAL DENTER CENTER SAN DIEGO USAF HOSP, WIESBADEN GER LOWRY USAF/HDC USAF CLINIC, KADENA JAPAN	\$2,046,954 \$3,063,339 \$1,265,247 \$979,858 \$1,766,987 \$773,106	00000
•		

TABLE FAB-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

FAB - TYPE 1 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

NO FACILITIES FAILED

TABLE FAB-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

FAB - TYPE 1 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

SKEWNESS P VALUE	N/A
SKEWNESS SKEWNESS P VALUE	N/A
MAXIMUM COST	\$4.64
MINIMUM MAXIMUM COST COST	\$3.17
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$3.91
OCATION N ARAMETER	MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 2 \$3.91
J G	ARITHMETIC !

TABLE FAB-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

FAB - TYPE 1 DENTAL PROSTHETIC LABORATORY

LOCATION N PARAMETER AMBULATORY PARAMETER ESTIMATE WORK UNIT

ARITHMETIC MEAN 2 \$3.91 .0021

TABLE FBA-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

FBA - COMMUNITY HEALTH CLINIC

TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	00
TOTAL	\$399,563
Ž.	MEDDAC AUGSBURG
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC

TABLE FBA-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

FBA - COMMUNITY HEALTH CLINIC

FACILITY NAME	TOTAL	TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	AMBULATORY VISIT COST	S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN
130TH STATION HOSPITAL	\$788,202	208	3789.43	3.58
MEDDAC VICENZA	\$410,860	143	2873.15	3.31
USA MEDDAC WUERZBURG	\$558,245	68802	\$8.11	-2.37

TABLE FBA-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

FBA - COMMUNITY HEALTH CLINIC

SKEWNESS P VALUE	LT .01 LT .01
MAXIMUM SKEWNESS SKEWNESS COST P VALUE	2.52007
MAXIMUM COST	\$489.88 \$489.88
MINIMUM	\$35.09
N PARAMETER ESTIMATE	\$105.76
z	43 43
	(2 S.D.) (2 S.D.)
LOCATION PARAMETER	N COST
LOCA	MEA MEAN
•	ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 43 \$105.76 GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.) 43 \$84.29
	₹ 0

TABLE FBA-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

FBA - COMMUNITY HEALTH CLINIC

AMBULATORY	WORK UNIT
PARAMETER	ESTIMATE
z	
LOCATION	PARAMETER

MEDIAN 43 \$71.61 .0389

TABLE FBG-1

INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES

FBG - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1986 DISCOUNTED DATA

FACILITY	TOTAL	TOTAL
NAME	COSTS	AMBULATORY
		VISITS

LANDSTUHL ARMY REG MED CENTER \$227,472 0 MEDDAC AUGSBURG \$79,382 0

TABLE FBG-2

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES

FBG - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1986 DISCOUNTED DATA

S. D. FROM LOGGED MEAN	3.78
AMBULATORY VISIT COST	\$893.00 \$287.94
TOTAL AMBULATORY VISITS	34
TOTAL	\$30,362 \$179,099
FACILITY NAME	MEDDAC BREMERHAVEN MEDDAC FT IRWIN

TABLE FBG-3

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

FBG - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1986 DISCOUNTED DATA

TABLE FBG-4

AMBULATORY WORK UNIT

DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES

FBG - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH CLINIC

FY 1986 DISCOUNTED DATA

	ESTIMATE WORK UNIT
N PAR	EST
COCATION	PARAMETER

GEOMETRIC MEAN 44 \$47.01

.0255

APPENDIX F

COMPUTER CODE FOR AWU DERIVATION

COMPUTER CODE FOR AWU DERIVATION

Following is the computer code used to calculate AWU cost parameters and factors using the basic decision tree discussed in Chapter 2. This code is written in SAS and assumes an IBM environment. Use of this code resulted in the four formatted tables listed for each subaccount in Appendix E. If used, it is suggested that subaccount selection macros be written to accelerate processing. Macros have not been included. This code was not used to derive the AWU cost parameters and factors for those subaccounts which deviated from the basic decision tree logic (i.e., subaccounts which demonstrated instability, and new subaccounts derived using MEPRS PIND file data). In these cases subaccount specific programs were written. Programs for subaccounts deviating from the basic decision tree have not been included.

```
EXEC SAS515, OPTIONS='NODATE NONUMBER NOCENTER PS=55'
//IN1 DD DSN="army dsn", DISP=SHR
//IN2 DD DSN="navy dsn",DISP=SHR
//IN3 DD DSN="air force dsn", DISP=SHR
DATA BAA1 BAA2; SET IN1. "usa dsn" IN2. "usn dsn" IN3. "usaf dsn";
IF CODE2 NE "meprs subaccount code" THEN DELETE;
RECSCR = 1; IF TOTAL1 EQ 0 OR TOTNEW1 EQ 0 THEN RECSCR = 2;
IF RECSCR EQ 1 THEN OUTPUT BAA1; ELSE OUTPUT BAA2;
DATA OUT1; SET BAA2;
PROC PRINT LABEL NOOBS SPLIT='*' UNIFORM; VAR FACNAME TOTNEW1 TOTAL1;
FORMAT TOTNEW1 DOLLAR14.;
TITLE1 'TABLE BAA-1';TITLE3 'INITIAL RECORD SCREEN FAILURES';
TITLE5 'BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC'; TITLE6 ' ';
LABEL TOTNEW1='ADJUSTED*TOTAL*COSTS'TOTAL1=' TOTAL* AMBULATORY* VISITS'
FACNAME='FACILITY*NAME';
DATA OUT2; SET BAA1;
IF CLINSAL1 EQ . THEN CLINSAL1 = 0; OUTCLIN = CLINSAL1;
NONCLIN = TOTNEW1 - OUTCLIN;
TOTNEW1 = (OUTCLIN + (NONCLIN / (1 - (INPT1 / TOTAL1))));
NEWB = TOTNEW1/TOTAL1;NEW2 = NEWB;NEW2C = NEW2;
```

```
NEW2A = LOG(NEW2); LOGNEW2 = NEW2A; NEW2B = (NEW2 * NEW2);
PROC STANDARD MEAN=0 STD=1 OUT=OUT3; VAR NEW2A NEW2B NEW2C;
DATA BAA3 BAA4; SET OUT3;
NEWBSO = (NEWB * NEWB);
ZSCORE1 = 1; IF (NEW2A GE 2.0) OR (NEW2A LE -2.0) THEN ZSCORE1 = 2;
IF ZSCORE1 EQ 1 THEN OUTPUT BAA3; ELSE OUTPUT BAA4;
PROC PRINT DATA=BAA4 LABEL ROUND NOOBS UNIFORM SPLIT='*';
VAR FACNAME TOTNEW1 TOTAL1 NEWB NEW2A;
FORMAT TOTNEW1 DOLLAR14. NEWB DOLLAR7.2 NEW2A 6.2;
TITLE1 'TABLE BAA-2'; TITLE3 'DISTRIBUTION SCREEN FAILURES';
TITLE5 'BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC'; TITLE6 ' ';
LABEL FACNAME='FACILITY*NAME'NEWB=' AMBULATORY* VISIT COST'
NEW2A=' S. D. FROM* LOGGED MEAN'TOTAL1=' TOTAL* AMBULATORY* VISITS'
TOTNEW1='ADJUSTED*TOTAL*COSTS';
PROC UNIVARIATE DATA=BAA3 NOPRINT; VAR LOGNEW2;
OUTPUT OUT=OUT6A N=N MEAN=ME2 SKEWNESS=SKEW MIN=MI MAX=M
PROC UNIVARIATE DATA=BAA3 NOPRINT; VAR NEWB;
OUTPUT OUT=OUT6B N=N MEAN=ME2 SKEWNESS=SKEW MIN=MI MAX=M
PROC UNIVARIATE DATA=BAA3 NOPRINT; VAR NEWB LOGNEW2;
OUTPUT OUT=OUT6 N=N MEAN=ME2 SKEWNESS=SKEW SKEW1;
PROC UNIVARIATE DATA=BAA3 NOPRINT; VAR NEWB NEWBSQ LOGNEW2;
OUTPUT OUT=OUT6AB N=N MEAN=ME1 ME2 SKEWNESS=SKEW SKEW1;
PROC UNIVARIATE DATA=BAA3 NOPRINT; VAR NEWB LOGNEW2;
OUTPUT OUT=OUT7 N=N MEAN=ME1 ME2 SKEWNESS=SKEW SKEW1;
PROC UNIVARIATE DATA=BAA3 NOPRINT; VAR NEWB LOGNEW2;
OUTPUT OUT=OUT7D N=N MEAN=ME1 SKEWNESS=SKEW SKEW1 MEDIAN=ME2;
DATA OUT8A; SET OUT6A;
ME2=EXP(ME2); MI=EXP(MI); MA=EXP(MA); TYPE=1;
DATA OUT8B; SET OUT6B; TYPE=2;
DATA OUT8C; SET OUT8B OUT8A;
LENGTH VARA $ 32;
IF TYPE EQ 1 THEN VARA = 'GEOMETRIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.)';
IF TYPE EQ 2 THEN VARA = 'ARITHMETIC MEAN COST (2 S.D.)';
SIG = 'GT.01';
IF ((N LE 25)
              AND (SKEW LT -1.061)) THEN SIG = 'LT .01';
              AND (SKEW GT 1.061)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
IF ((N LE 25)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.982)) THEN SIG = '
IF ((N GT 25 AND N LE 30)
                                                               LT .01';
  ((N GT 25 AND N LE 30)
                           AND (SKEW GT .982)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
  ((N GT 30 AND N LE 35)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.921)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
ΙF
   ((N GT 30 AND N LE 35)
                           AND (SKEW GT .921)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
ΙF
                           AND (SKEW LT -.869)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
  ((N GT 35 AND N LE 40)
ΙF
  ((N GT 35 AND N LE 40)
                           AND (SKEW GT .869)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
                           AND (SKEW LT -.825)) THEN SIG = '
   ((N GT 40 AND N LE 45)
                                                              LT .01';
   ((N GT 40 AND N LE 45)
                           AND (SKEW GT .825)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
IF
                           AND (SKEW LT -.787)) THEN SIG = '
  ((N GT 45 AND N LE 50)
                                                               LT .01';
ΙF
                           AND (SKEW GT .787)) THEN SIG = '
                                                              LT .01';
IF
  ((N GT 45 AND N LE 50)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.723)) THEN SIG = '
                                                               LT .01';
  ((N GT 50 AND N LE 60)
IF
                           AND (SKEW GT .723)) THEN SIG = ^{1}
                                                              LT .01';
IF ((N GT 50 AND N LE 60)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.673)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
IF ((N GT 60 AND N LE 70)
                           AND (SKEW GT .673)) THEN SIG = '
IF ((N GT 60 AND N LE 70)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.631)) THEN SIG = '
  ((N GT 70 AND N LE 80)
                                                              LT .01';
IF
                           AND (SKEW GT .631)) THEN SIG = '
  ((N GT 70 AND N LE 80)
                                                              LT .01';
ΙF
                           AND (SKEW LT -.596)) THEN SIG = '
IF ((N GT 80 AND N LE 90)
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IF ((N GT 80 AND N LE 90) AND (SKEW GT .596)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
   ((N GT 90 AND N LE 100) AND (SKEW LT -.567)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
                            AND (SKEW GT .567)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
   ((N GT 90 AND N LE 100)
                            AND (SKEW LT -.508)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
IF ((N GT 100 AND N LE 125)
                             AND (SKEW GT .508)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
IF ((N GT 100 AND N LE 125)
                             AND (SKEW LT -.464)) THEN SIG = '
                                                                LT .01';
IF ((N GT 125 AND N LE 150)
                             AND (SKEW GT .464)) THEN SIG = '
                                                                LT .01';
IF ((N GT 125 AND N LE 150)
                             AND (SKEW LT -.430)) THEN SIG = '
IF ((N GT 150 AND N LE 175)
                                                                 LT .01';
                             AND (SKEW GT .430)) THEN SIG = '
   ((N GT 150 AND N LE 175)
IF
                            AND (SKEW LT -.403)) THEN SIG = '
                                                                 LT .01';
   ((N GT 175 AND N LE 200)
                            AND (SKEW GT .403)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
   ((N GT 175 AND N LE 200)
IF ((N GT 200 AND N LE 250) AND (SKEW LT -.360)) THEN SIG = '
                                                                LT .01';
IF ((N GT 200 AND N LE 250) AND (SKEW GT .360)) THEN SIG = ' LT .01';
IF N LE 2 THEN SIG = '
                         N/A';
RETAIN IND;
IF ((_N_ EQ 1 AND SIG EQ ' GT .01') OR
(N_EQ^1 \text{ AND SIG EQ '} N/A')) THEN IND = 2;
IF N EQ 2 AND IND EQ 2 THEN DELETE;
PROC PRINT LABEL NOOBS SPLIT='*' UNIFORM; VAR VARA N ME2 MI MA SKEW SIG;
FORMAT N 3. ME2 MI MA DOLLAR9.2 SKEW 7.5 SIG $CHAR8.;
TITLE1 'TABLE BAA-3'; TITLE3 'DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS';
TITLE5 'DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES';
TITLE7 'BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC'; TITLE8 ' ';
LABEL ME2='PARAMETER*ESTIMATE' MA=' MAXIMUM* COST'
VARA='LOCATION*PARAMETER' MI=' MINIMUM* COST'
SKEW=' SKEWNESS'N='N' SIG=' SKEWNESS* P VALUE';
DATA OUT8; SET OUT6; TYPE=1;
DATA OUT9; SET OUT6AB; TYPE=2; ME2 = SQRT (ME2);
DATA OUT10; SET OUT7; TYPE=3; ME2 = EXP(ME2);
DATA OUT10D; SET OUT7D; TYPE=4;
DATA OUT12; SET OUT8 OUT9 OUT10 OUT10D;
LENGTH VARA $ 25;
IF TYPE EQ 1 THEN VARA = 'ARITHMETIC MEAN';
IF TYPE EQ 2 THEN VARA = 'SQUARE TRANSFORMED MEAN';
IF TYPE EQ 3 THEN VARA = 'GEOMETRIC MEAN';
IF TYPE EQ 4 THEN VARA = 'MEDIAN';
METHOD = 1;
              AND (SKEW LT -1.061)) THEN METHOD = 2;
II ((N LE 25)
IF ((N LE 25) AND (SKEW GT 1.061)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N LE 25) AND (SKEW1 GT 1.061)) THEN METHOD \approx 4;
IF ((N GT 25 AND N LE 30)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.982)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 25 AND N LE 30)
                           AND (SKEW GT .982)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 25 AND N LE 30)
                           AND (SKEW1 GT .982)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 30 AND N LE 35)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.921)) THEN METHOD = 2;
                           AND (SKEW GT .921)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 30 AND N LE 35)
IF ((N GT 30 AND N LE 35)
                           AND (SKEW1 GT .921)) THEN METHOD = 4;
                           AND (SKEW LT -.869)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 35 AND N LE 40)
IF ((N GT 35 AND N LE 40)
                           AND (SKEW GT .869)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 35 AND N LE 40)
                           AND (SKEW1 GT .869)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 40 AND N LE 45)
                           AND (SKEW LT -.825)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 40 AND N LE 45)
                           AND (SKEW GT .825)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 40 AND N LE 45) AND (SKEW1 GT .825)) THEN METHOD = 4;
                          AND (SKEW LT -.787)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 45 AND N LE 50)
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IF ((N GT 45 AND N LE 50)
                             AND (SKEW GT .787)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 45 AND N LE 50)
                             AND (SKEW1 GT .787)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 50 AND N LE 60)
                              AND (SKEW LT -.723)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 50 AND N LE 60)
                              AND (SKEW GT .723)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 50 AND N LE 60)
                              AND (SKEW1 GT .723)) THEN METHOD = 4;
                              AND (SKEW LT -.673)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 60 AND N LE 70)
                              AND (SKEW GT .673)) THEN METHOD = 3;
AND (SKEW1 GT .673)) THEN METHOD = 4;
   ((N GT 60 AND N LE 70)
ΙF
   ((N GT 60 AND N LE 70)
                              AND (SKEW LT -.631)) THEN METHOD = 2;
ΙF
   ((N GT 70 AND N LE 80)
                              AND (SKEW GT .631)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 70 AND N LE 80)
IF ((N GT 70 AND N LE 80)
                              AND (SKEW1 GT .631)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 80 AND N LE 90)
                              AND (SKEW LT -.596)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 80 AND N LE 90)
                              AND (SKEW GT .596)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 80 AND N LE 90) AND (SKEW1 GT .596)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 90 AND N LE 100) AND (SKEW LT -.567)) THEN METHOD = 2; IF ((N GT 90 AND N LE 100) AND (SKEW GT .567)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 90 AND N LE 100)
                               AND (SKEW1 GT .567)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 100 AND N LE 125) AND (SKEW LT -.508)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 100 AND N LE 125) AND (SKEW GT .508)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 100 AND N LE 125) AND (SKEW1 GT .508)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 125 AND N LE 150) AND (SKEW LT -.464)) THEN METHOD = 2; IF ((N GT 125 AND N LE 150) AND (SKEW GT .464)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 125 AND N LE 150) AND (SKEW1 GT .464)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 150 AND N LE 175) AND (SKEW LT -.430)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 150 AND N LE 175) AND (SKEW GT .430)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 150 AND N LE 175) AND (SKEW1 GT .430)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 175 AND N LE 200) AND (SKEW LT -.403)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 175 AND N LE 200) AND (SKEW GT .403)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 175 AND N LE 200) AND (SKEW1 GT .403)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF ((N GT 200 AND N LE 250) AND (SKEW LT -.360)) THEN METHOD = 2;
IF ((N GT 200 AND N LE 250) AND (SKEW GT .360)) THEN METHOD = 3;
IF ((N GT 200 AND N LE 250) AND (SKEW1 GT .360)) THEN METHOD = 4;
IF N LE 2 THEN METHOD = 1; IF TYPE NE METHOD THEN DELETE;
HCU3 = (ME2 / 1840.4269);
PROC PRINT LABEL NOOBS SPLIT='*' UNIFORM ROUND; VAR VARA N ME2 HCU3;
FORMAT N 5. ME2 DOLLAR15.2 HCU3 5.4;
TITLE1 'TABLE BAA-4'; TITLE3 'AMBULATORY WORK UNIT';
TITLE5 'DISTRIBUTION SCREEN PASSES';
TITLE7 'BAA - INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC'; TITLE8 ' ';
LABEL VARA='LOCATION*PARAMETER'HCU3=' AMBULATORY* WORK UNIT'
ME2='PARAMETER*ESTIMATE'
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